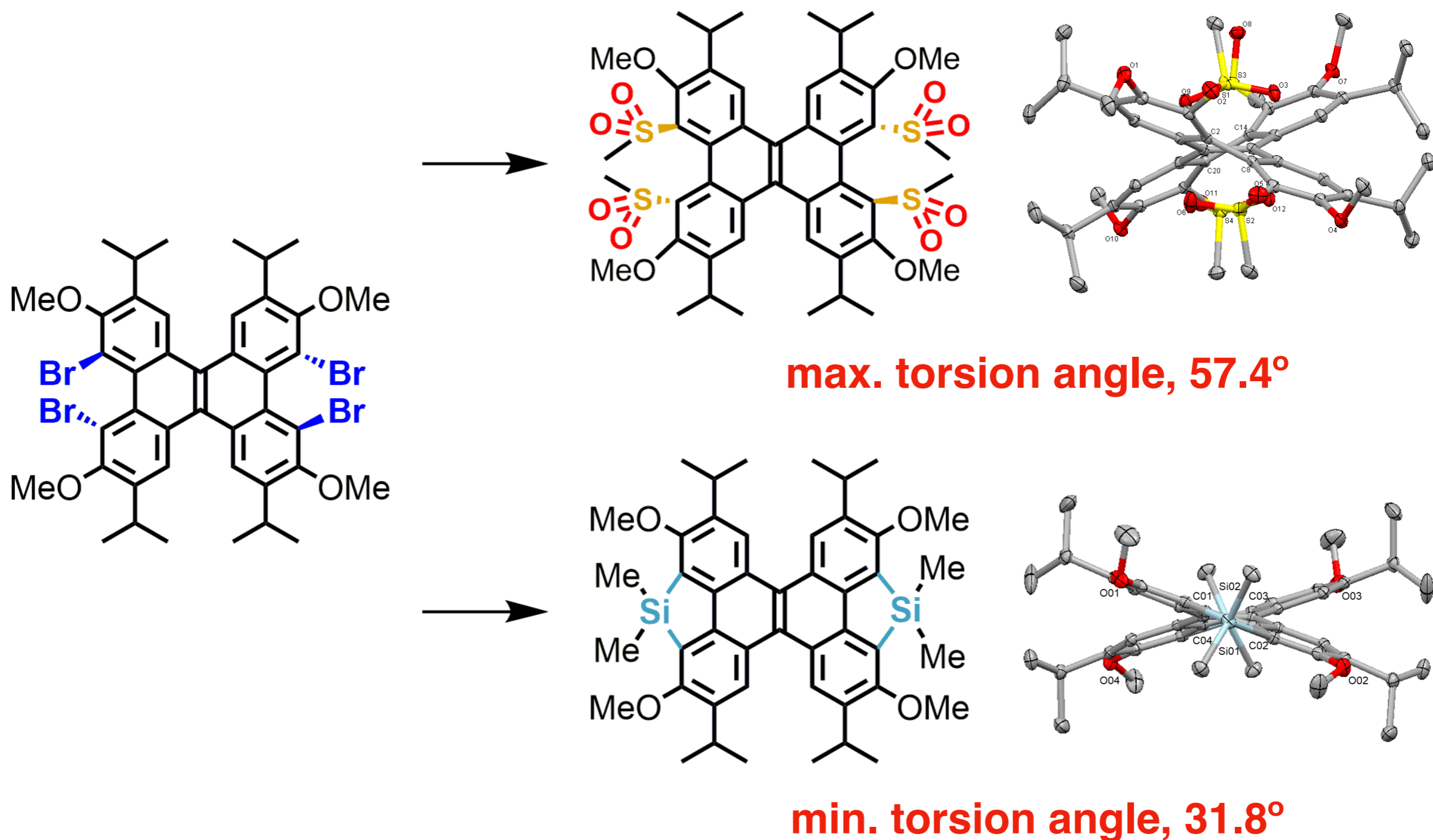
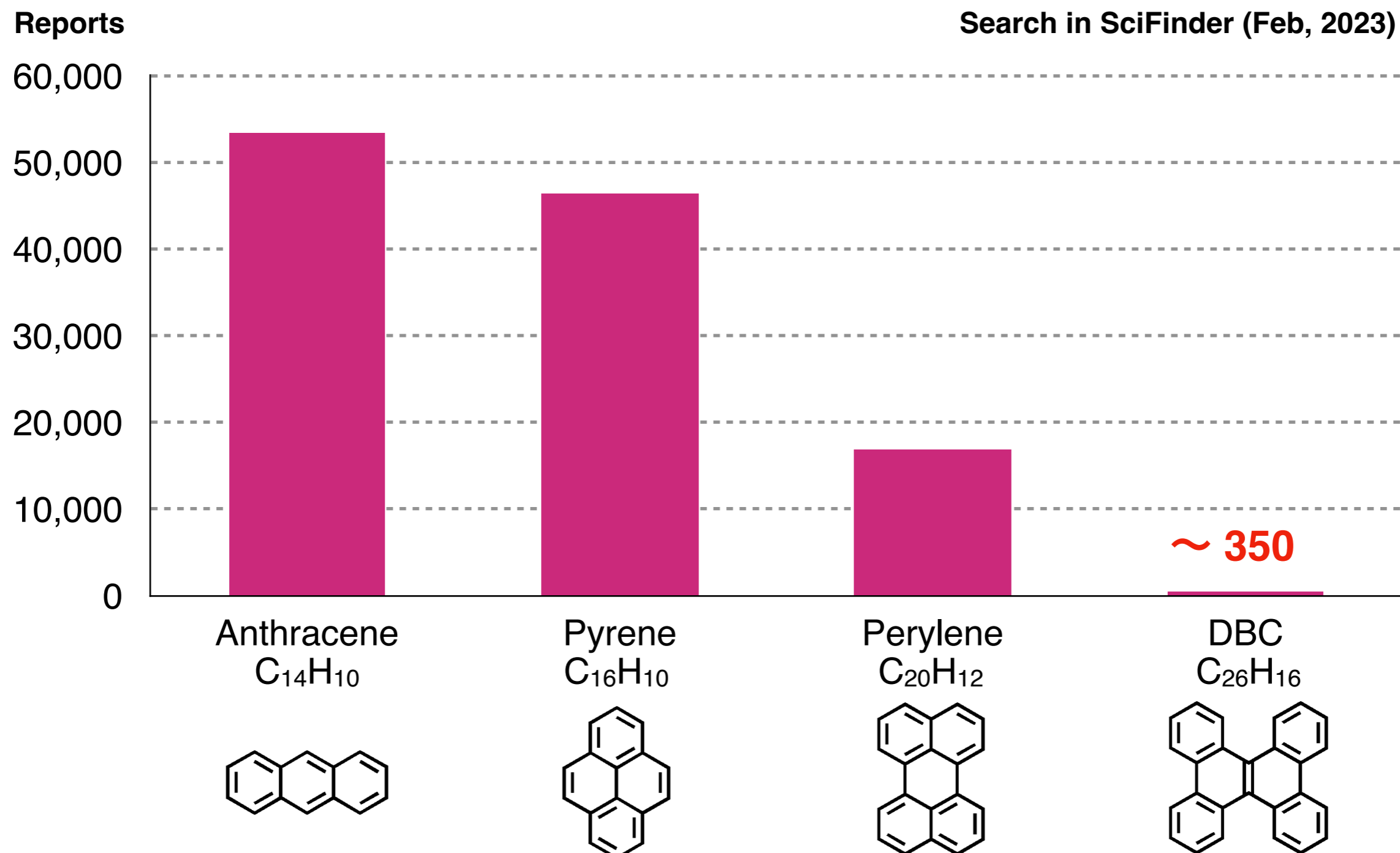


