



Supporting Information

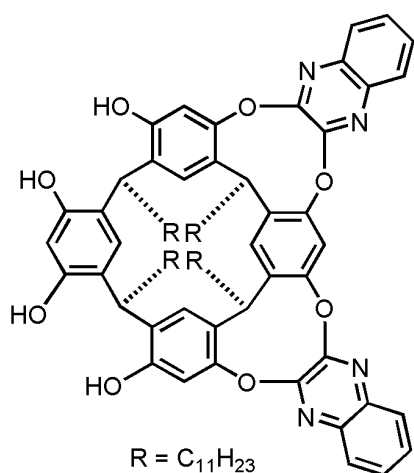
Inherently Chiral Cavitand Curvature: Diastereoselective Oxidation of Tethered Allylsilanes

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and Tetsuo Iwasawa*

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1. Synthesis of *cis*-formed di-quinoxaline-spanned resorcin[4]arene: (see [Scheme S2](#))
2. The ¹H NMR stacks ([Figure S1](#)) of allylsilane moieties for [Table 2](#) and of resultant epoxide compounds for [Table 4](#).
3. ¹H NMR stacks ([Figure S2](#) and [S3](#)) of diastereomeric mixtures of epoxides (see [Table 4](#)).
4. The analytical HPLC report for *rac-1*, which was helped by Daicel Corporation CPI Company.
5. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra for all new compounds of *rac-1*, *rac-2*, *rac-3*, *rac-4*, *rac-5*, *rac-6*, *rac-7*, *rac-8*, *rac-9*, *rac-10*, *rac-11*, *rac-12*, *rac-13*, *rac-14*, *rac-15*, *rac-16*, **17**, **18**, *rac-19*, and *rac-20*.

1. Synthesis of *cis*-formed di-quinoxaline-spanned resorcin[4]arene (Scheme S2): To a 50 mL flask charged with a suspension of resorcin[4]arene (1.99 g, 1.8 mmol) in freshly distilled pyridine (9 mL) was added 2,3-dichloroquinoxaline (716 mg, 3.6 mmol) and DABCO (4.04 g, 36 mmol) at ambient temperature. After stirred at 75 °C for 1.5 h, the mixture was allowed to cool to ambient temperature, and filtered through a pad of



celite. The filtrate was evaporated off, and the resultant residue was dissolved into toluene (50 mL) and neutralized with 1M aq. HCl (20 mL). The organic phase was carefully separated with the aid of centrifuge-apparatus, and dried over Na_2SO_4 , concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude products of 2.45 g. Purification of short-plugged silica-gel column chromatography ($CH_2Cl_2/EtOAc = 9/1$) was followed by

additional silica-gel column chromatography (toluene/ $EtOAc = 9/1$), which yielded desired molecules of 392 mg (16%) as pale yellow solid materials. This operation was repeated ten times, giving 4.0 g of target molecules. The 4 g of sample was recrystallized from mixed solvents of 45 mL of $EtOAc$ and 100 mL of CH_3CN , and 3.53 g of the white colored-desired molecules was obtained in pure form. For data of *cis*-di-quinoxaline-spanned resorcin[4]arene: R_f values 0.5 (toluene/ $EtOAc = 2/1$). 1H NMR (400 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) 8.74 (brs, 4H, -OH), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.81-7.74 (m, 6H), 7.66 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.49 (s, 2H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 5.67 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.29 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.47-2.28 (m, 8H), 1.47-1.29 (m, 72H), 0.91-0.87 (m, 12H) ppm; 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.51 (m, 4H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.21 (s, 2H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 7.00 (brs, 2H, -OH), 6.65 (brs, 2H, -OH), 6.10 (s, 1H), 5.55 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.22 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.27-2.14 (m, 8H), 1.44-1.27 (m, 72H), 0.90-0.87 (m, 12H) ppm; ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) 153.75, 153.68, 153.2 (two peaks are

overlapped), 152.5, 140.71, 140.67, 138.2 (two peaks are overlapped), 131.3, 130.8, 130.5, 130.4, 129.0, 128.7, 126.0, 125.9, 125.4, 124.7, 119.0, 111.1, 103.8, 35.3, 34.7, 34.3, 32.81, 32.79, 30.7, 30.61, 30.57, 30.50 (many peaks are overlapped), 30.31 (many peaks are overlapped), 30.26, 30.18, 30.11 (many peaks are overlapped), 29.9, 29.7 (many peaks are overlapped), 29.5, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 23.5 (many peaks are overlapped) ppm; MS (MALDI-TOF) m/z : 1358 $[MH]^+$; IR (neat) 3307 (-OH), 2913, 2849, 1487, 1412, 1332, 1148, 754 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (MALDI-TOF) calcd for $C_{88}H_{117}N_4O_8$: 1357.8866 $[MH]^+$, Found: 1357.8853.

2. The ^1H NMR stacks (Figure S1) of allylsilane moieties for Table 2.

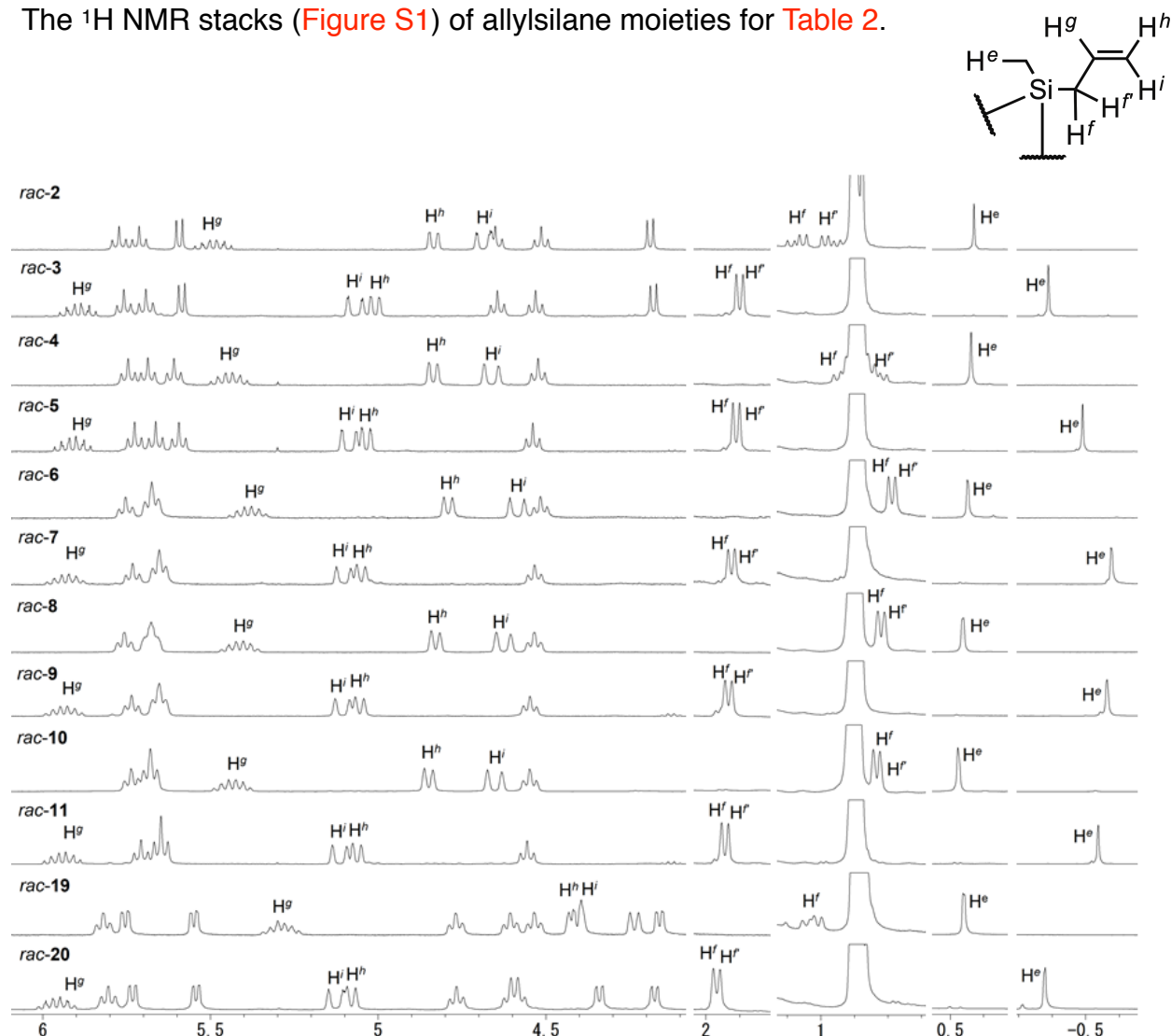


Figure S1. Portions of the ^1H NMR spectra (400 MHz, CDCl_3) for series of allylsilanes those include *rac*-2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10, -11, -12, -19, -20 in Table 2. The resonance labelled with alphabetical letters of $\text{H}^e \sim \text{H}^i$ corresponds to protons in allylsilane moieties.

3. ^1H NMR stacks (Figure S2 and S3) of diastereomeric mixtures of epoxides.

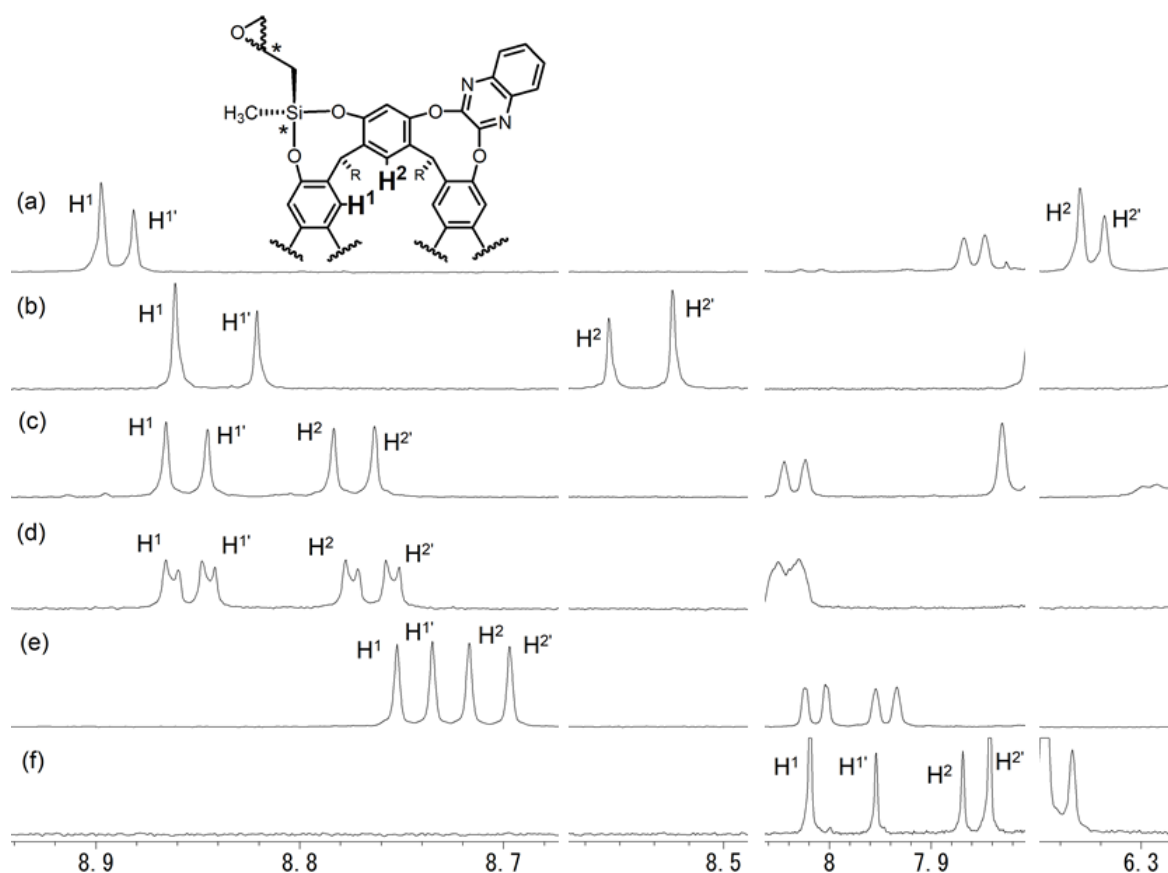


Figure S2. Portions of the ^1H NMR spectra (400 MHz, $[\text{D}_6]\text{benzene}$) for diastereomeric mixtures those are obtained in epoxidation reactions of (a) *rac*-2 (Table 4, entry 1), (b) *rac*-4 (Table 4, entry 3), (c) *rac*-6 (Table 4, entry 5), (d) *rac*-8 (Table 4, entry 8), (e) *rac*-10 (Table 4, entry 10), and (f) *rac*-19 (Table 7, entry 1). The resonance labelled with alphabetical letters of H¹, H^{1'}, H², and H^{2'} corresponds to protons in resorcin[4]arene skeletons.

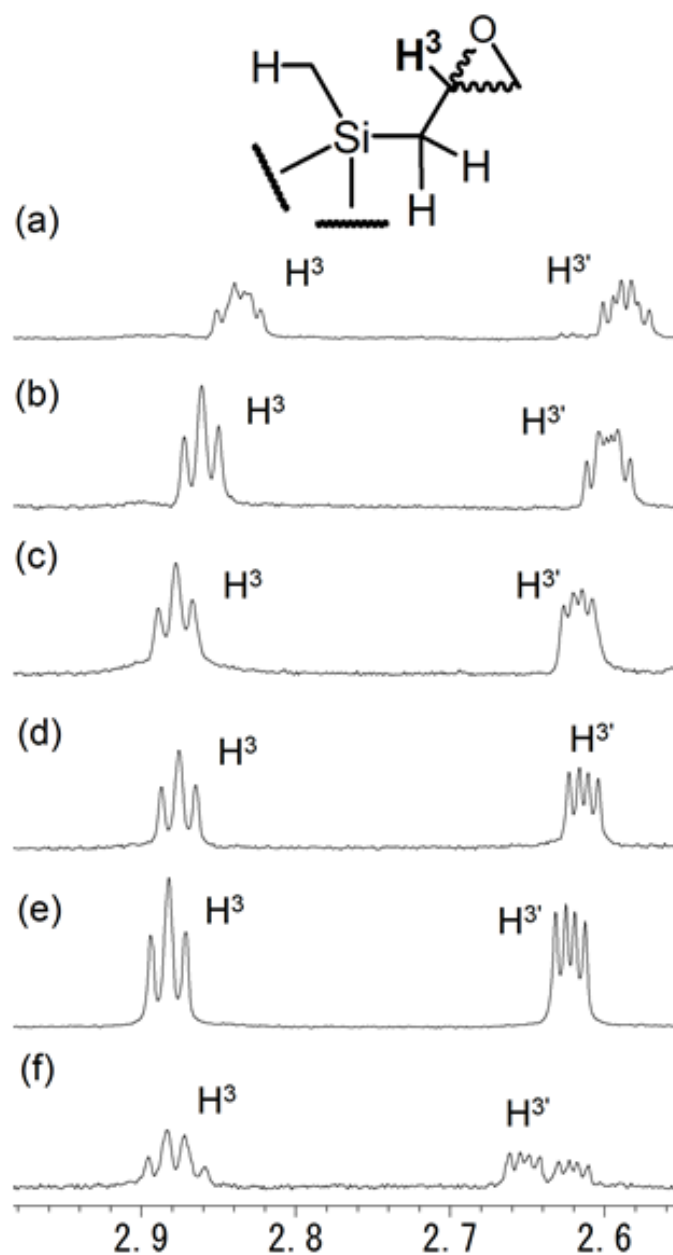


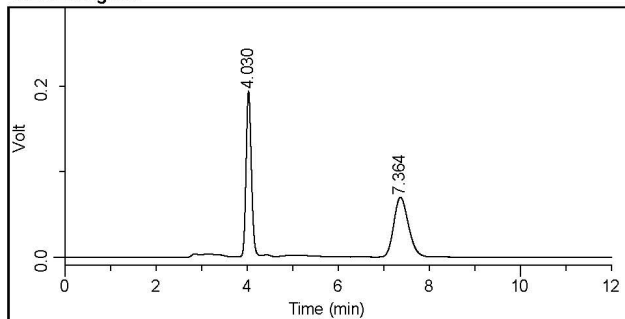
Figure S3. Portions of the ^1H NMR spectra (400 MHz, CDCl_3) for diastereomeric mixtures those are obtained in epoxidation reactions of (a) *rac*-**3** (Table 4, entry 2), (b) *rac*-**5** (Table 4, entry 4), (c) *rac*-**7** (Table 4, entry 9), (d) *rac*-**9** (Table 4, entry 11), (e) *rac*-**11** (Table 4, entry 13), and *rac*-**20** (Table 7, entry 2). The resonance labelled with alphabetical letters of H^3 and $\text{H}^{3'}$ corresponds to protons in resorcin[4]arene skeletons.