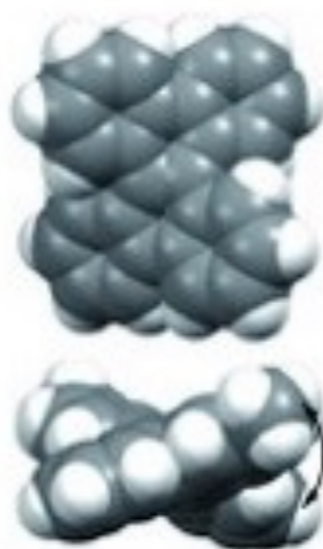
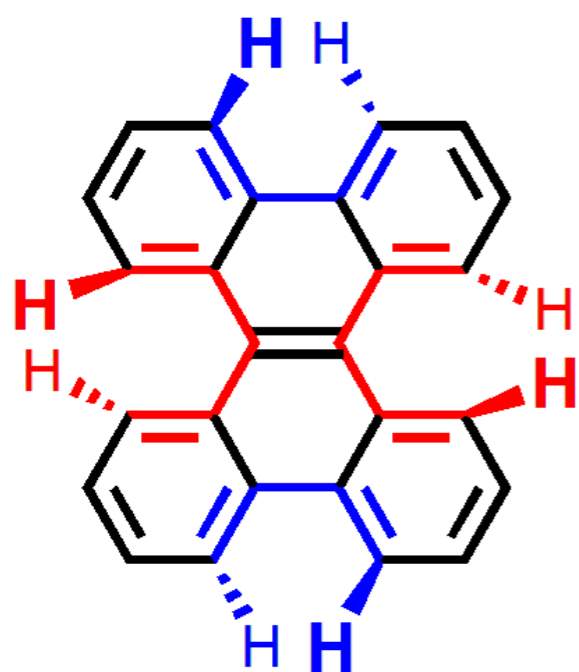
Relevant Synthesis to Manipulating Non-Planarity in Dibenzo[*g,p*]chrysene: Substitution Reactions at the *Bay*



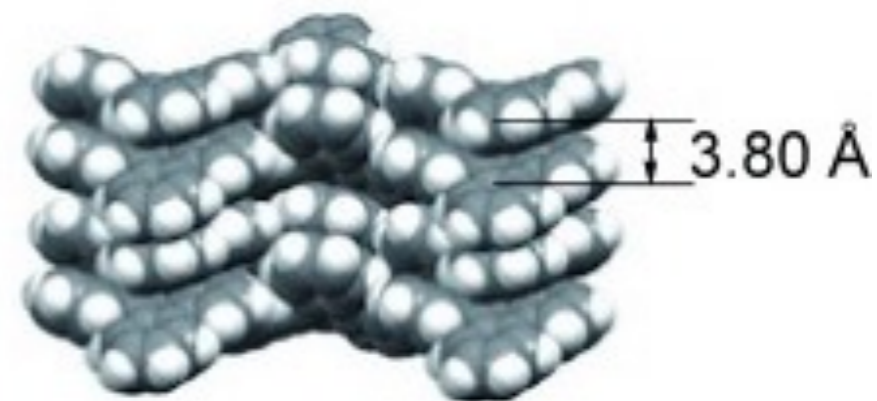
General Background: Reports about DBC synthesis have been underrepresented so far, compared to Perylene etc.



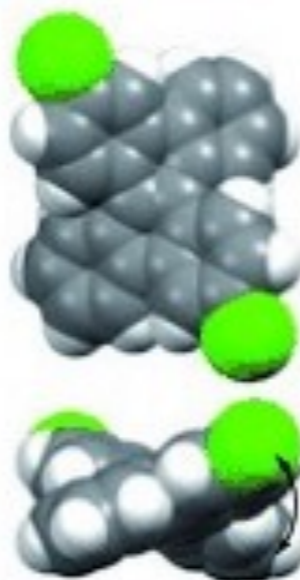
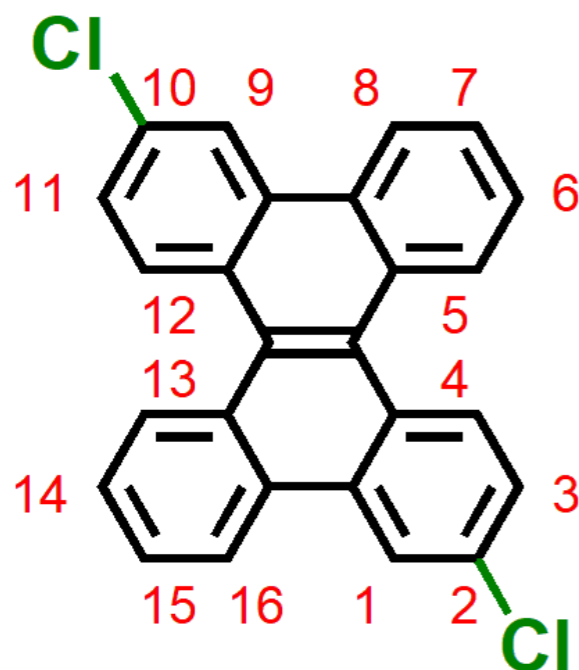
Background: DBC moiety has an essential characteristic structure that possesses a non-planar pi-conjugation.



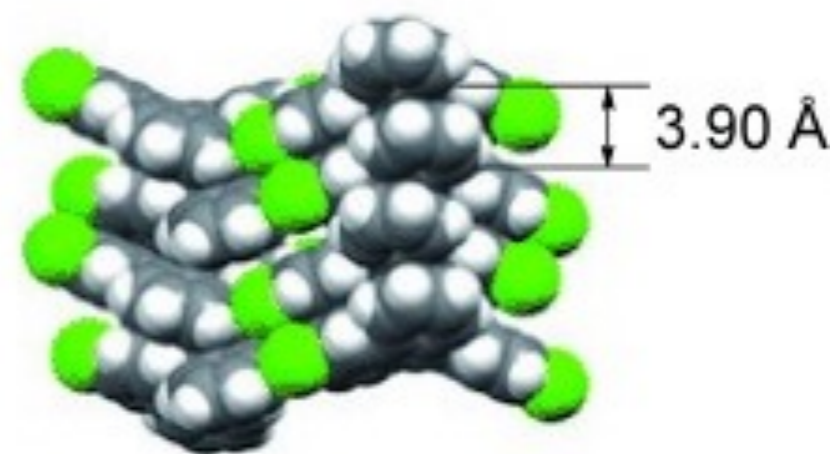
35.6°



3.80 Å



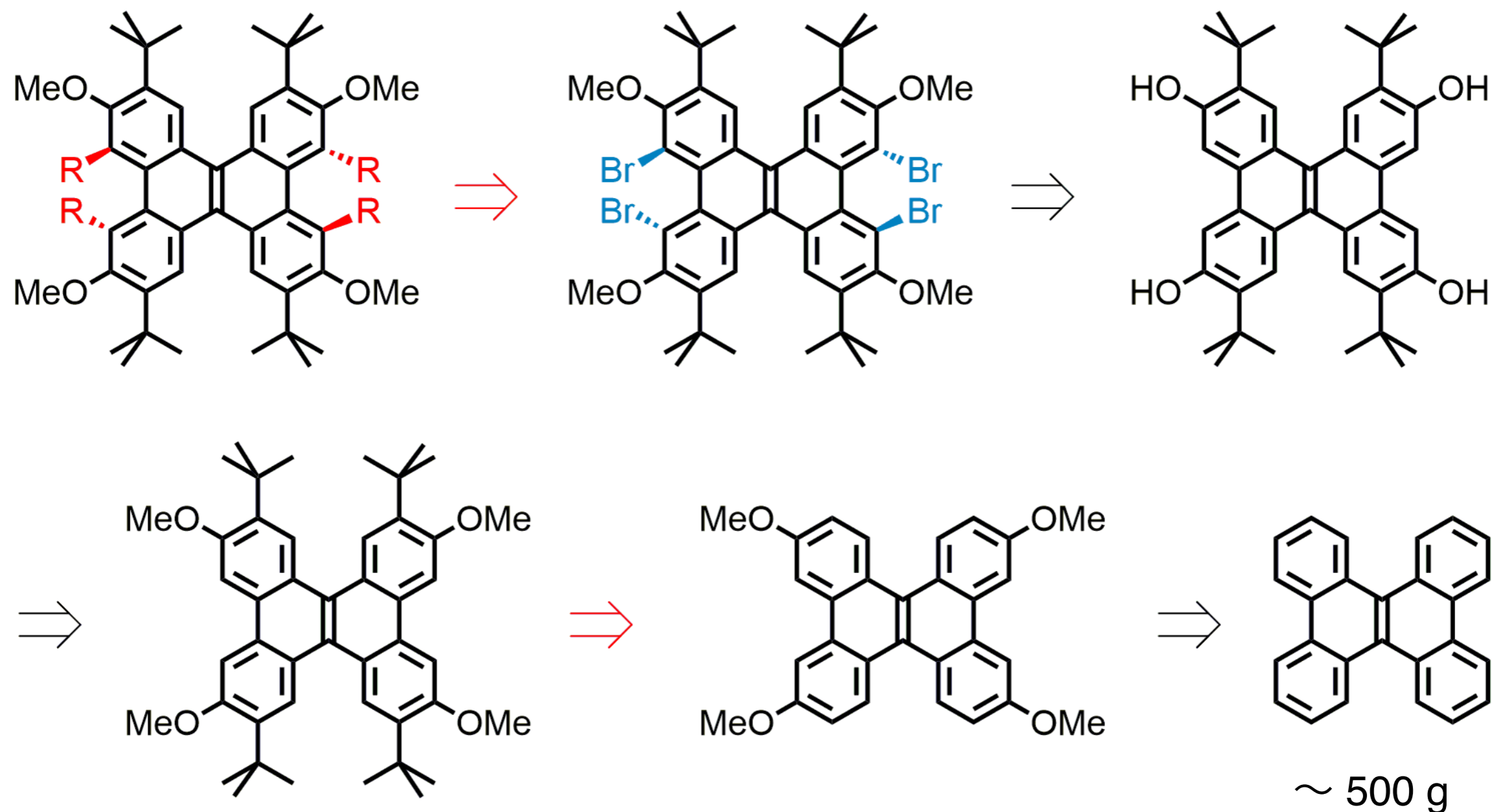
37.3°



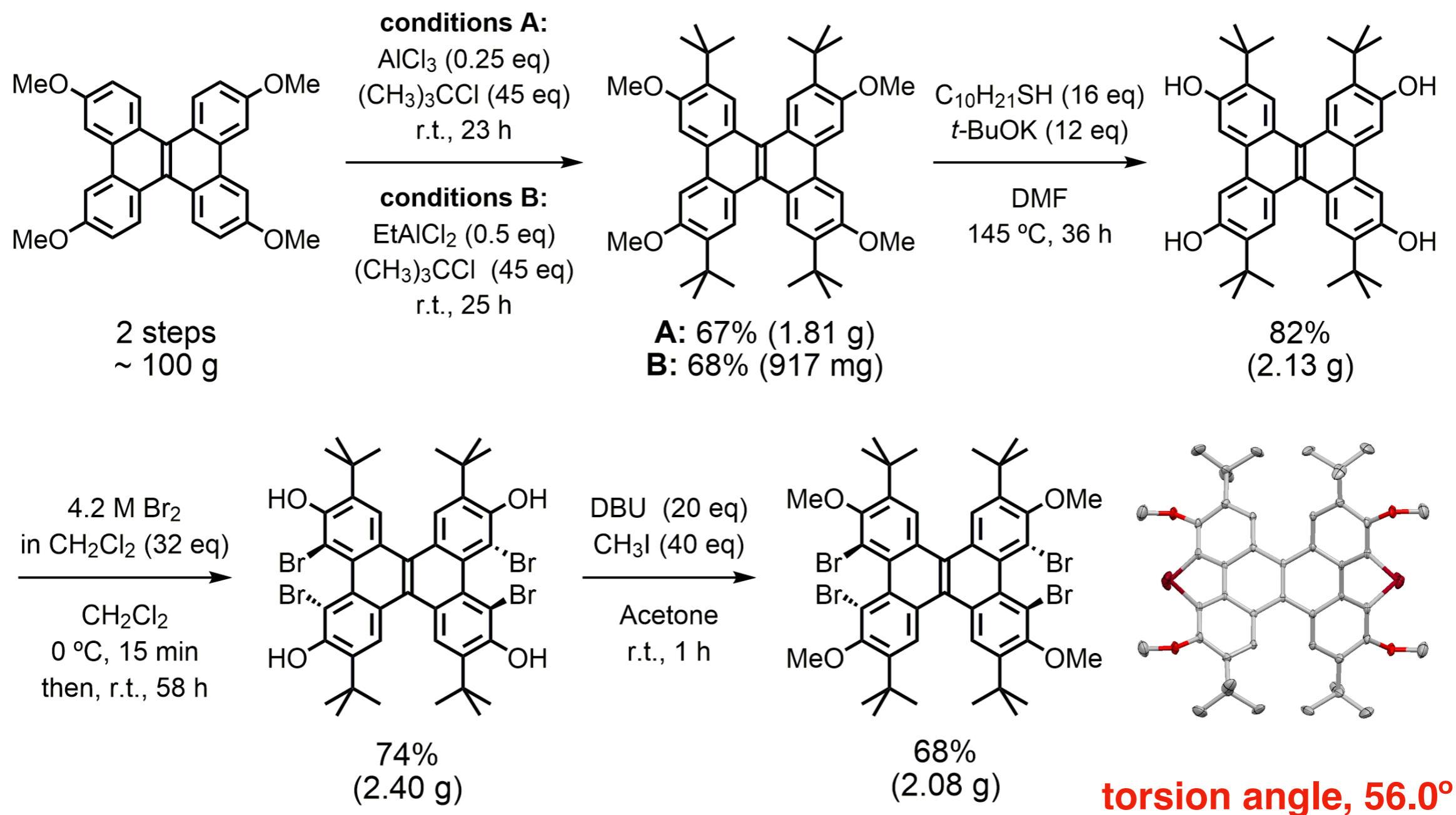
3.90 Å

Y. Ueda, H. Tsuji, H. Tanaka, E. Nakamura, *Chem. Asia. J.* **2014**, *9*, 1623-1628.