4. The analytical HPLC report for *rac*-1, which was helped by Daicel Corporation CPI Company.

Inherent Chiral Cavitand 片側メチレン体 推奨分析条件

Column: CHIRALPAK IG (0.46cmI.D. × 25cmL)
Eluent: DCM = 100
Flow Rate: 1.0mL/min.
Temp.: 25 °C
Det.: 315 nm (UV)
Injection: 5 µL (1000mg/L in Eluent)

Chromatogram

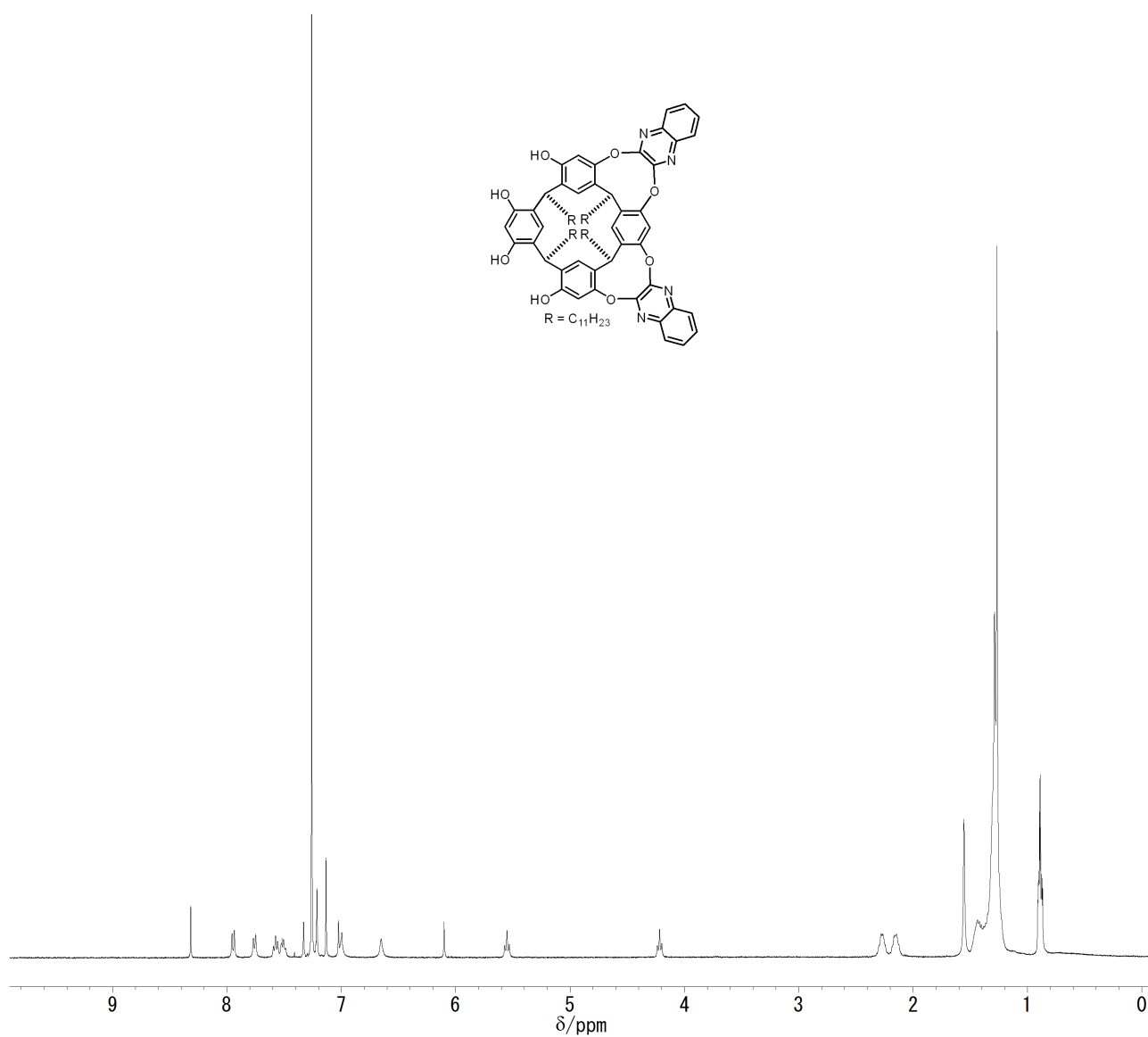


#	Time	Area	Area%	Height	Height%
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2	7.364	1550836	50.14	69872	26.60
		3092747	100.00	262720	100.00

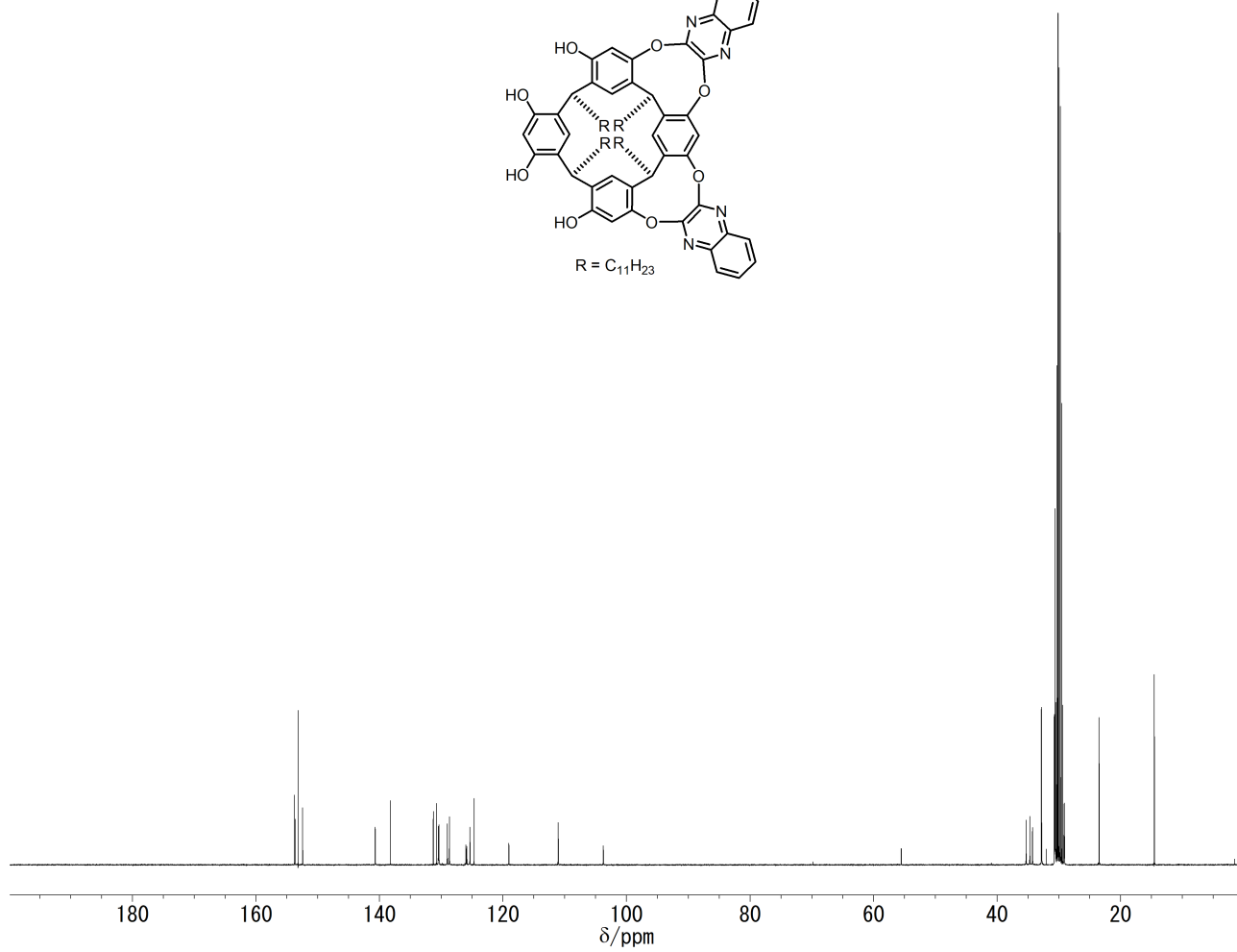
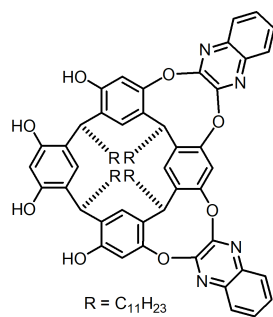
DCM=Dichloromethane

5. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra for all new compounds of *rac-1*, *rac-2*, *rac-3*, *rac-4*, *rac-5*, *rac-6*, *rac-7*, *rac-8*, *rac-9*, *rac-10*, *rac-11*, *rac-12*, *rac-13*, *rac-14*, *rac-15*, *rac-16*, **17**, **18**, *rac-19*, and *rac-20*.

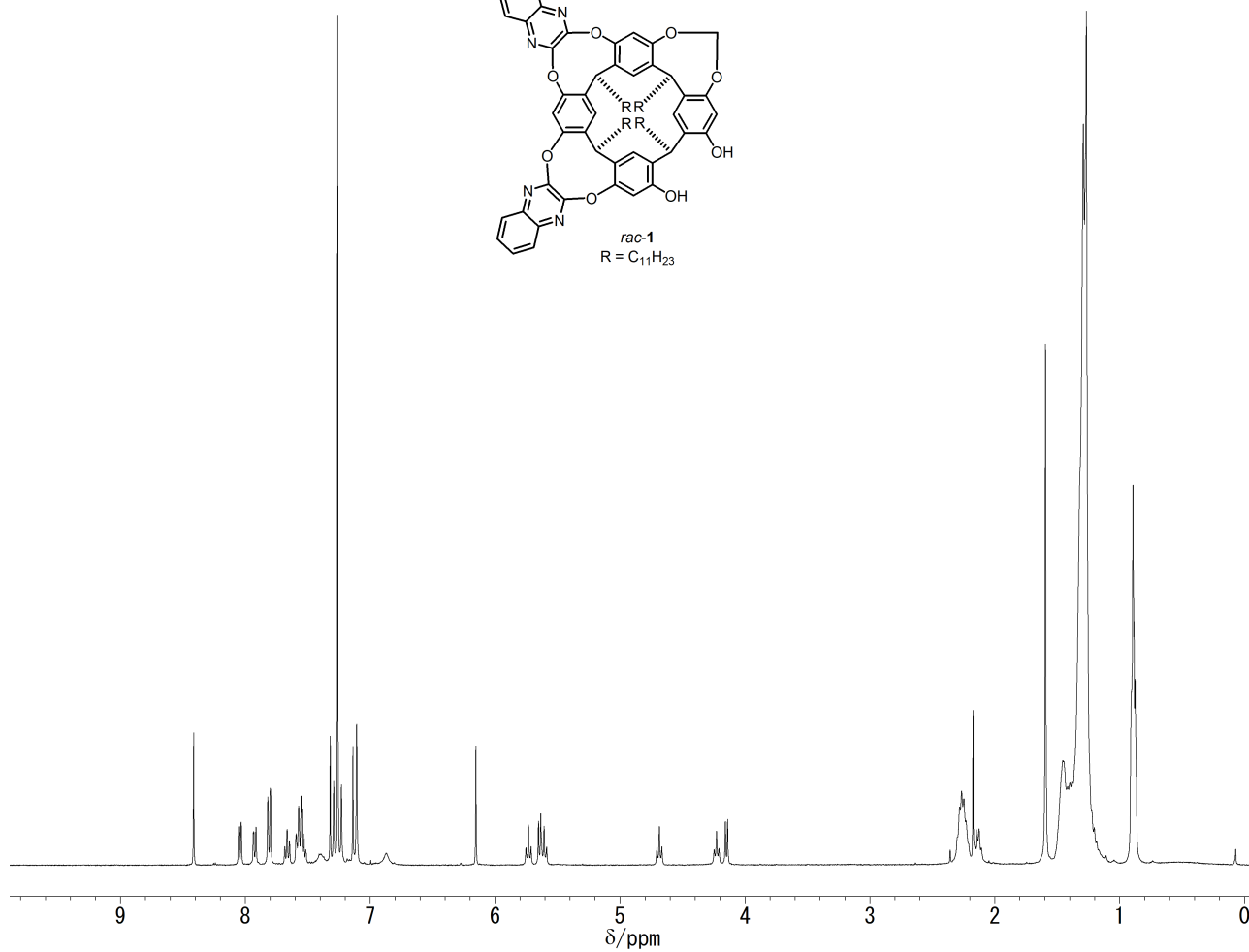
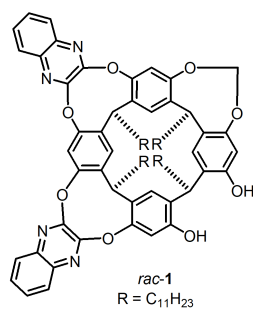
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *cis*-formed di-quinoxaline-spanned resorcin[4]arene.



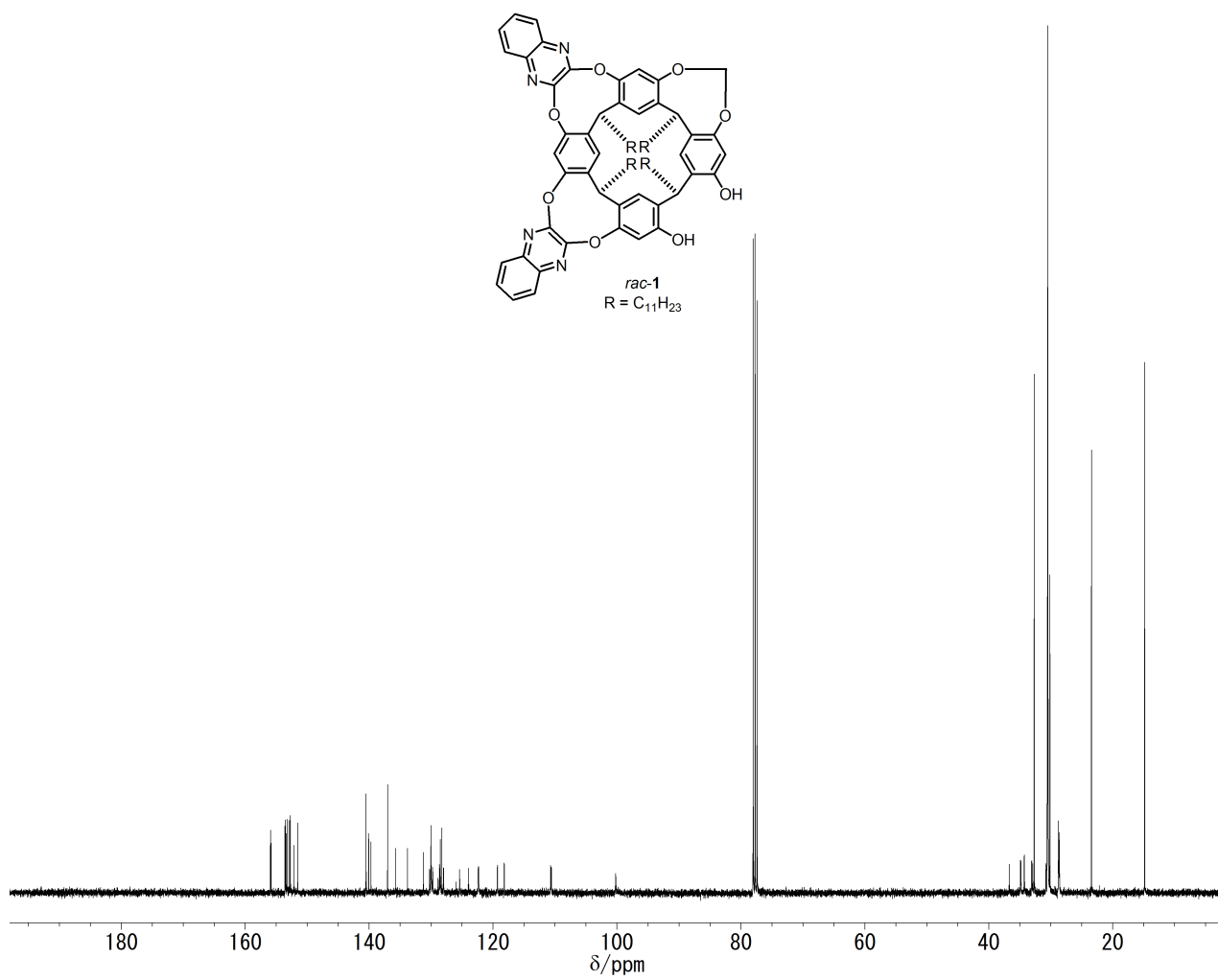
^{13}C NMR spectrum in $(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{CO}$ for *cis*-formed di-quinoxaline-spanned resorcin[4]arene.



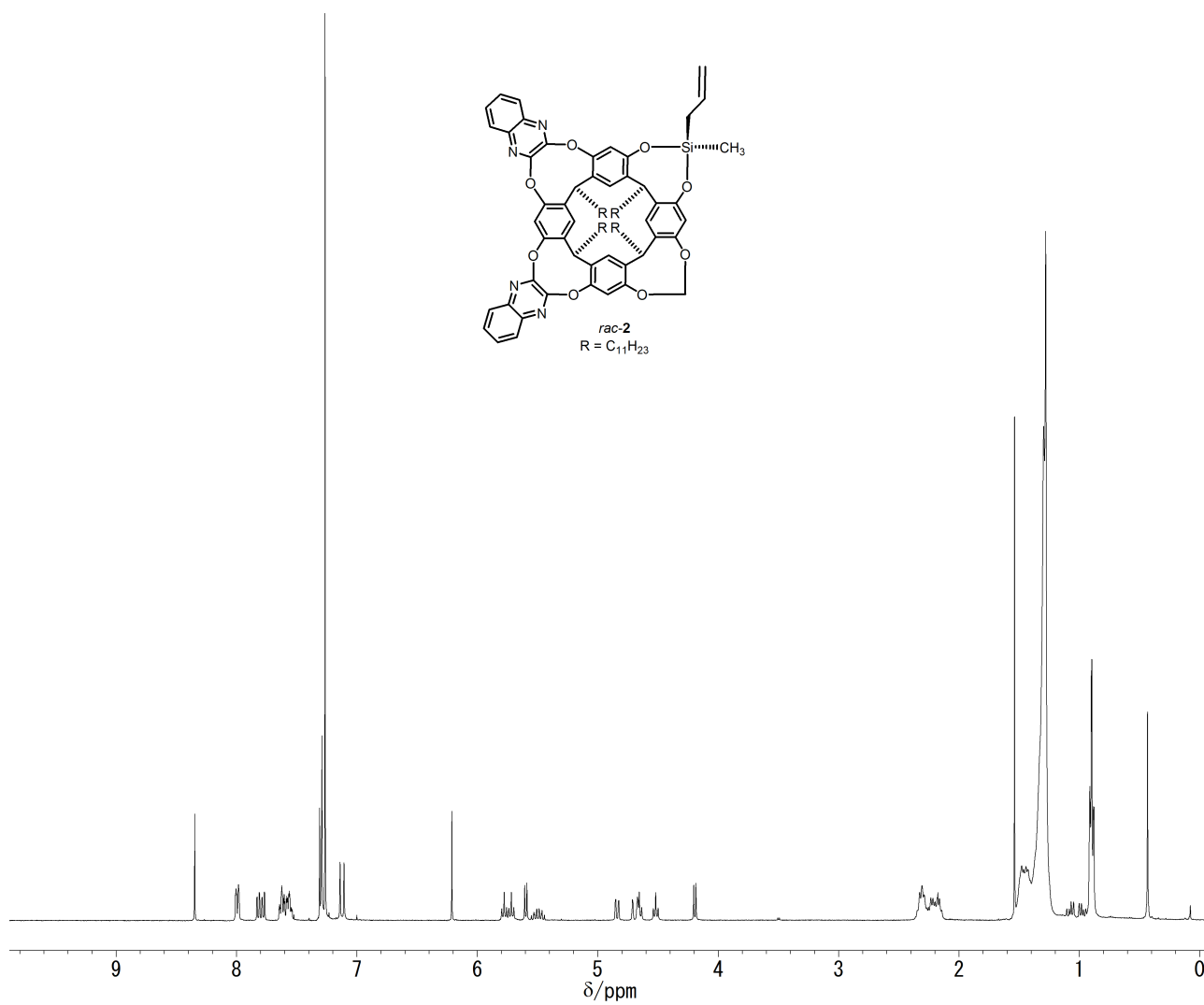
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-1.