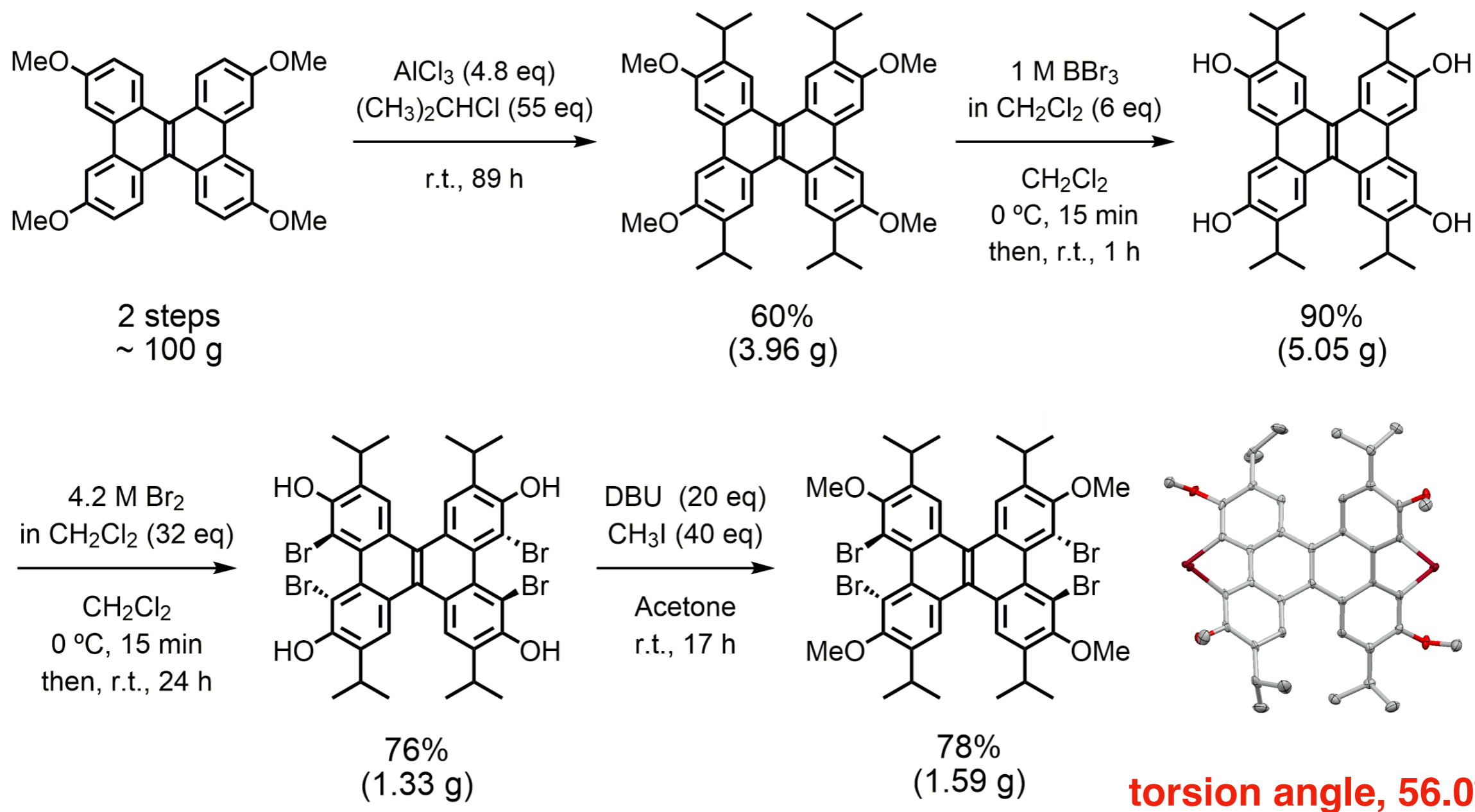
Approach: Is it possible to manipulate the non-planarity with torsion angles? Different non-planarity could provide different chemical property.



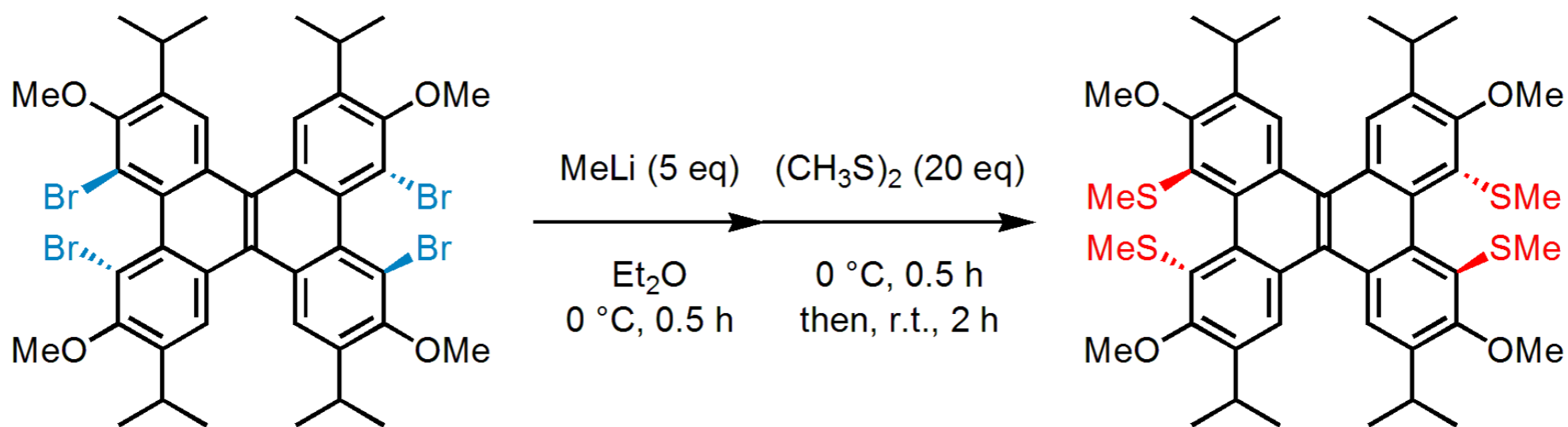
In real, synthesis of the starting tetra-bromide: Substitution of *tert*-Bu groups proceeded in gram-scale, although the products didn't show good solubility against my expectation.



***iso*-propyl version:** the moieties attained much better solubility than the *tert*-Bu groups. Torsion angles between *i*-Pr and *t*-Bu substructures are the mostly same (56°).

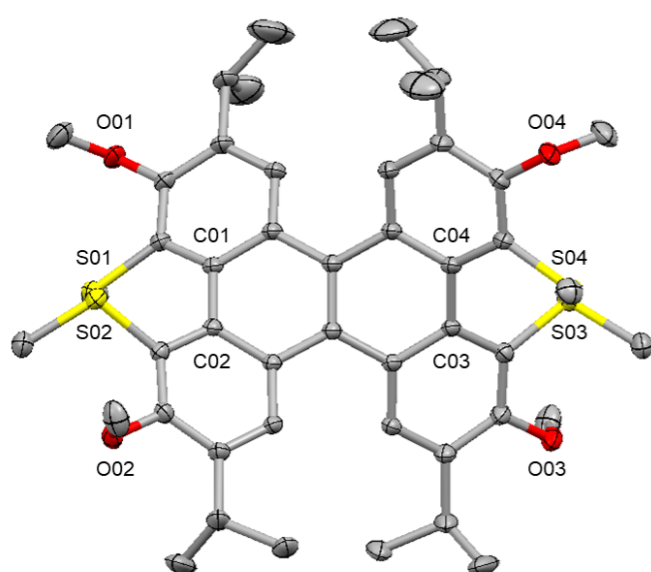


Activation by organolithium reagents: the lithium-halogen exchange reactions occurred smoothly, which enabled the desired substitution reactions.