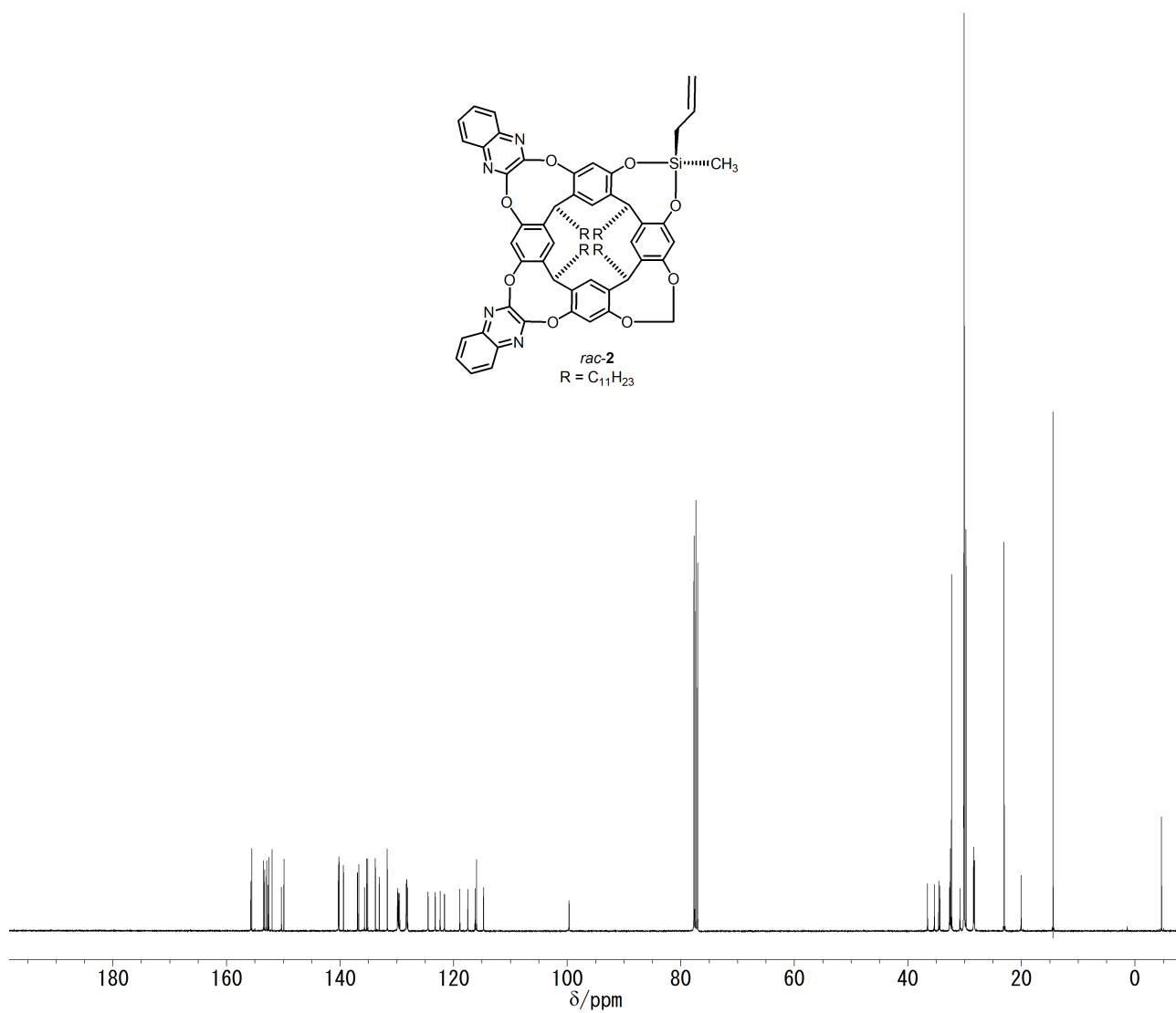
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-1.



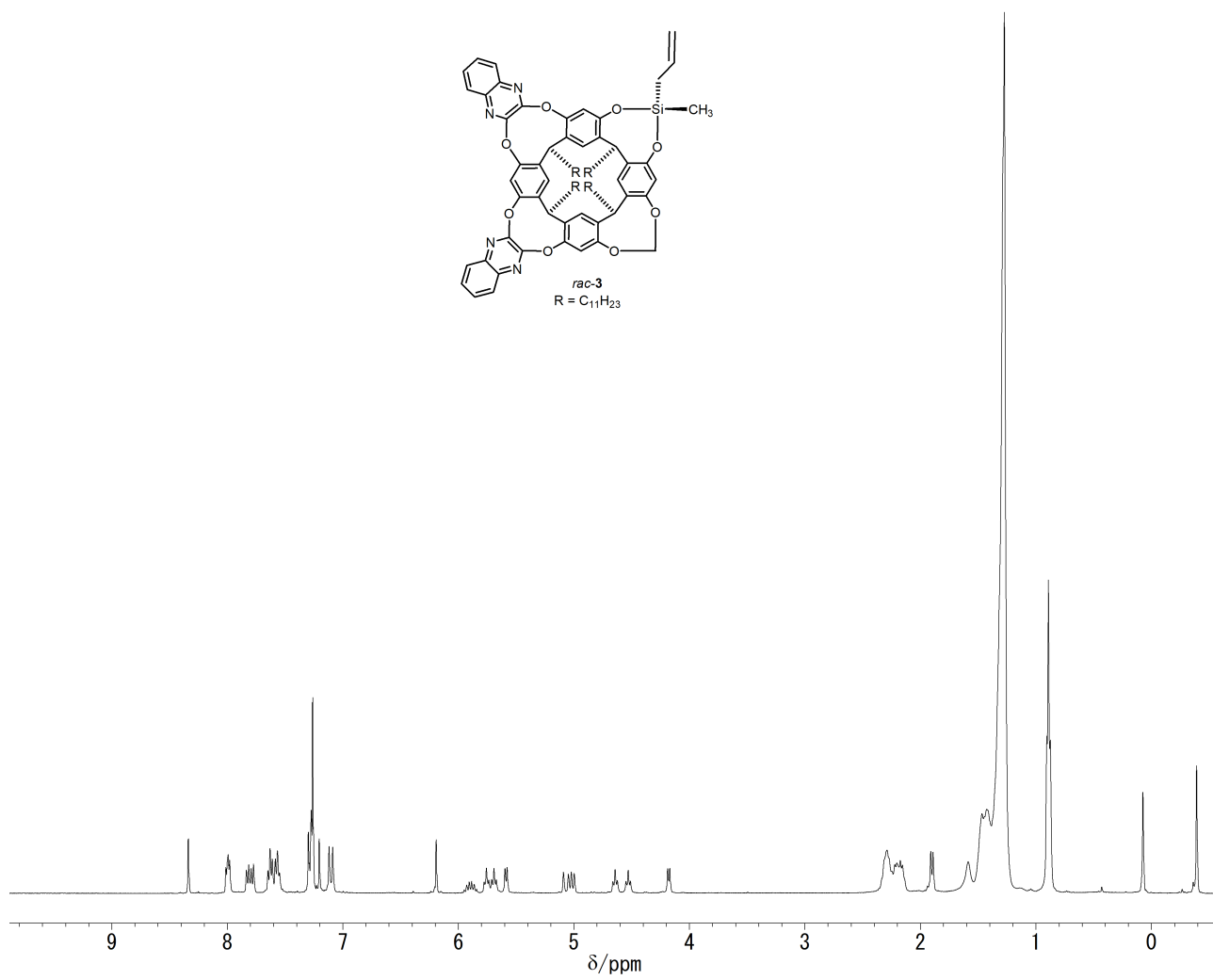
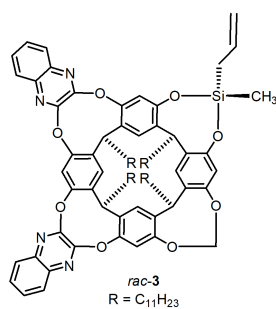
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**2**.



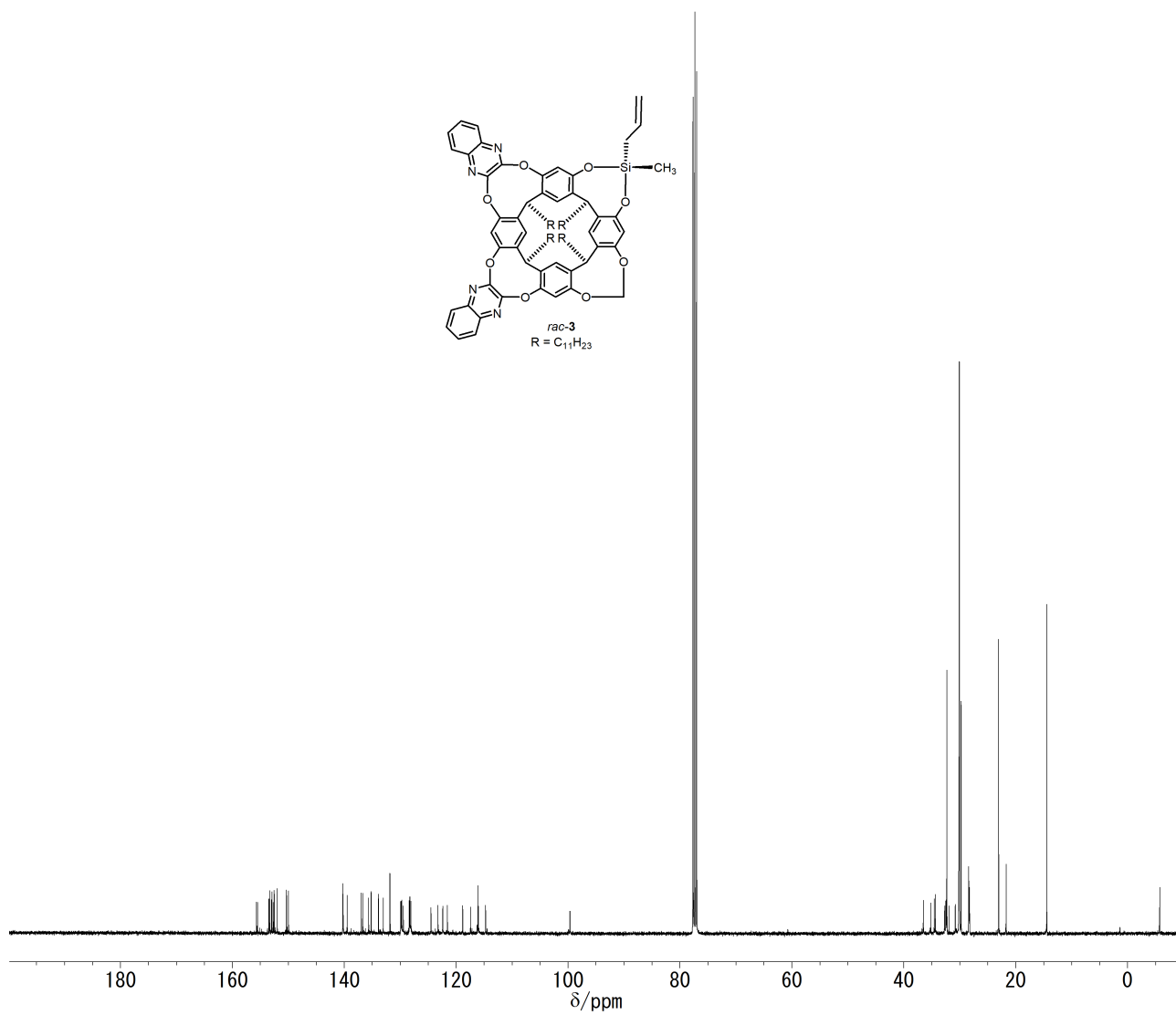
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**2**.



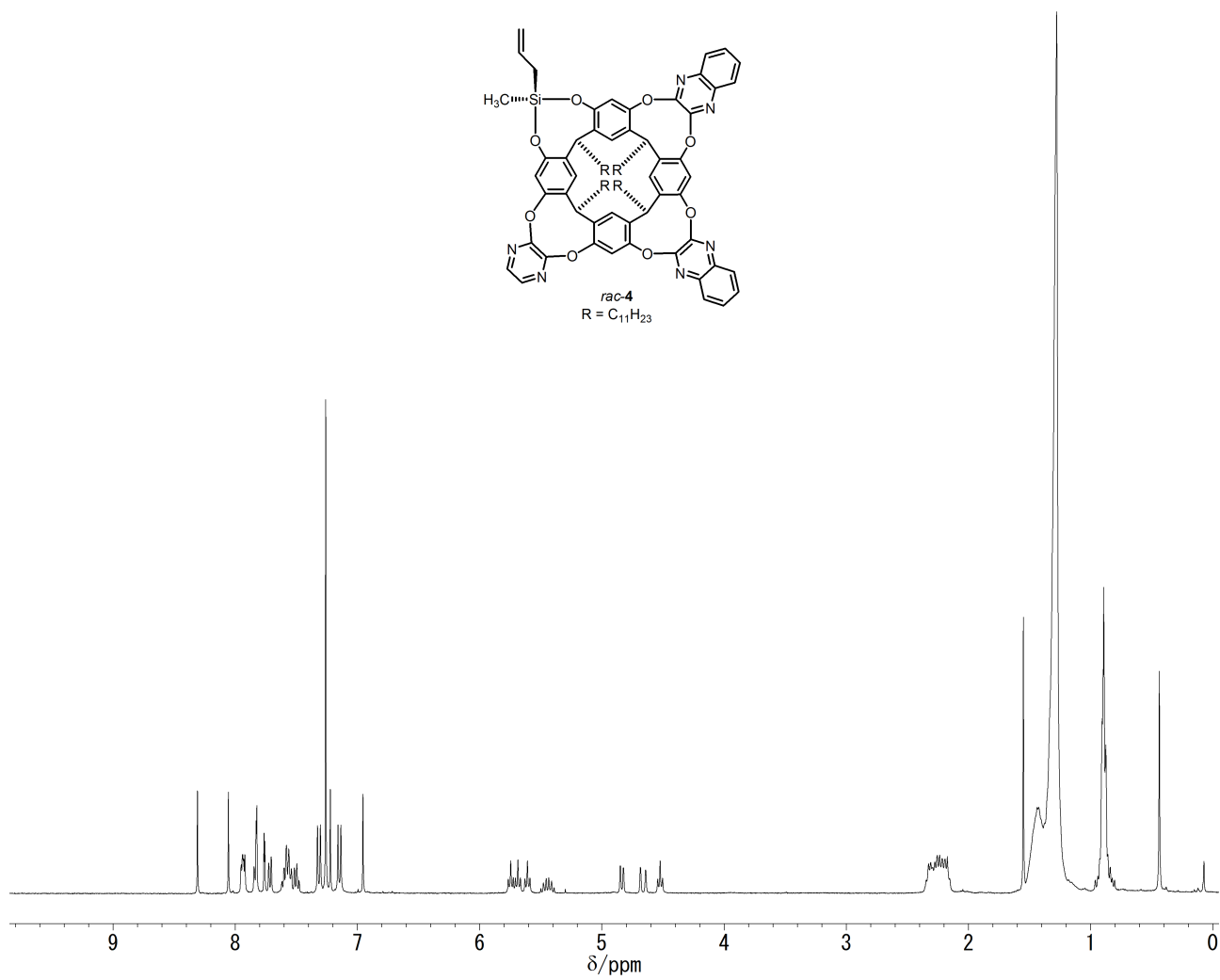
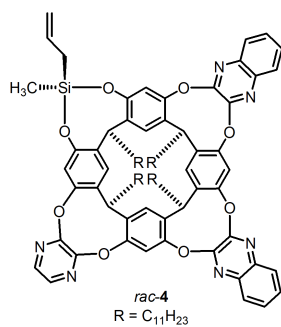
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**3**.