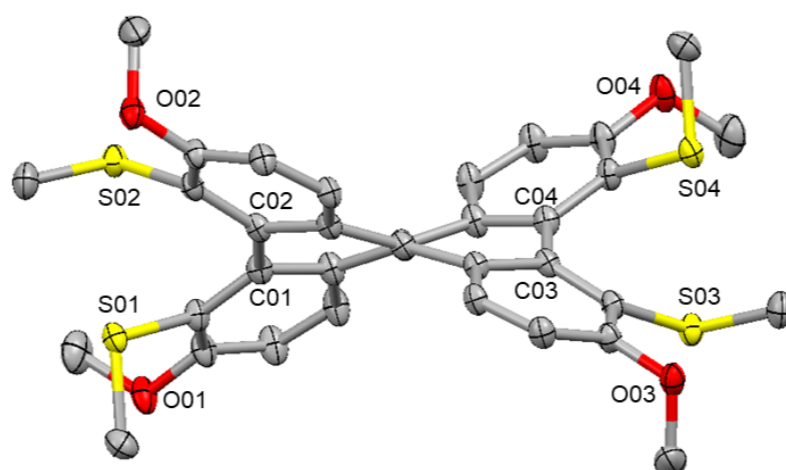


torsion angle, 56.0°

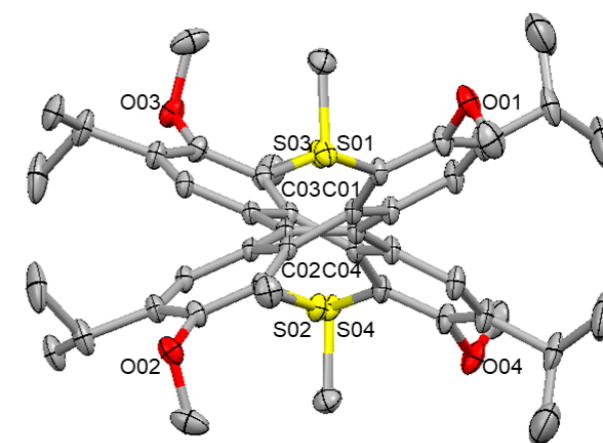
68%
torsion angle, 57.2°



CCDC 2093676: Monoclinic
 $R_1 = 0.0484$, GOF = 1.034

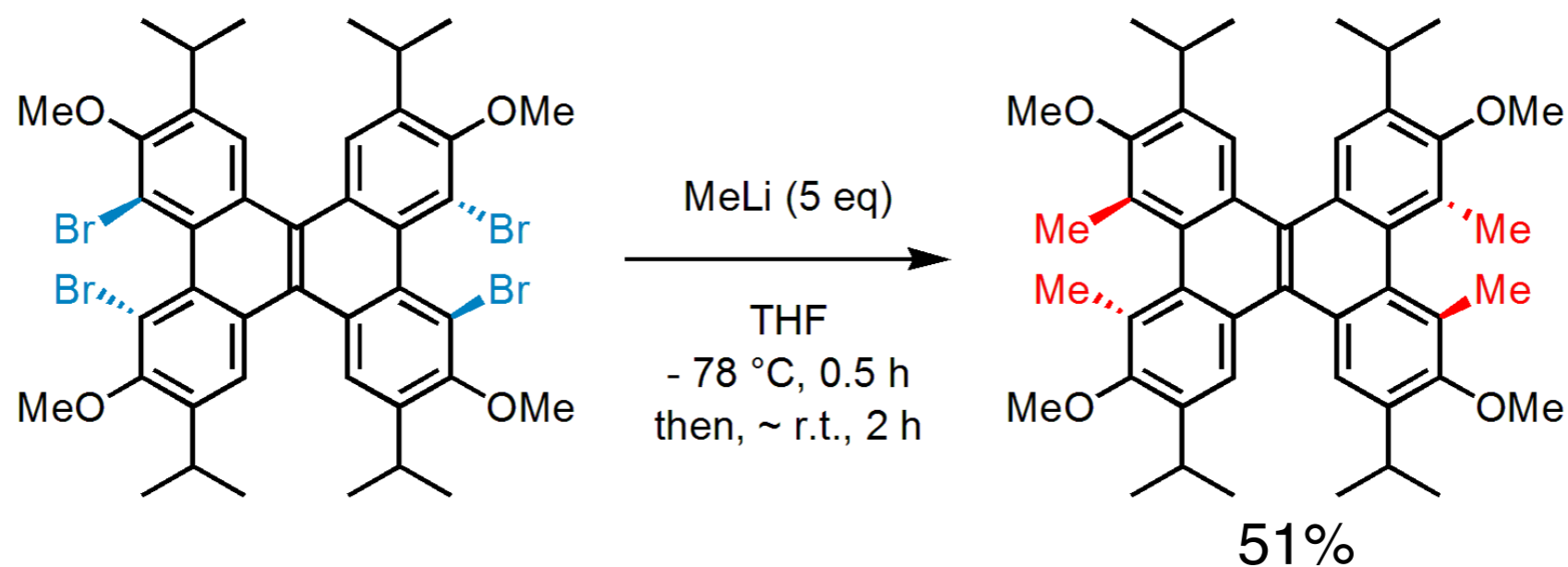


side view from the *fjord* region



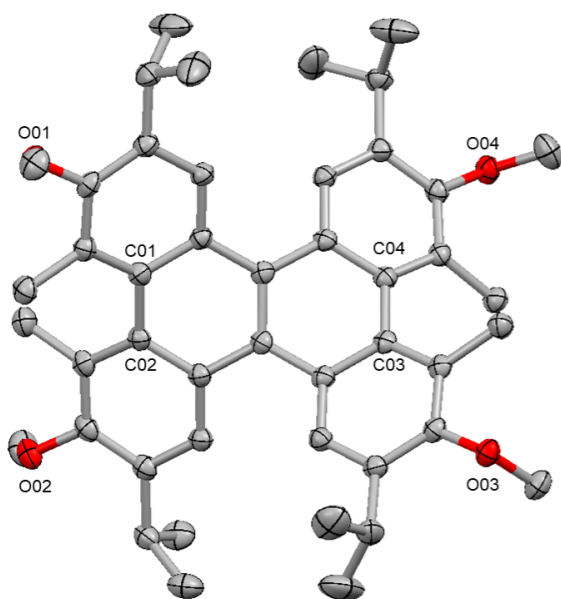
side view from the *bay* region

Me groups: Attaching the methyl groups into the bay regions was successful without the electrophilic MeI.

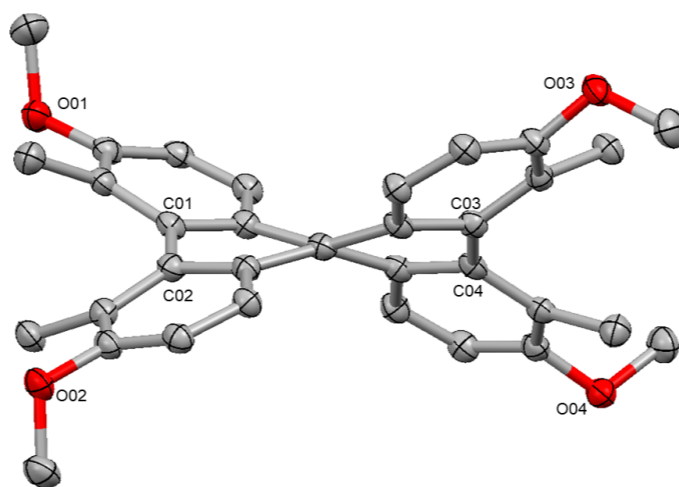


torsion angle, 56.0°

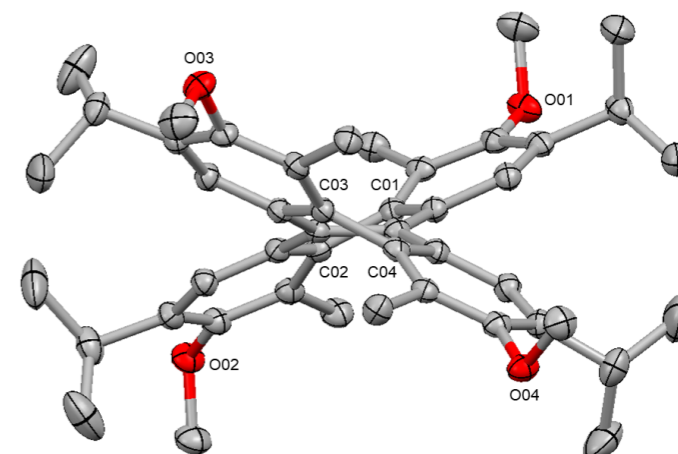
torsion angle, 55.4°



CCDC 2119962: Monoclinic
 $R_1 = 0.0636$, GOF = 1.117

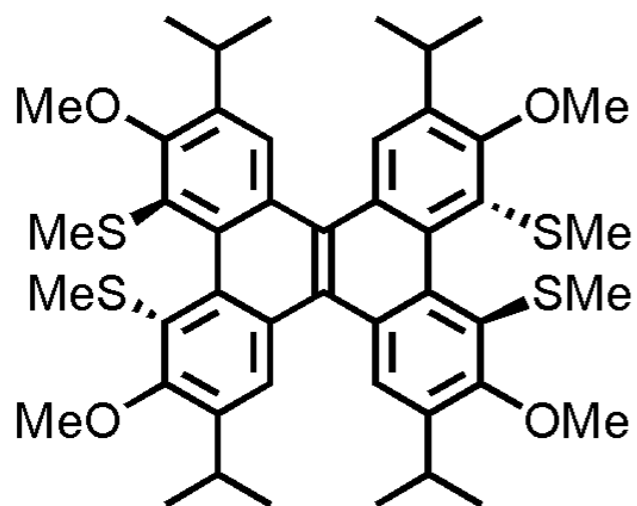


side view from the *fjord* region



side view from the *bay* region

The much bulky substituent of SO₂Me groups were successfully induced into the *bay*: its torsion angle of 57.4° was comparable to that of 57.2° in the SMe moieties.