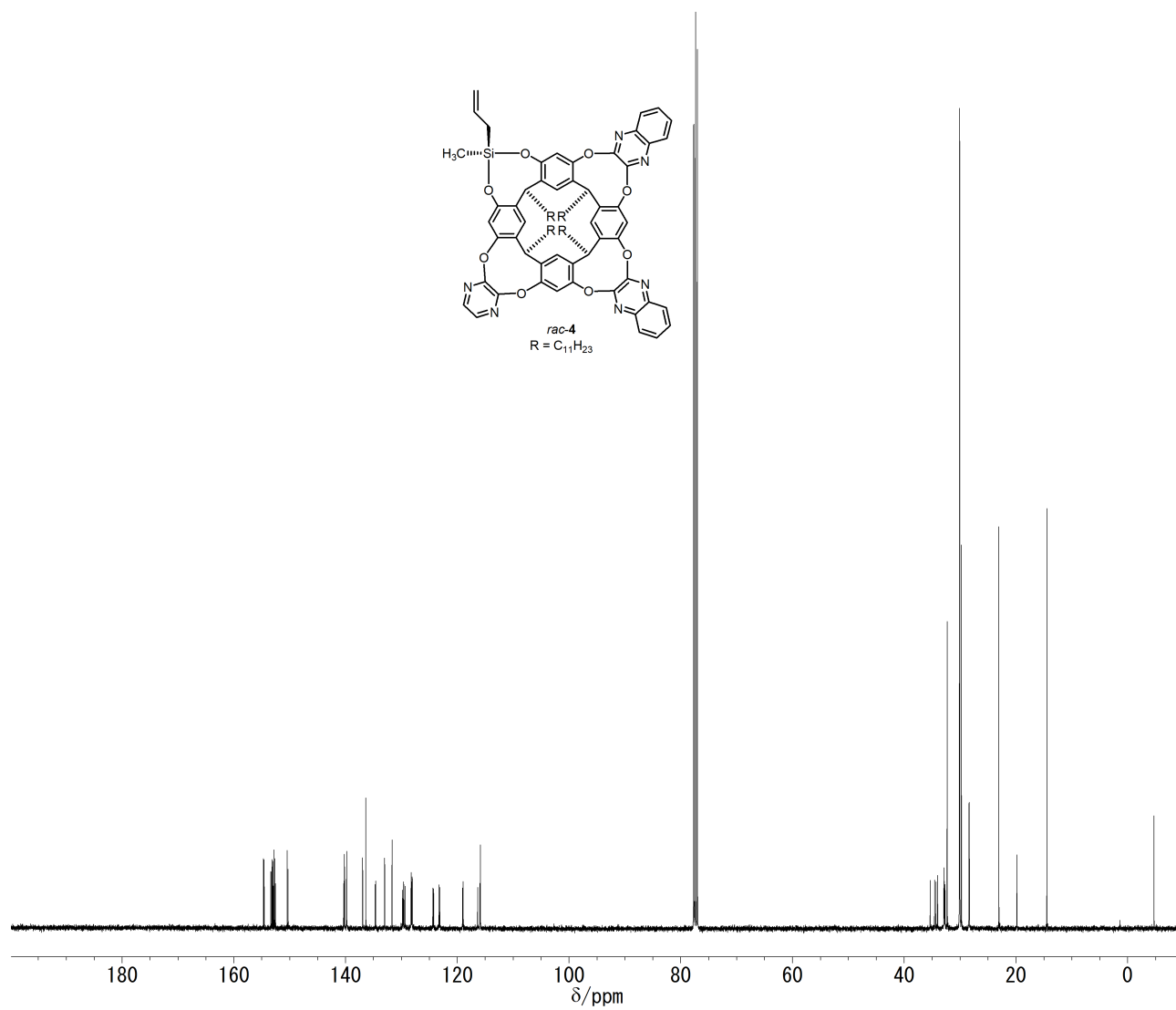
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**3**.



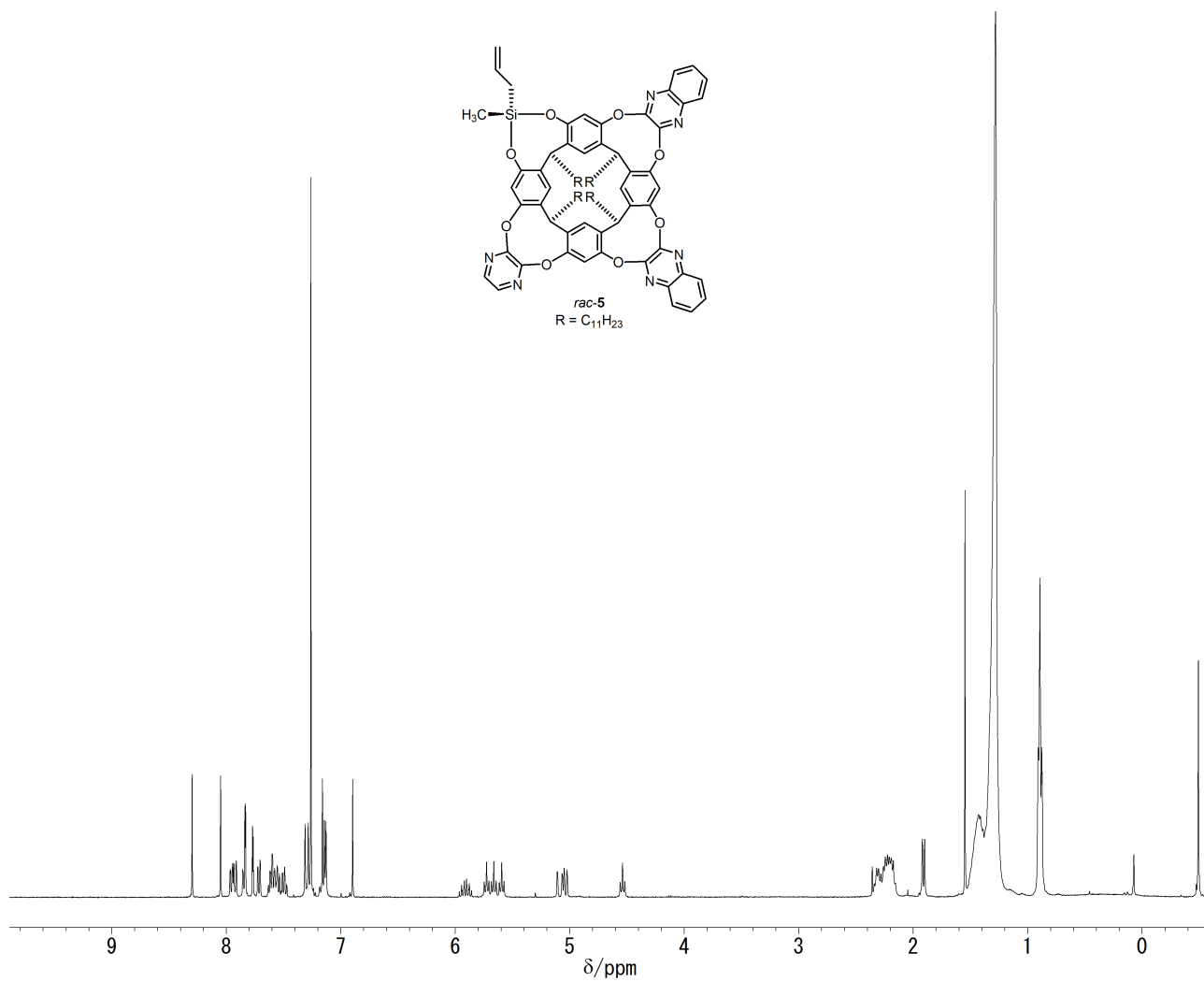
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-4.



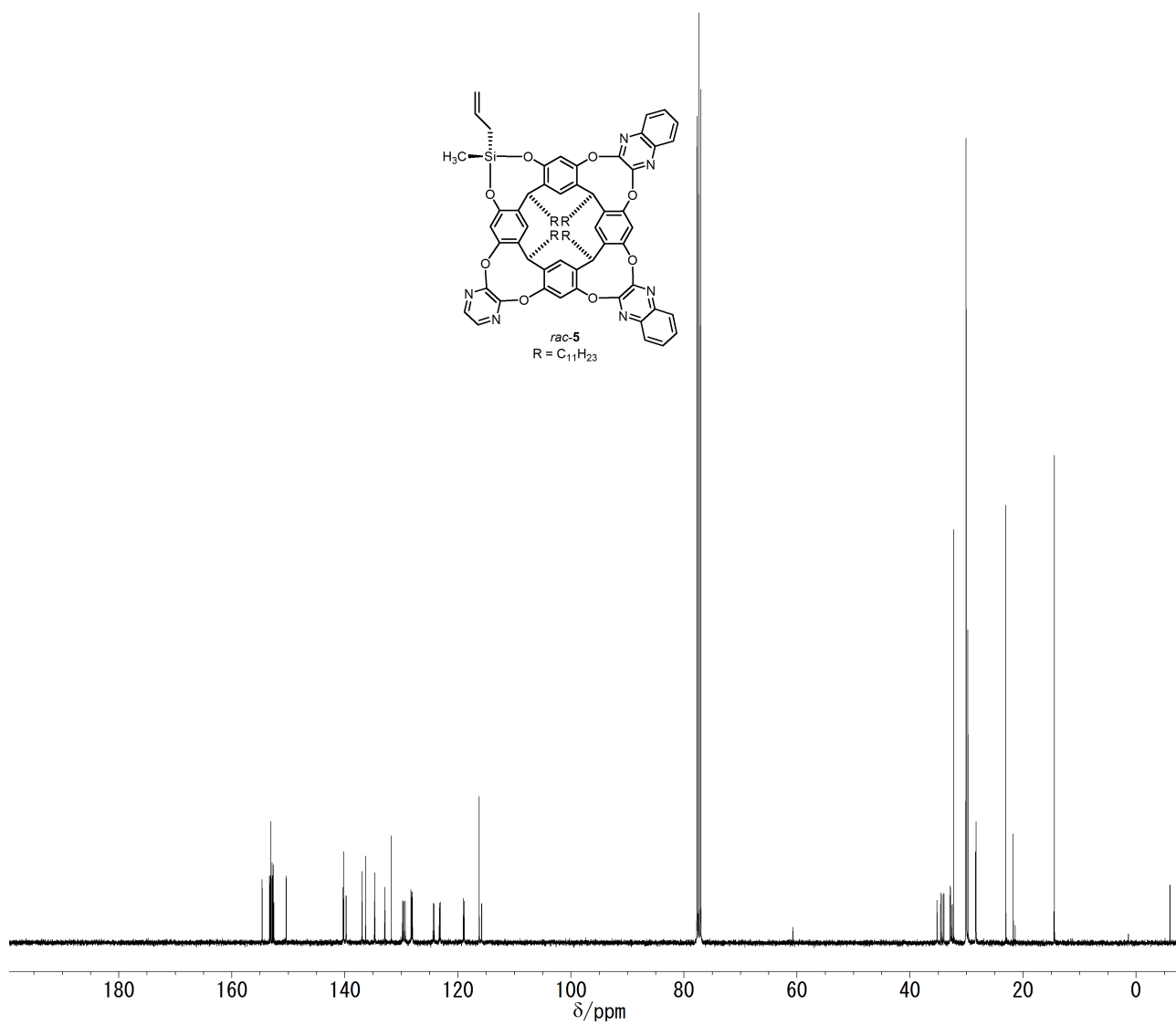
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**4**.



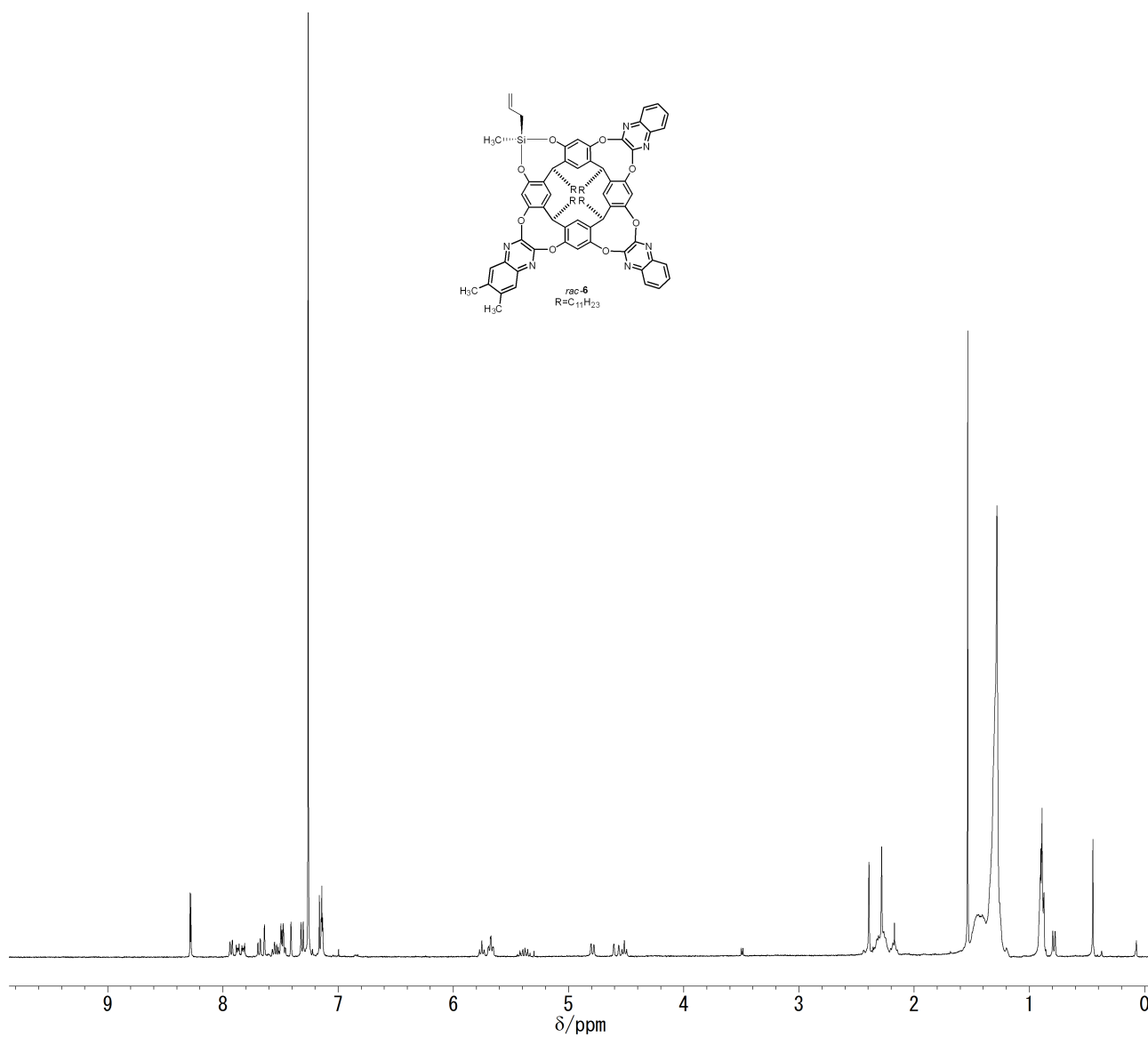
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-5.



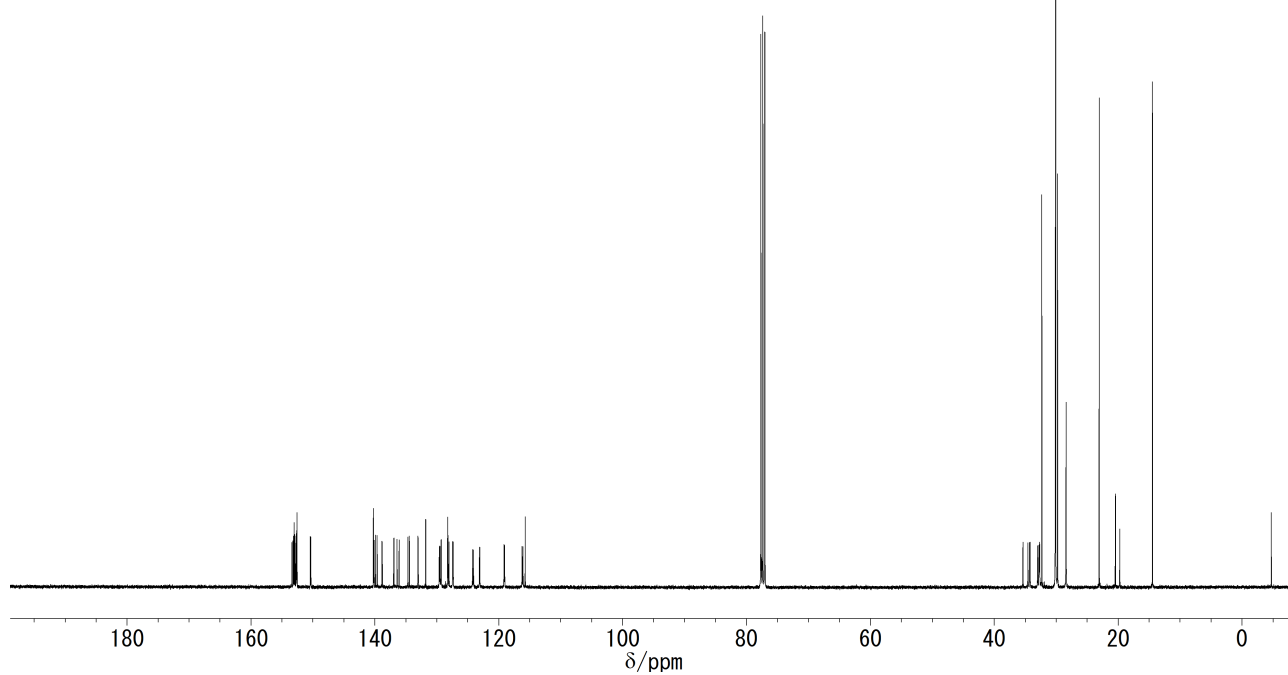
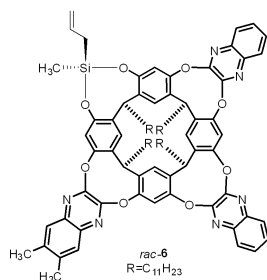
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-5.



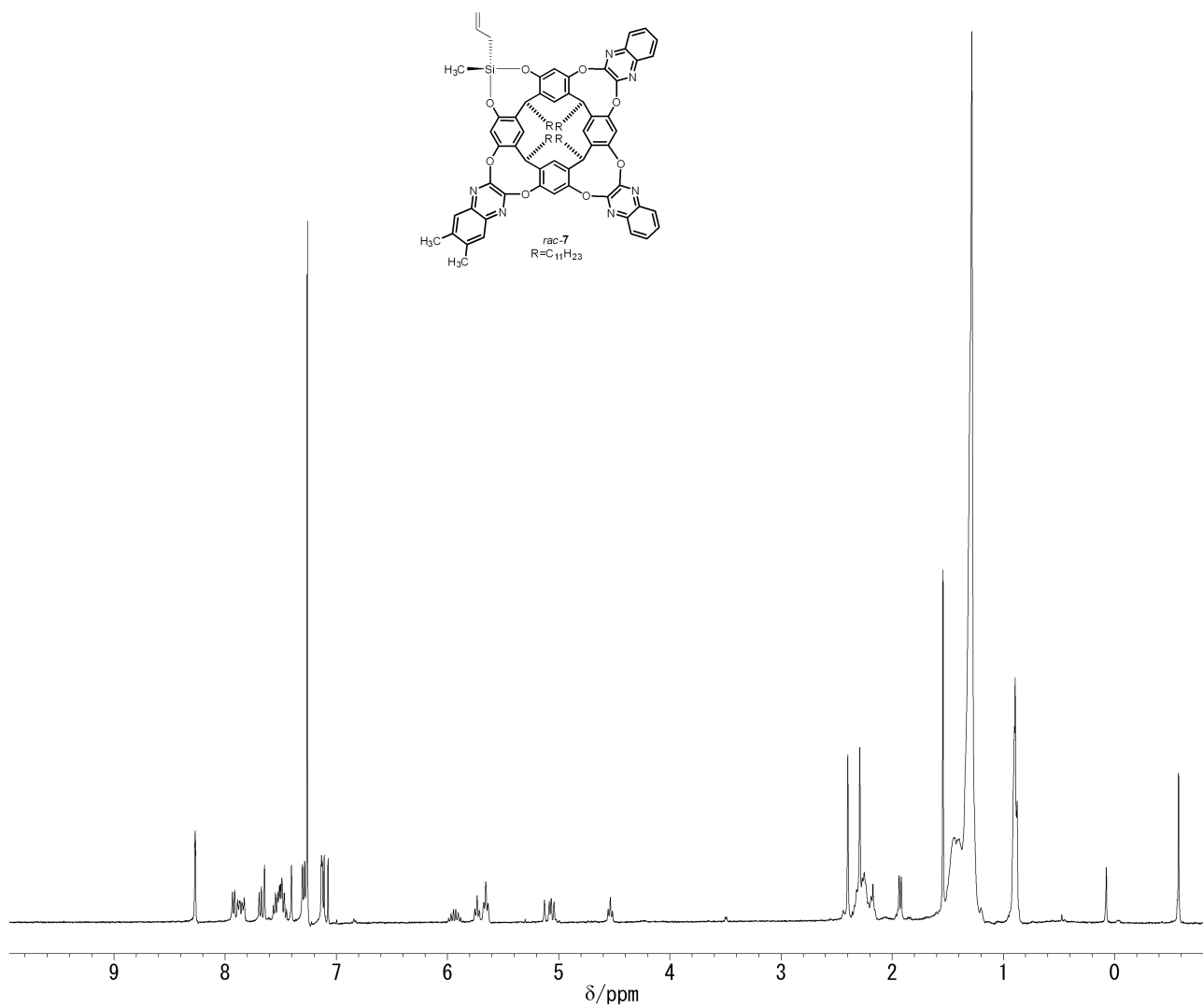
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**6**.



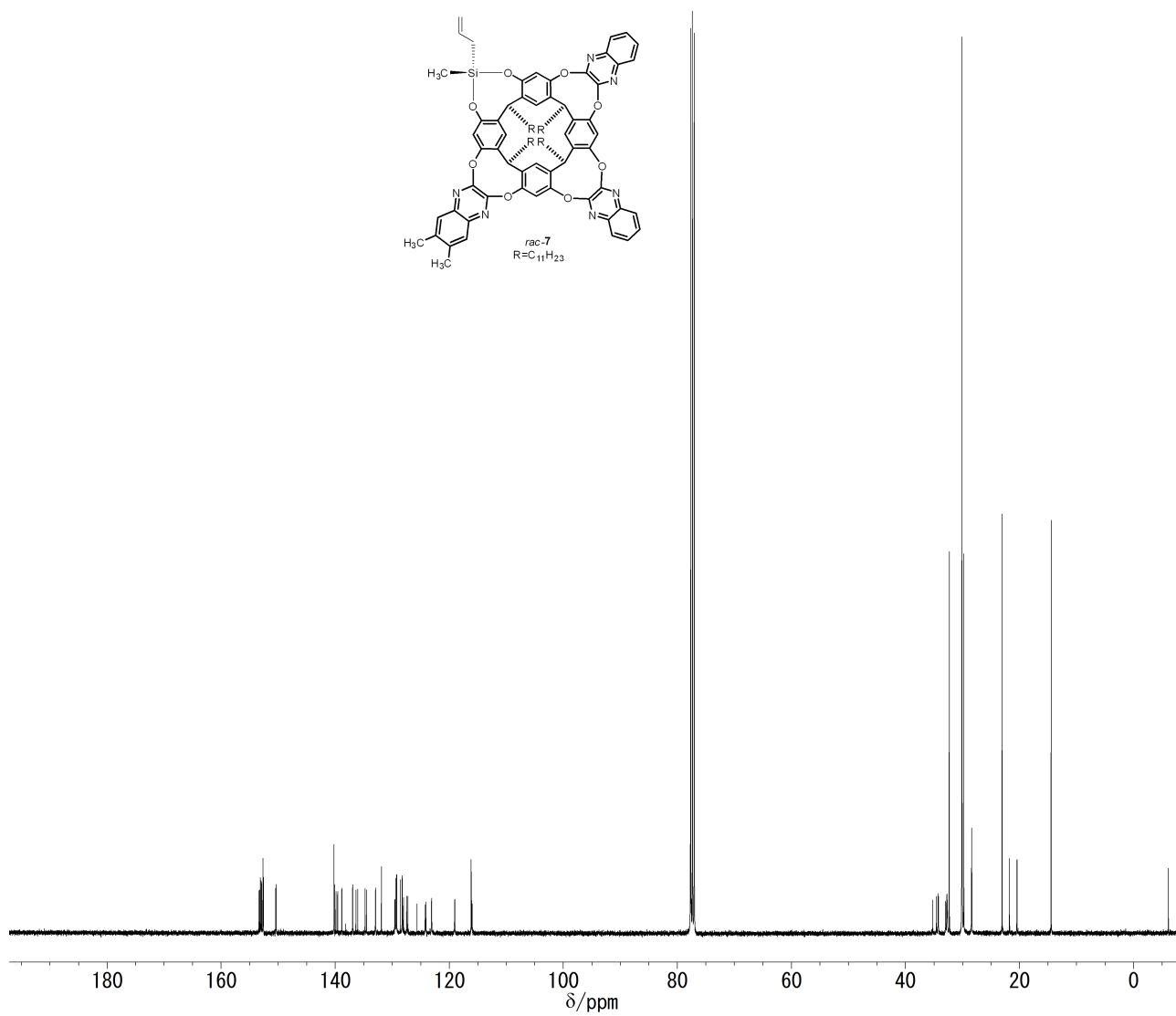
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**6**.



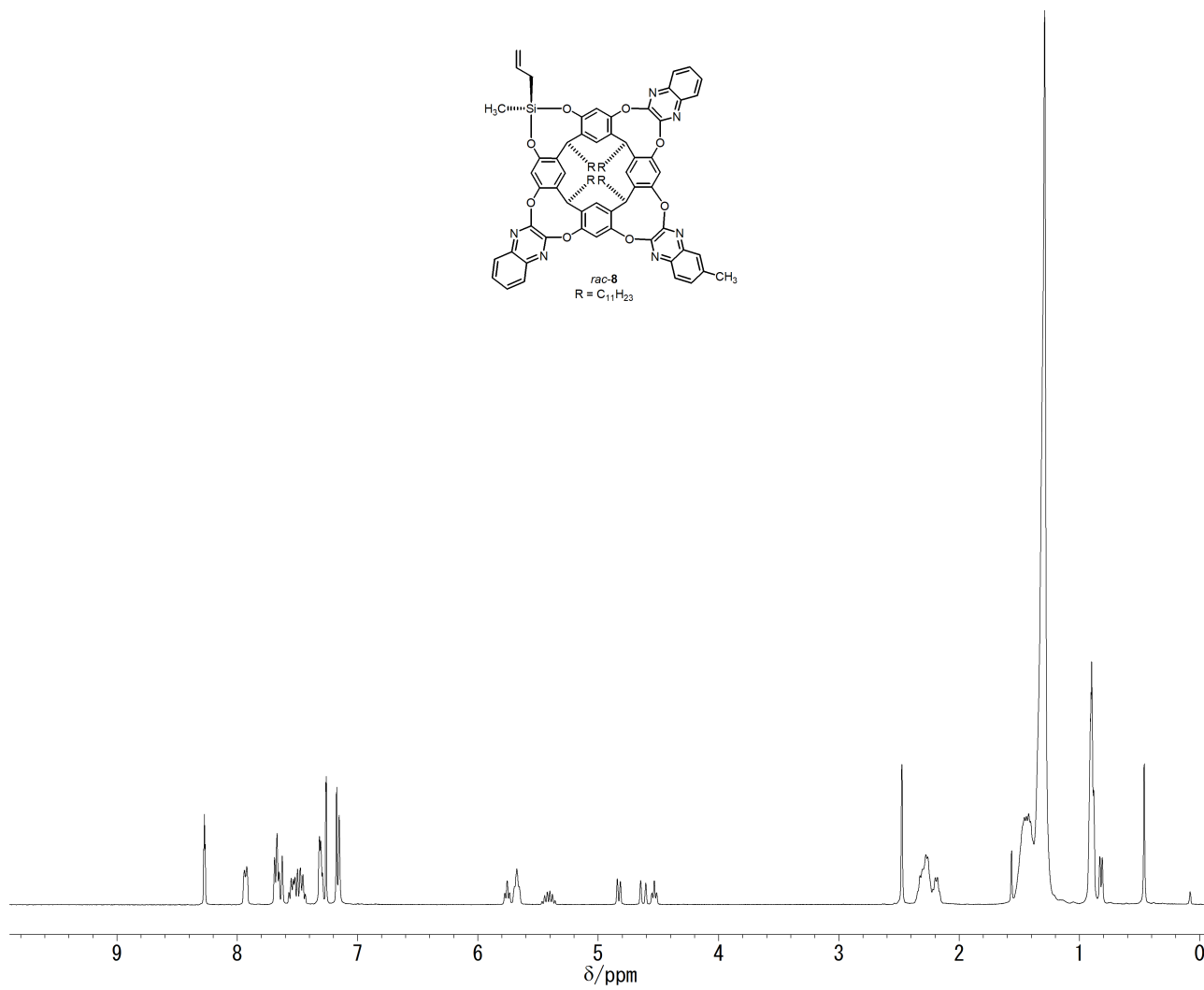
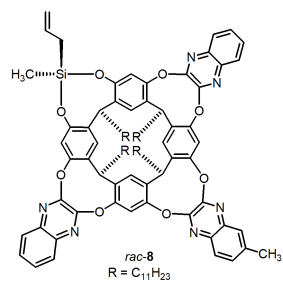
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac-7*.



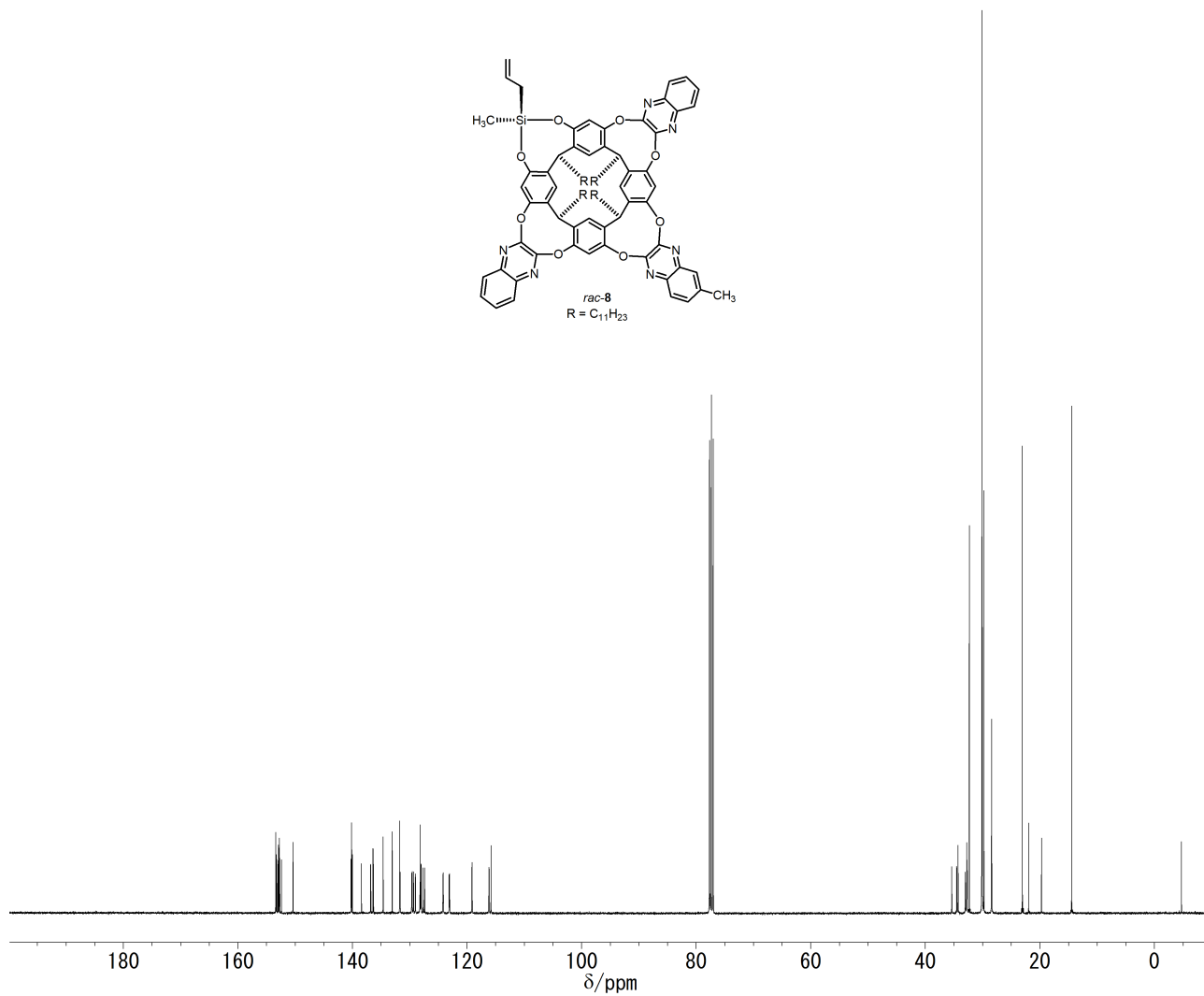
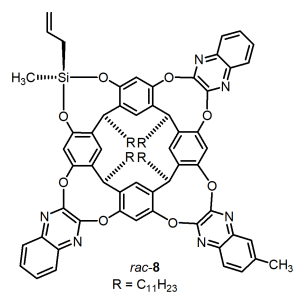
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac-7*.



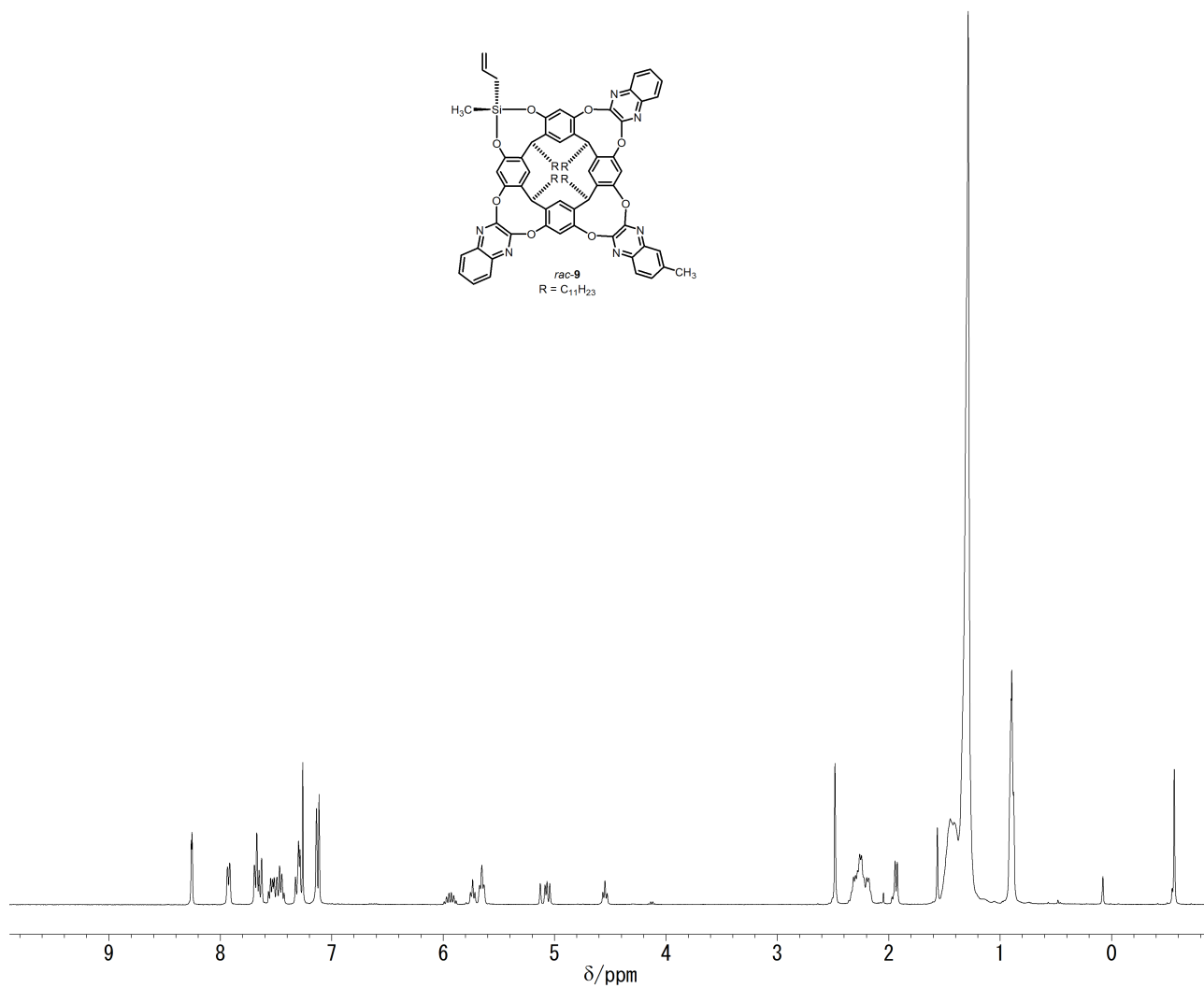
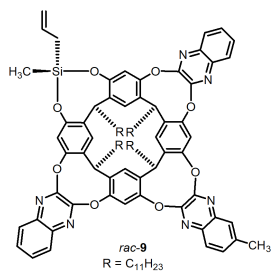
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**8**.