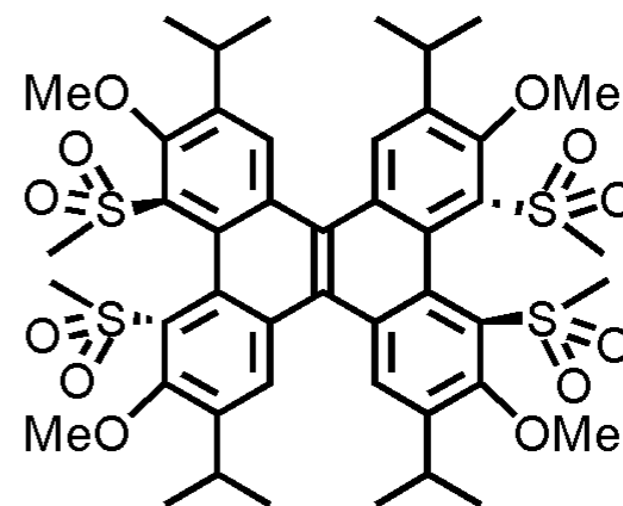


torsion angle, 57.2°

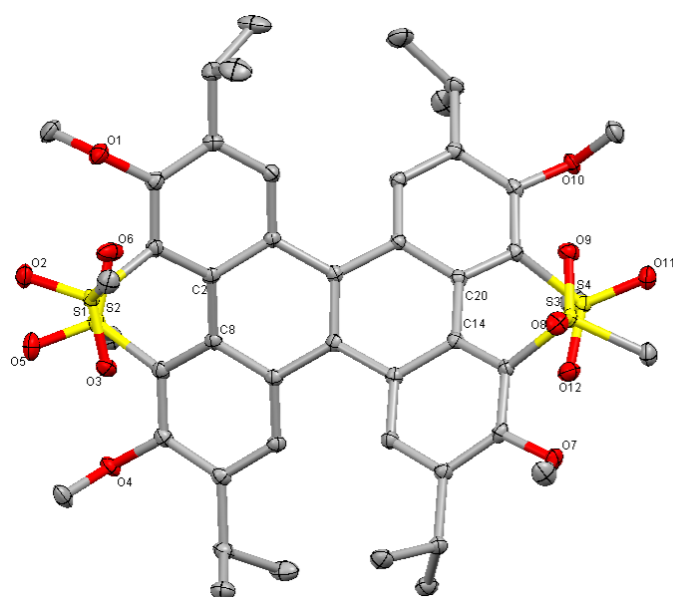
30% aq. H₂O₂ (256 eq)

CH₂Cl₂/AcOH (1/2 v/v)
reflux, 19 h

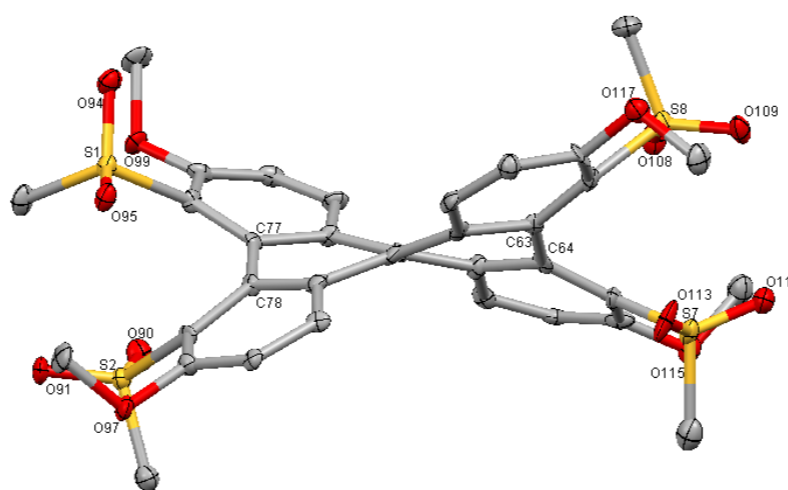
86% yield



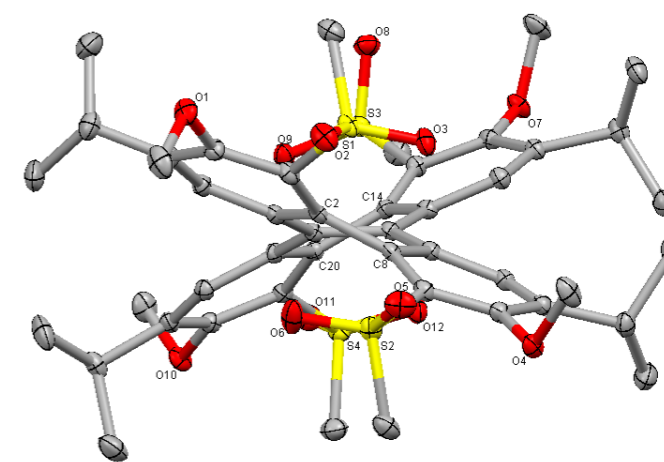
torsion angle, 57.4°



CCDC 2093960: Triclinic
 $R_1 = 0.0427$, GOF = 1.070

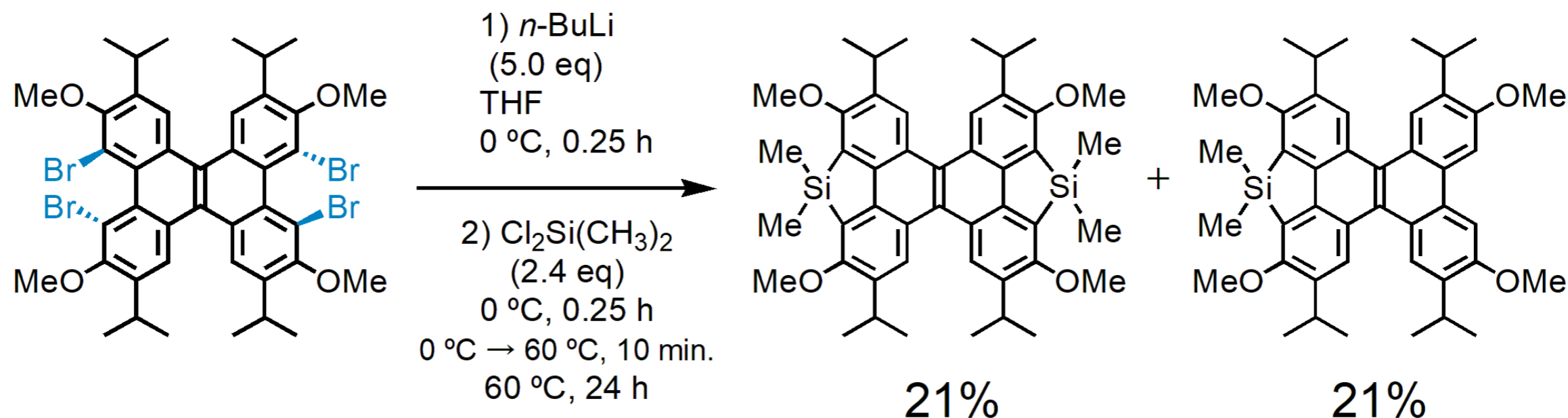


side view from the *fjord* region



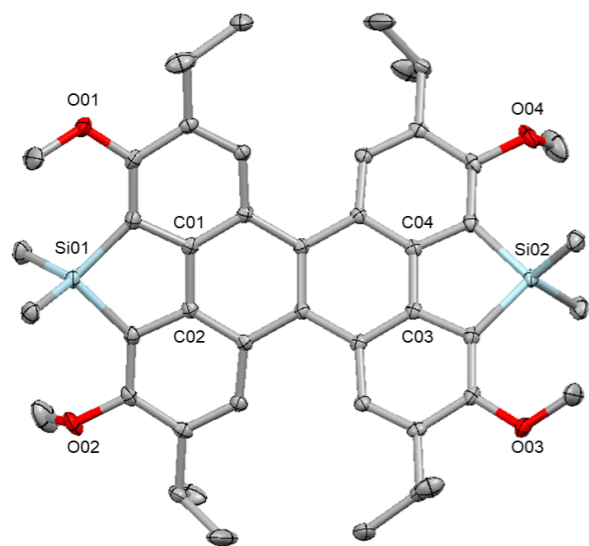
side view from the *bay* region

Double pentagons formation: We made a contrastive synthesis in which two five-membered rings were formed with the aid of silicon atoms.

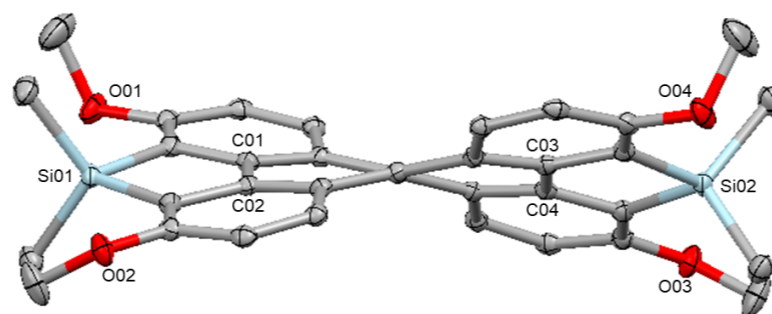


torsion angle, 56.0°

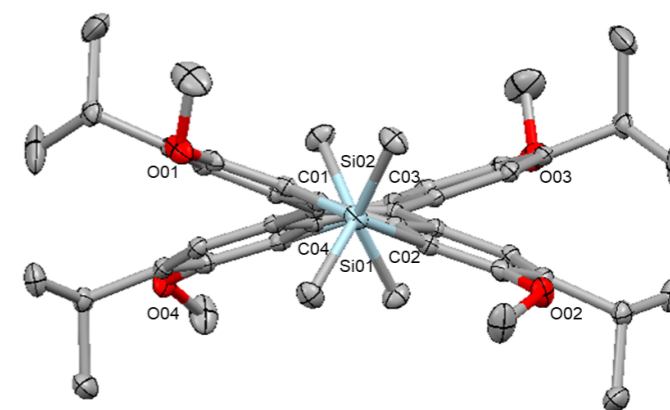
torsion angle, 31.8°



CCDC 2111352: Orthorhombic
 $R_1 = 0.0431$, GOF = 1.072

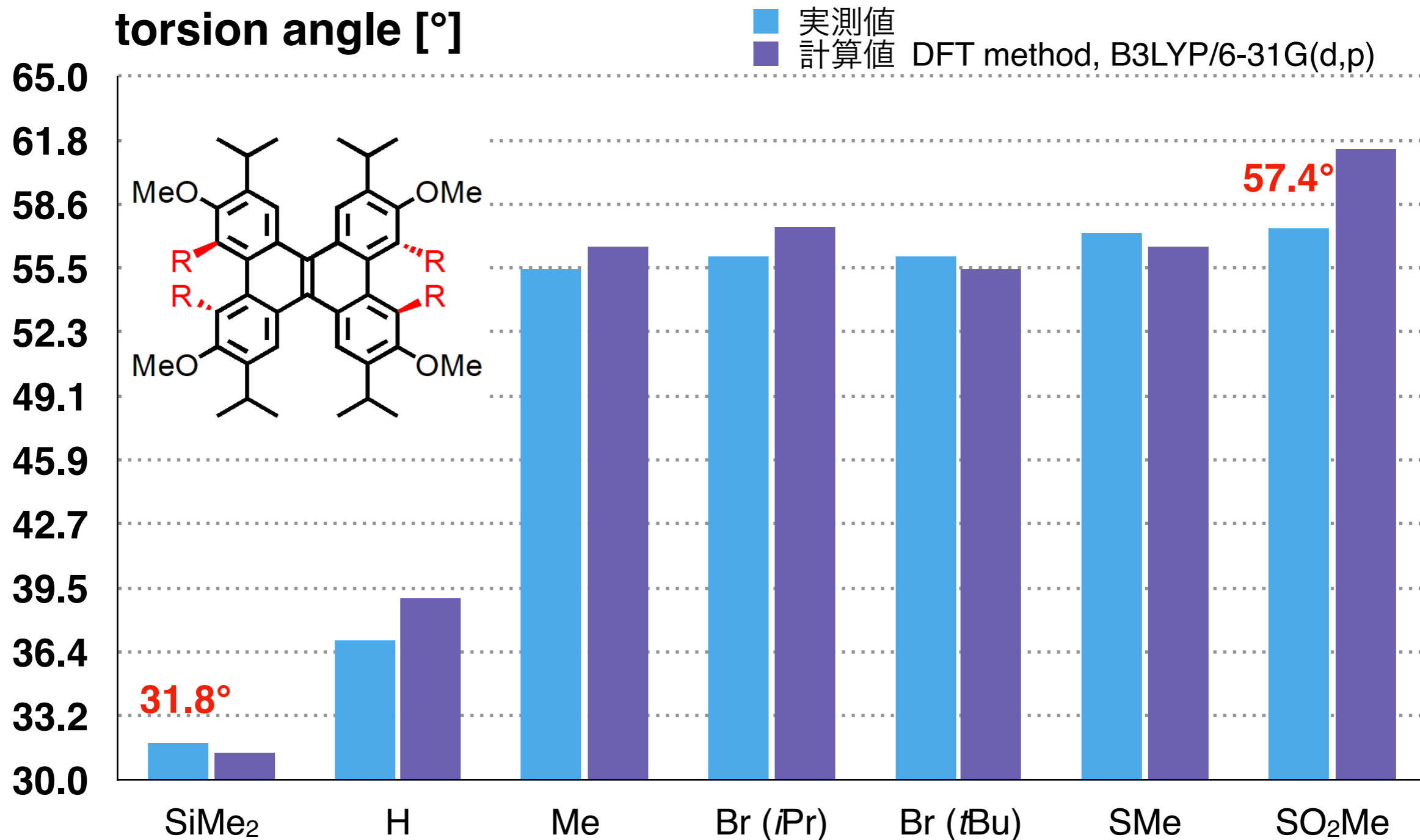


side view from the *fjord* region



side view from the *bay* region

Correlation between substituents and torsion angles.



At least 26° can change in the angle: The DBC core has turned out to be flexibly movable in the range from 57° to 32°.