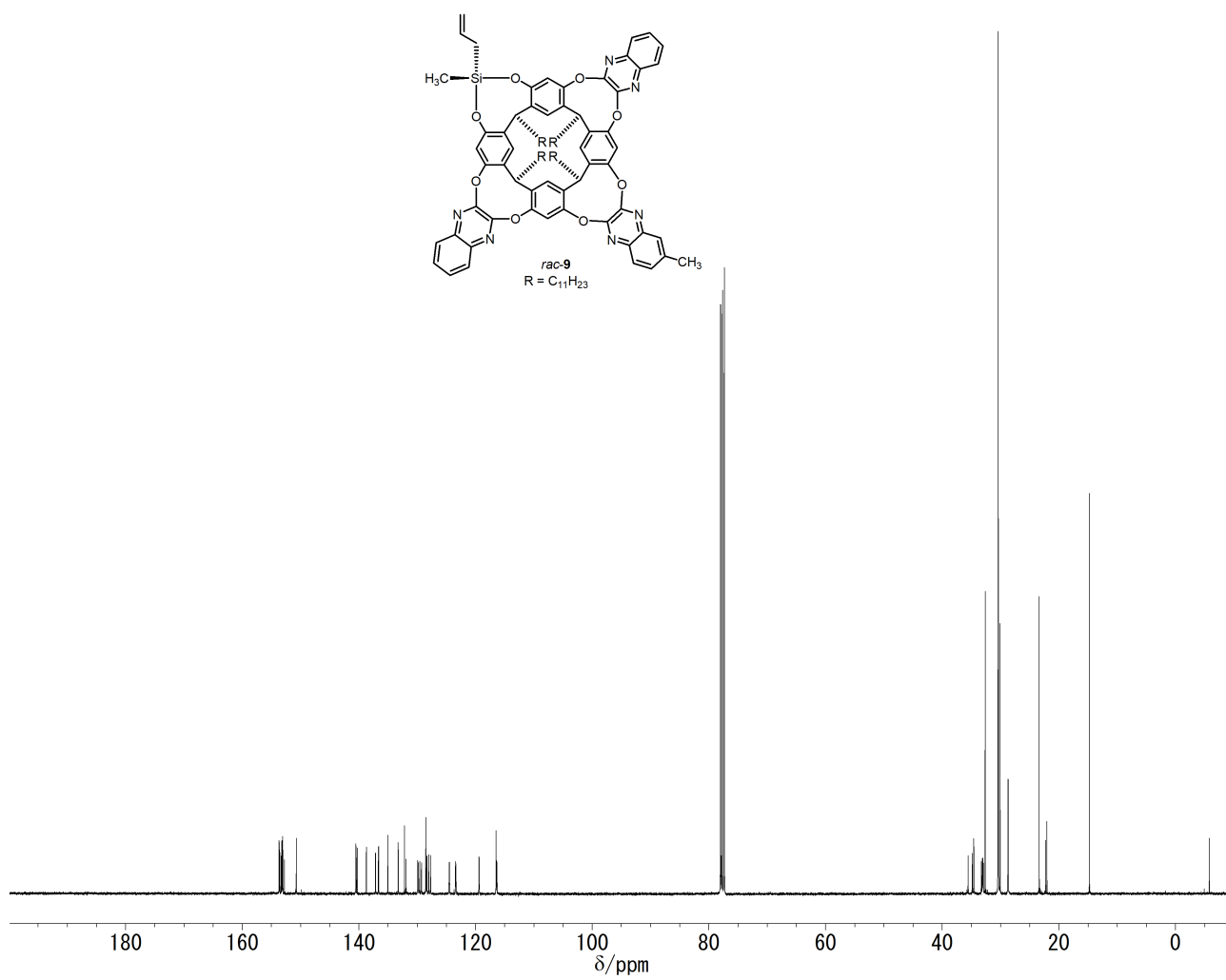
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**8**.



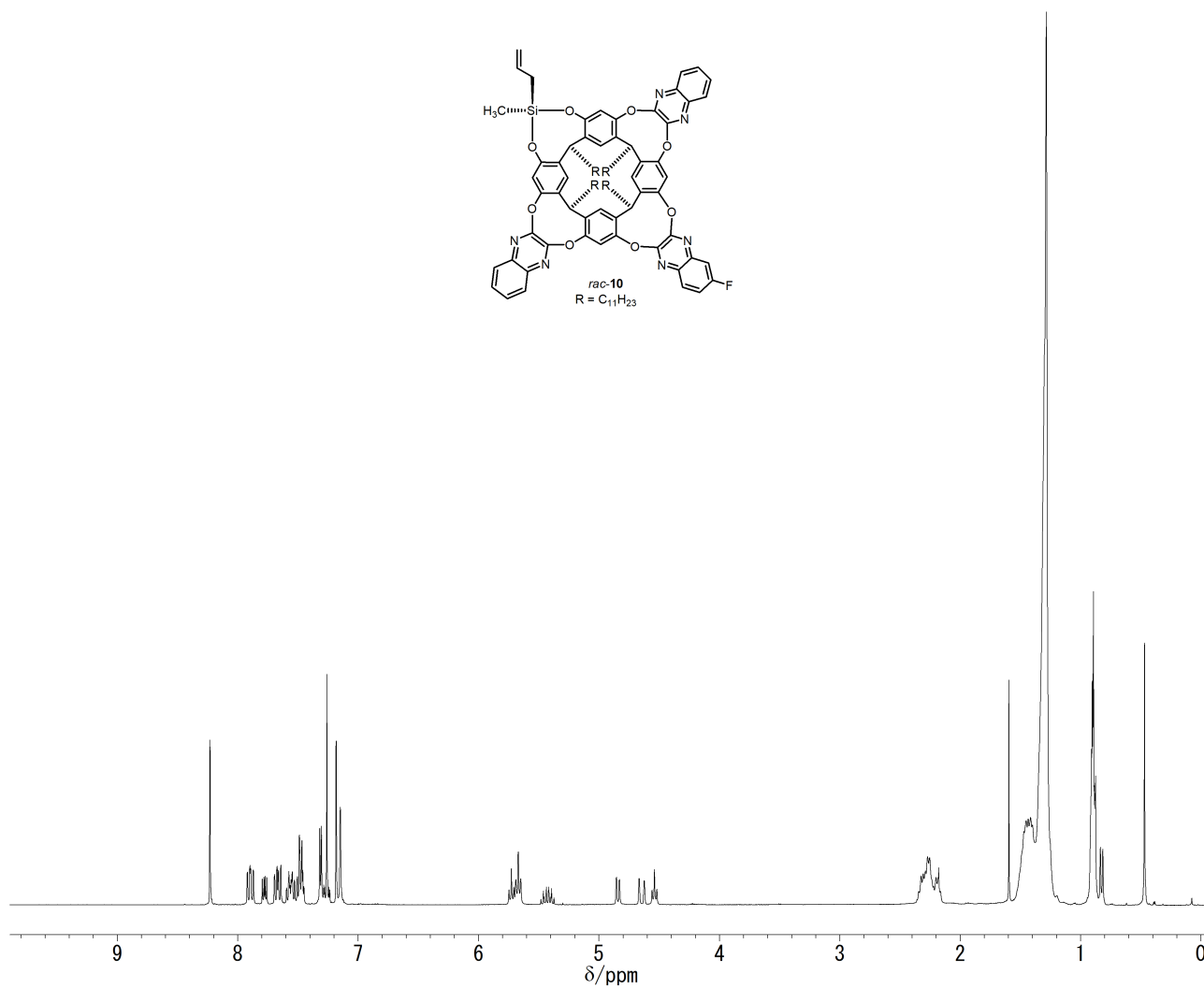
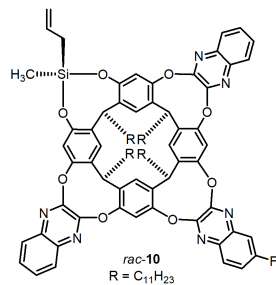
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**9**.



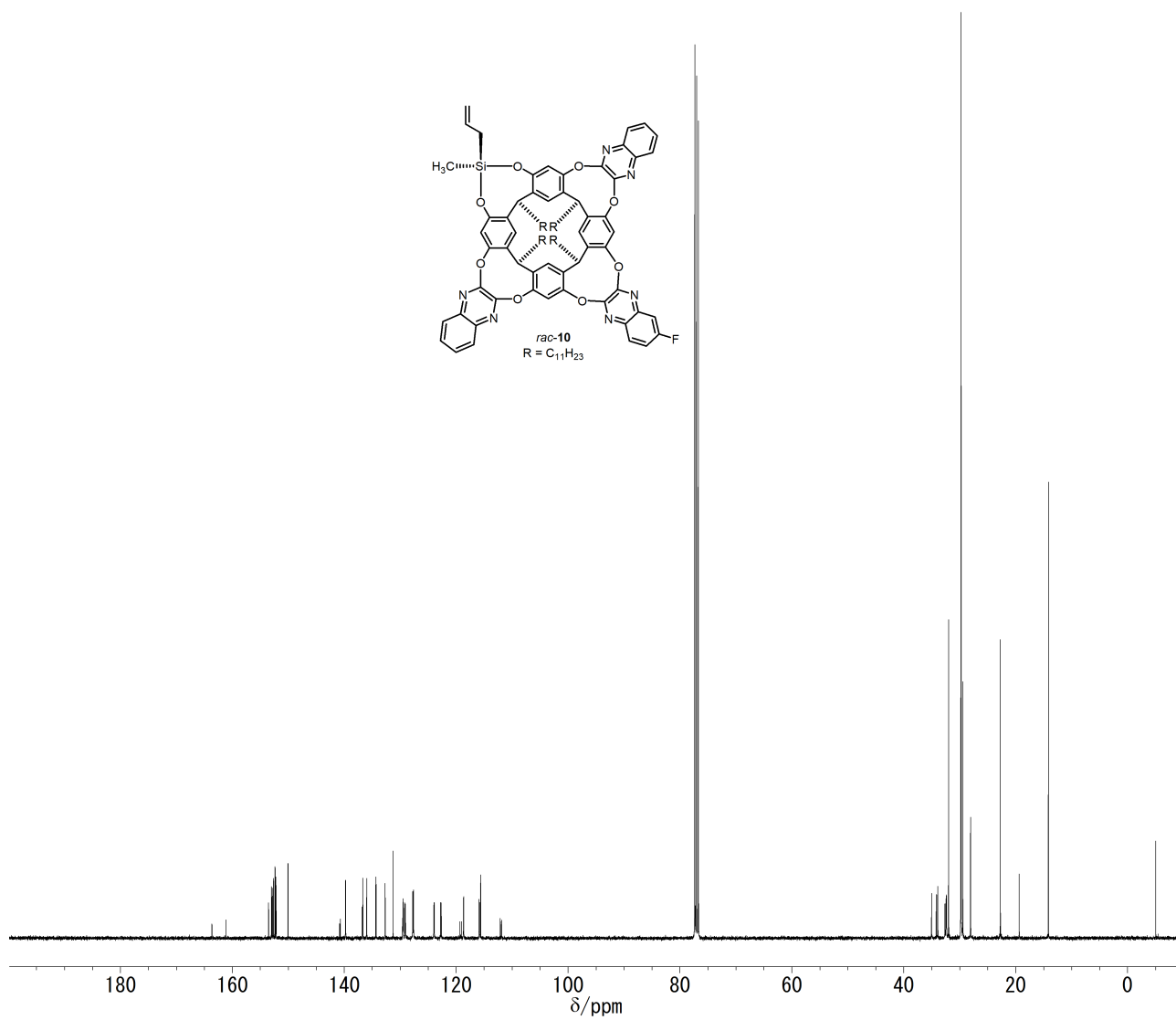
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**9**.



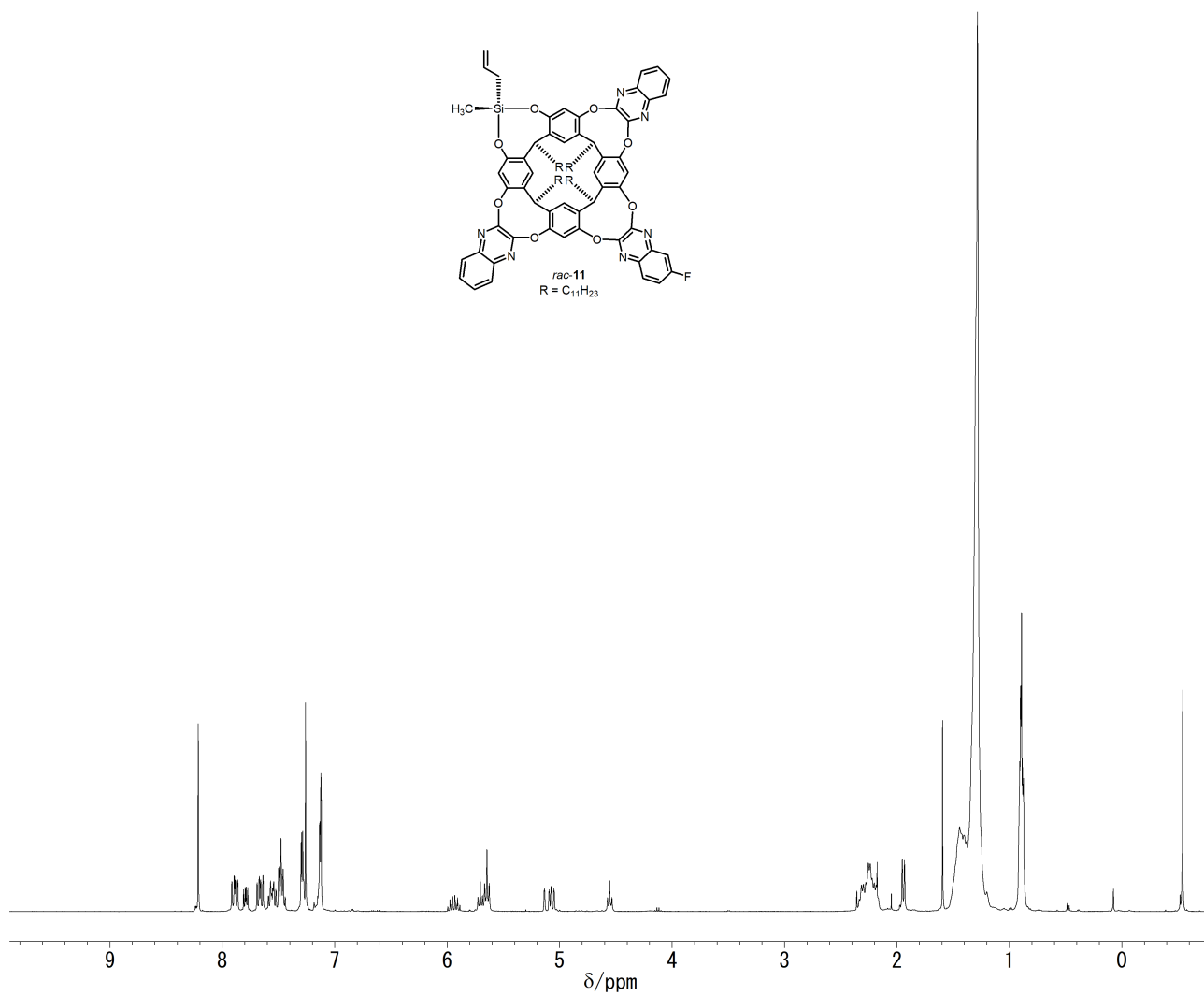
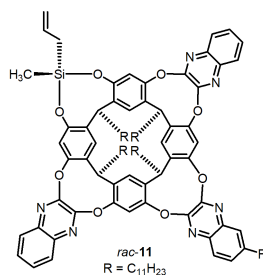
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**10**.



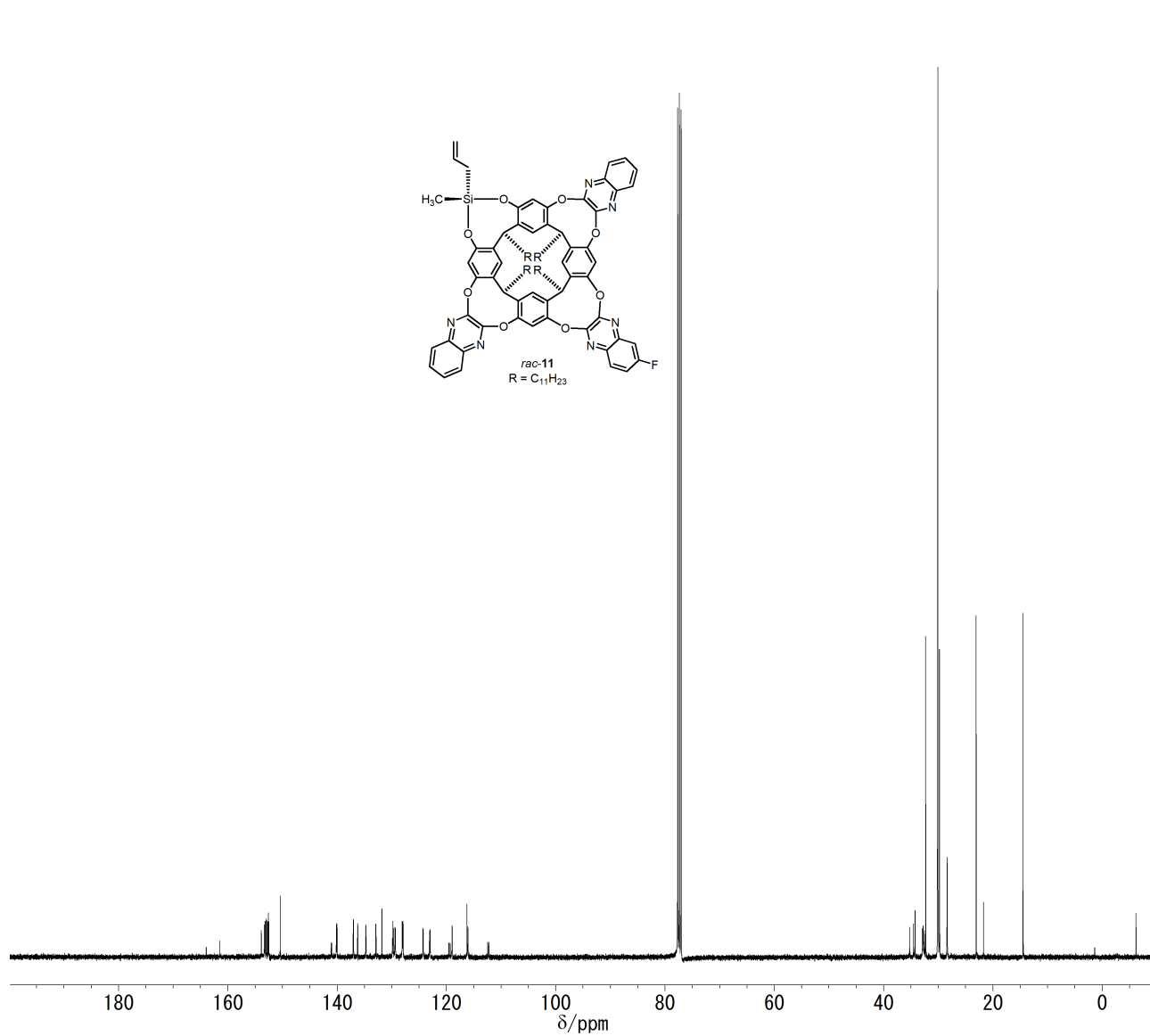
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**10**.



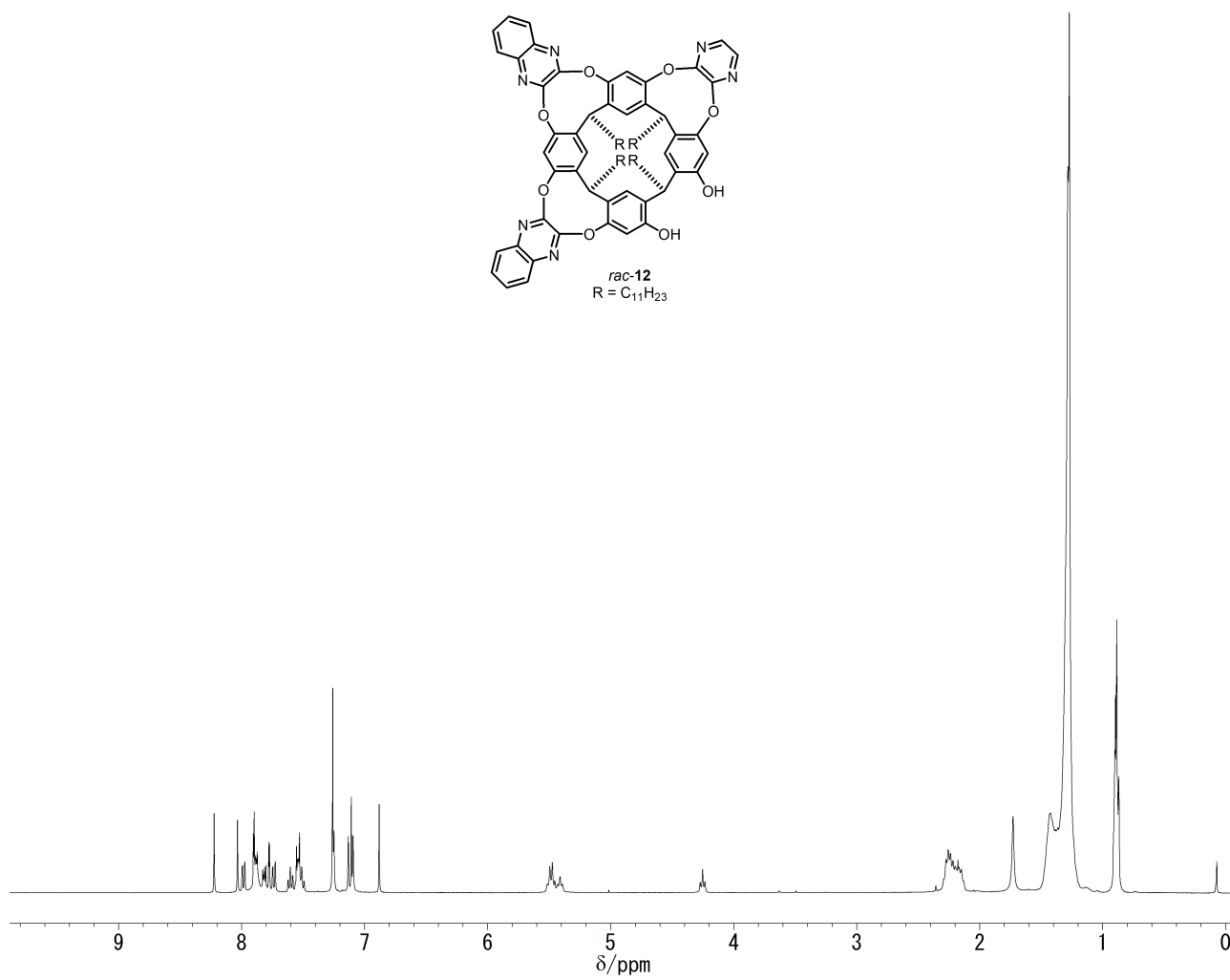
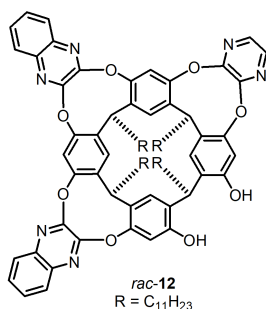
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**11**.



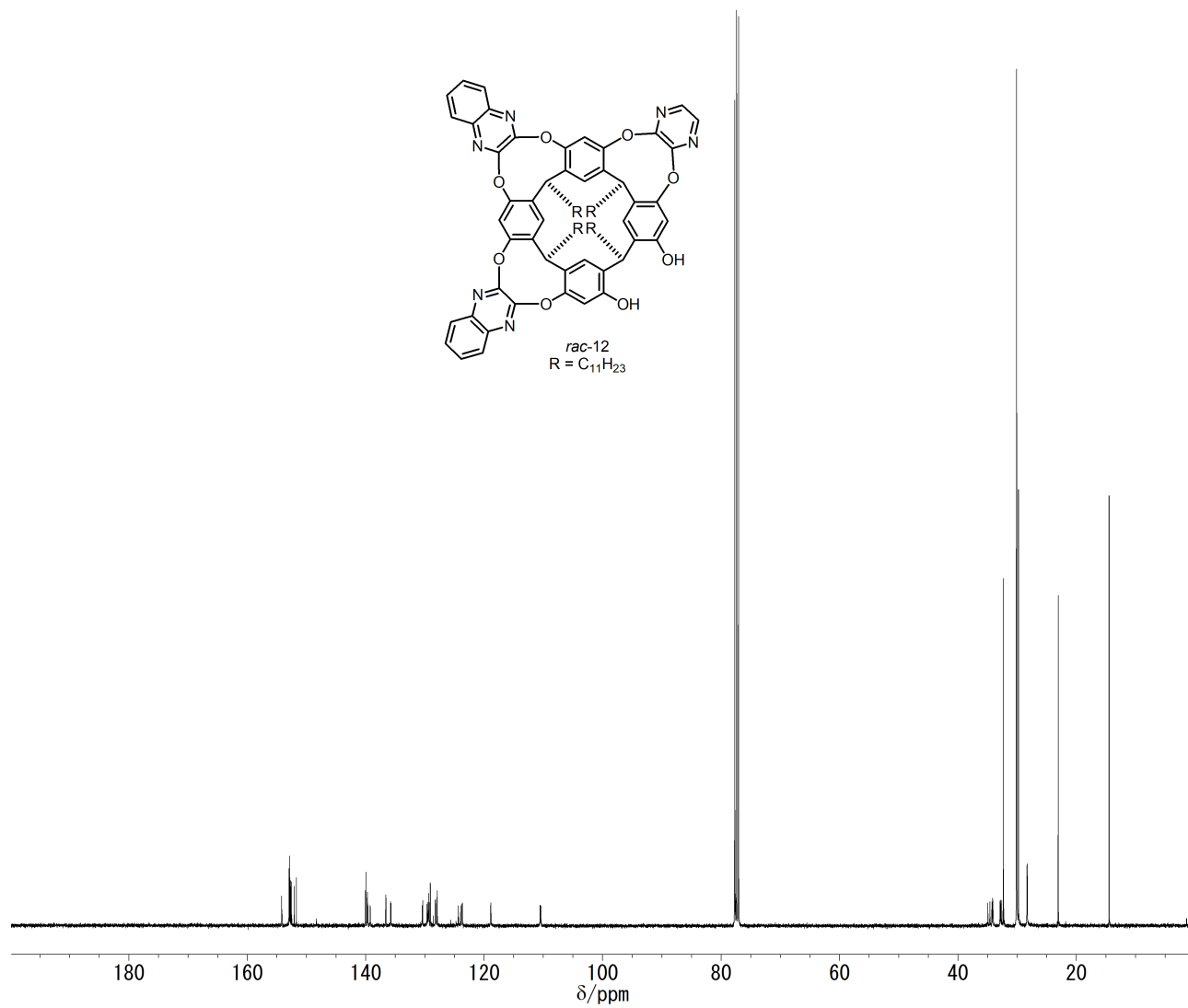
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**11**.



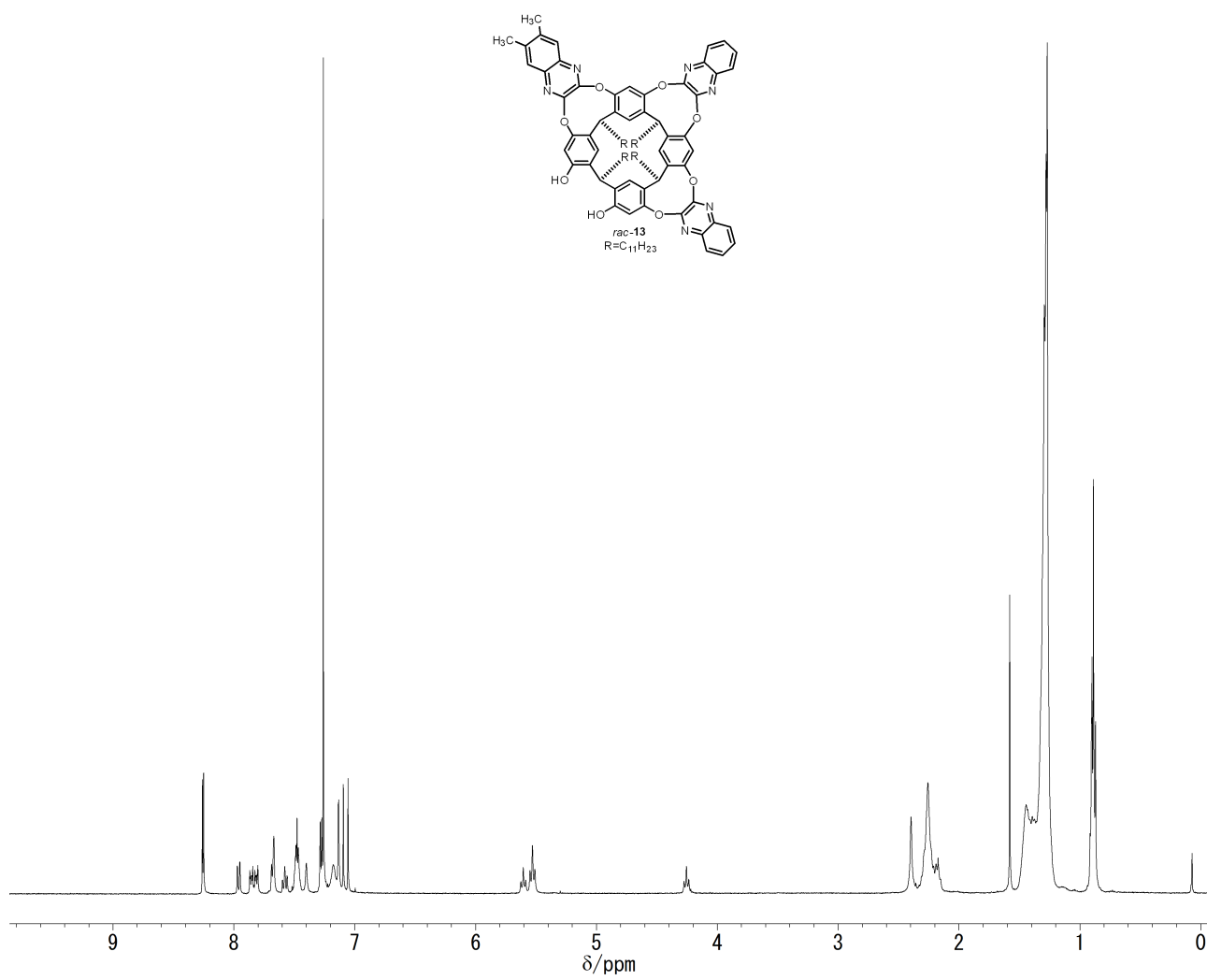
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**12**.



^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**12**.



^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**13**.

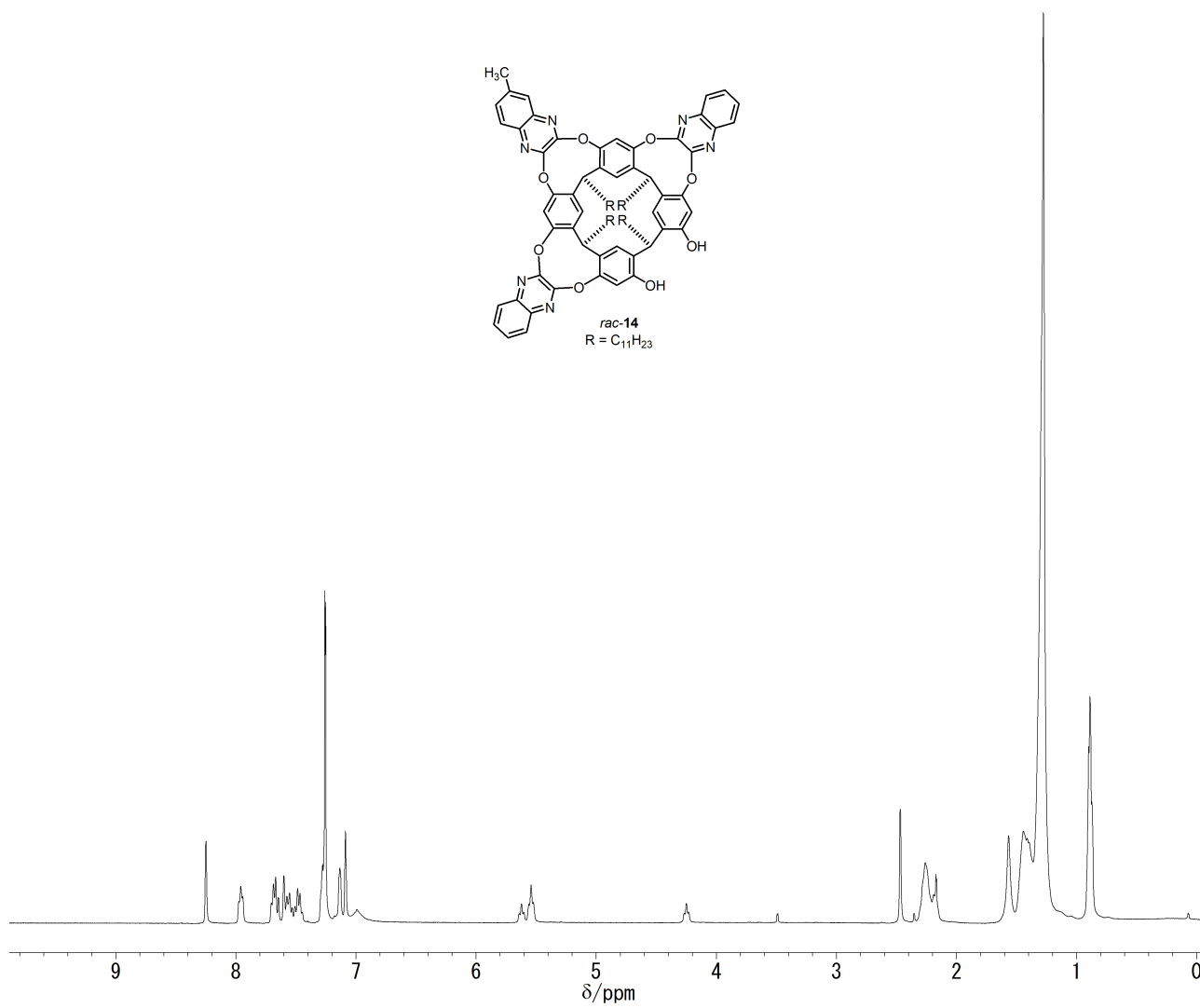
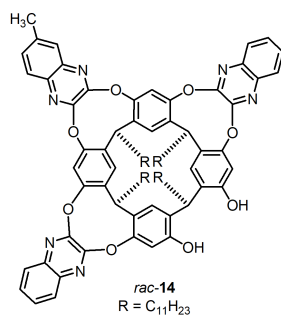


Chemical structure of **rac-13** is shown in the inset. The structure is a macrocyclic dimer of a 2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivative, with $R = C_{11}H_{23}$.

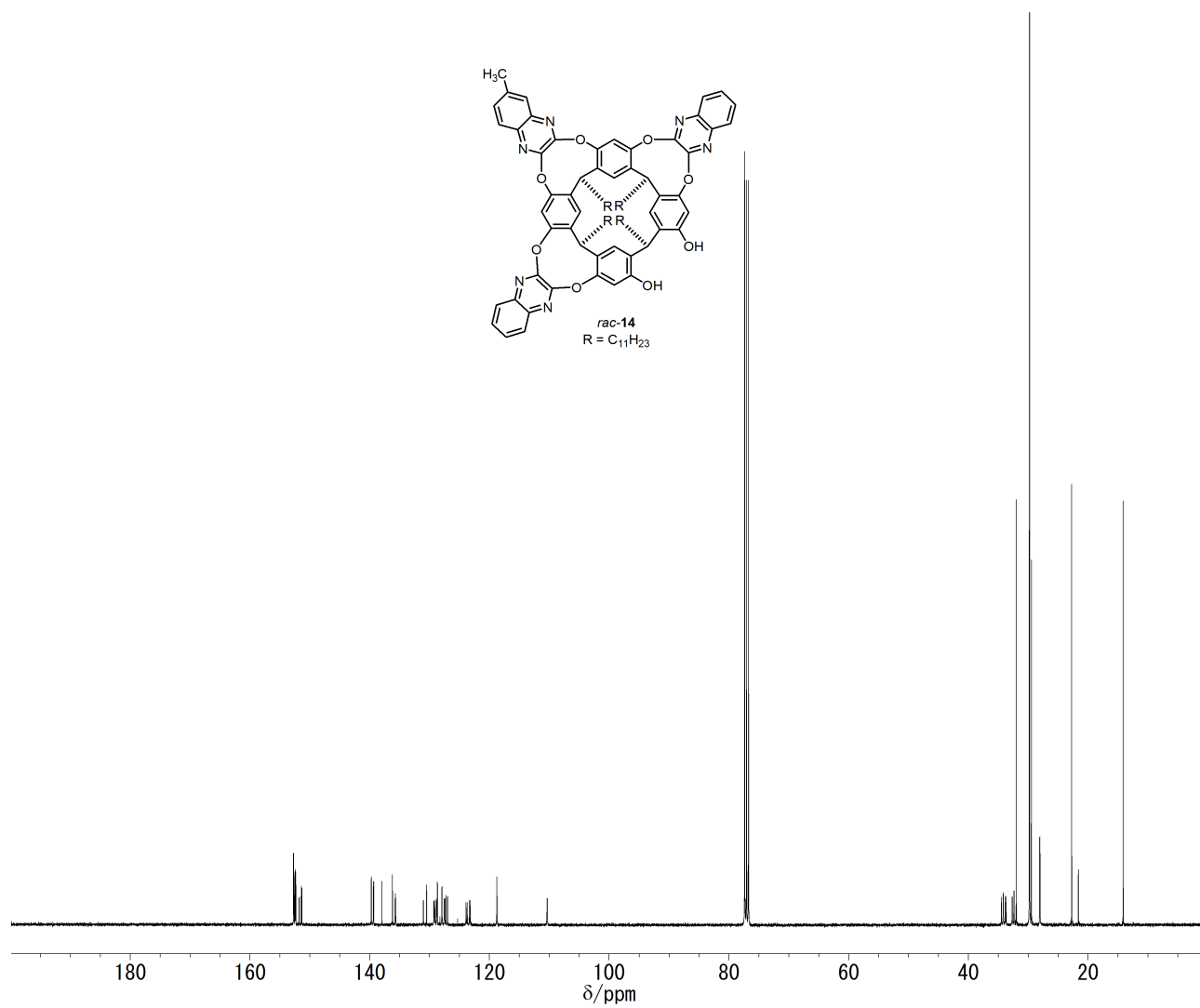
¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃):

- Chemical Shift Range:** 180 to 20 ppm.
- Major Peaks:**
 - Aromatic and heterocyclic protons: 6.5–8.5 ppm.
 - Aliphatic protons: 1.0–2.5 ppm.
 - Solvent peak (CDCl₃): 7.26 ppm.

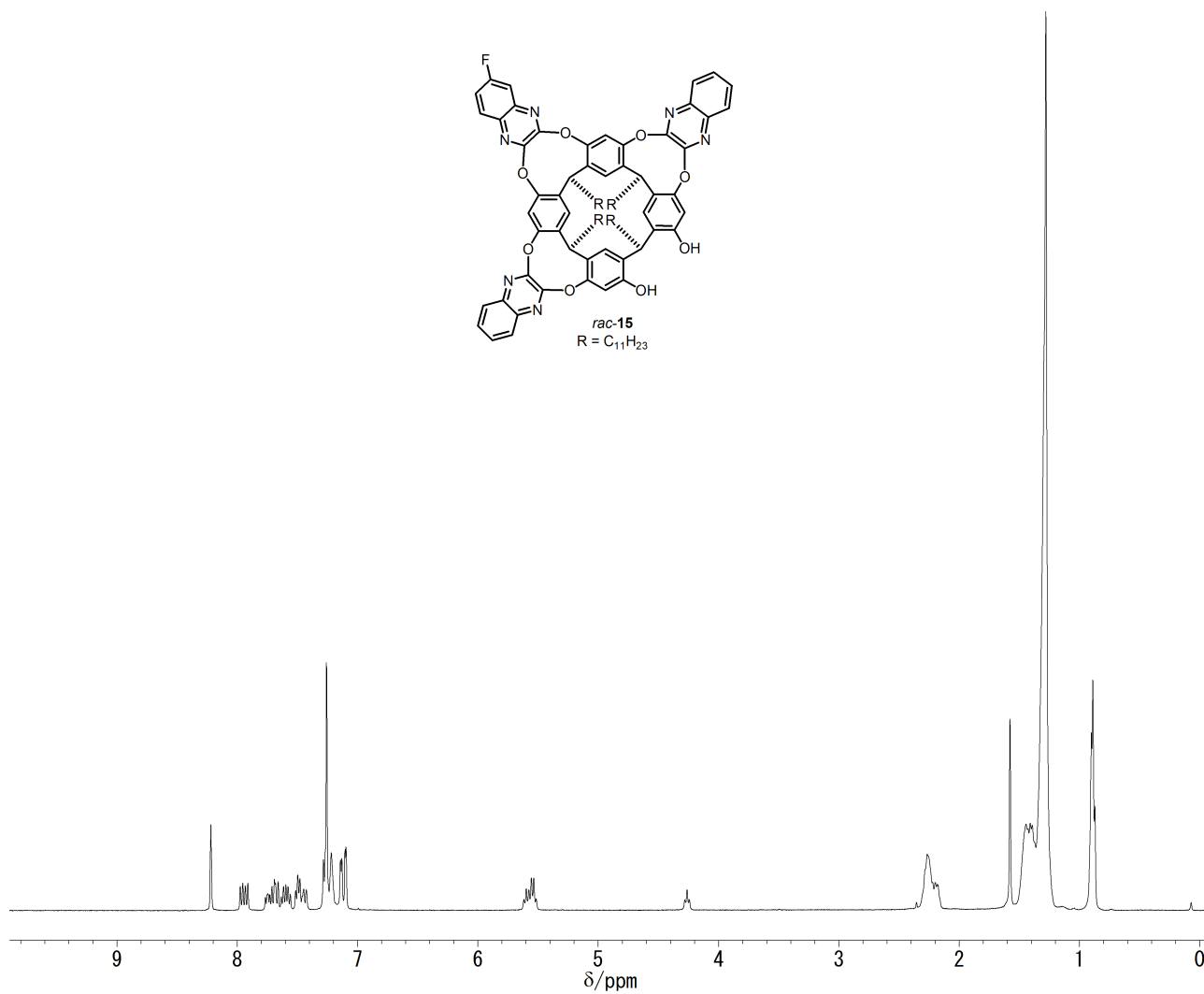
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**14**.



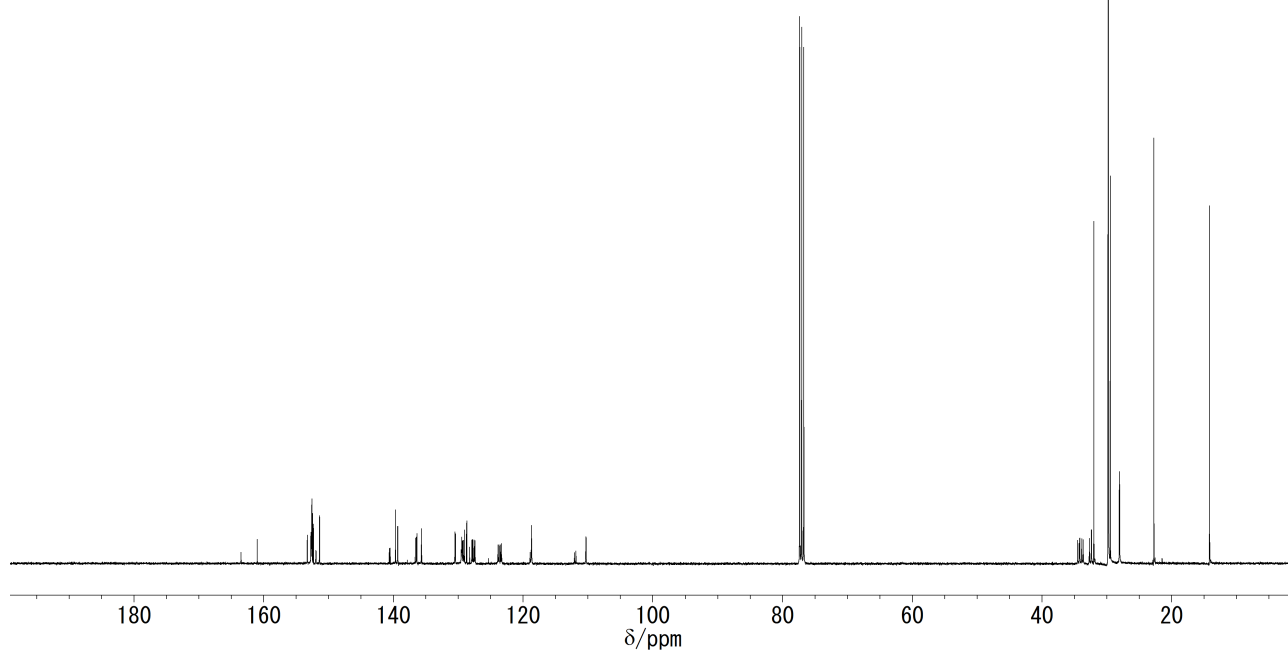
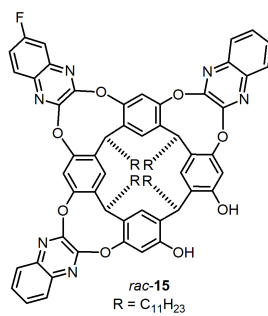
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**14**.



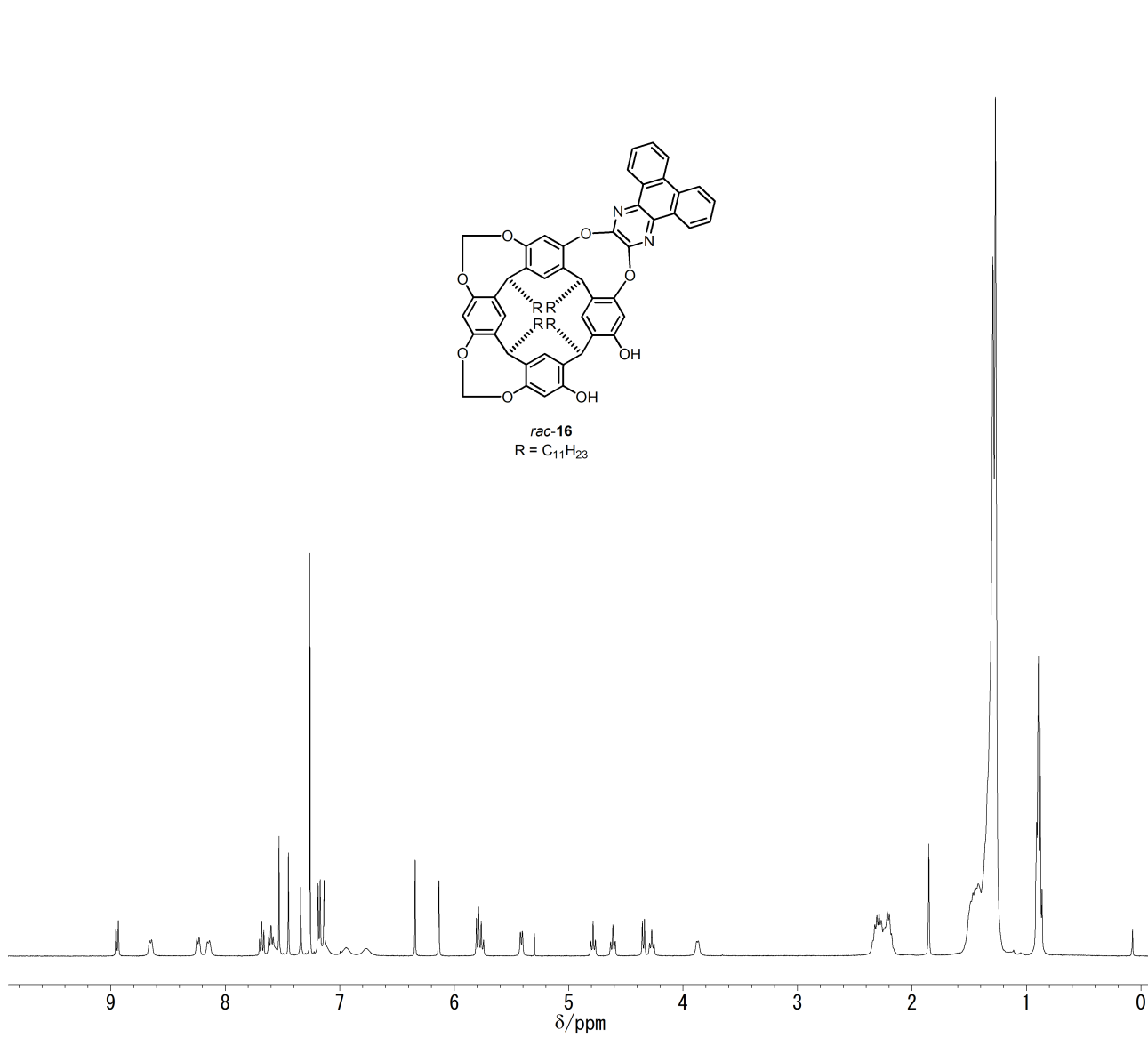
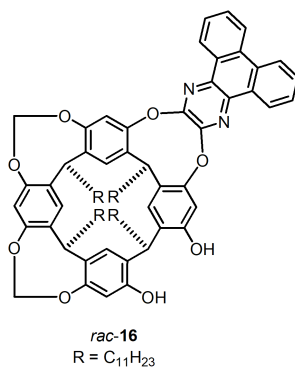
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**15**.



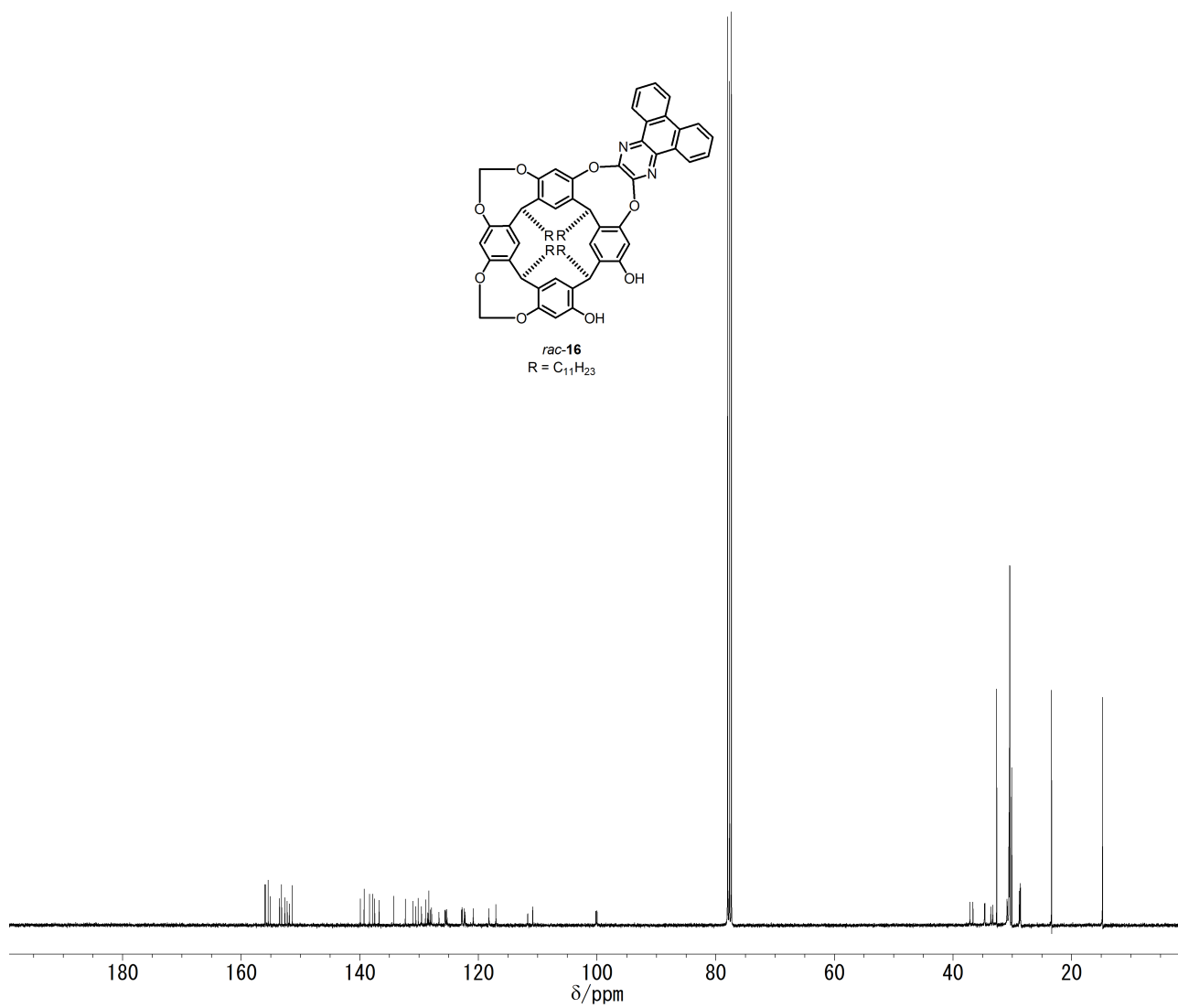
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**15**.



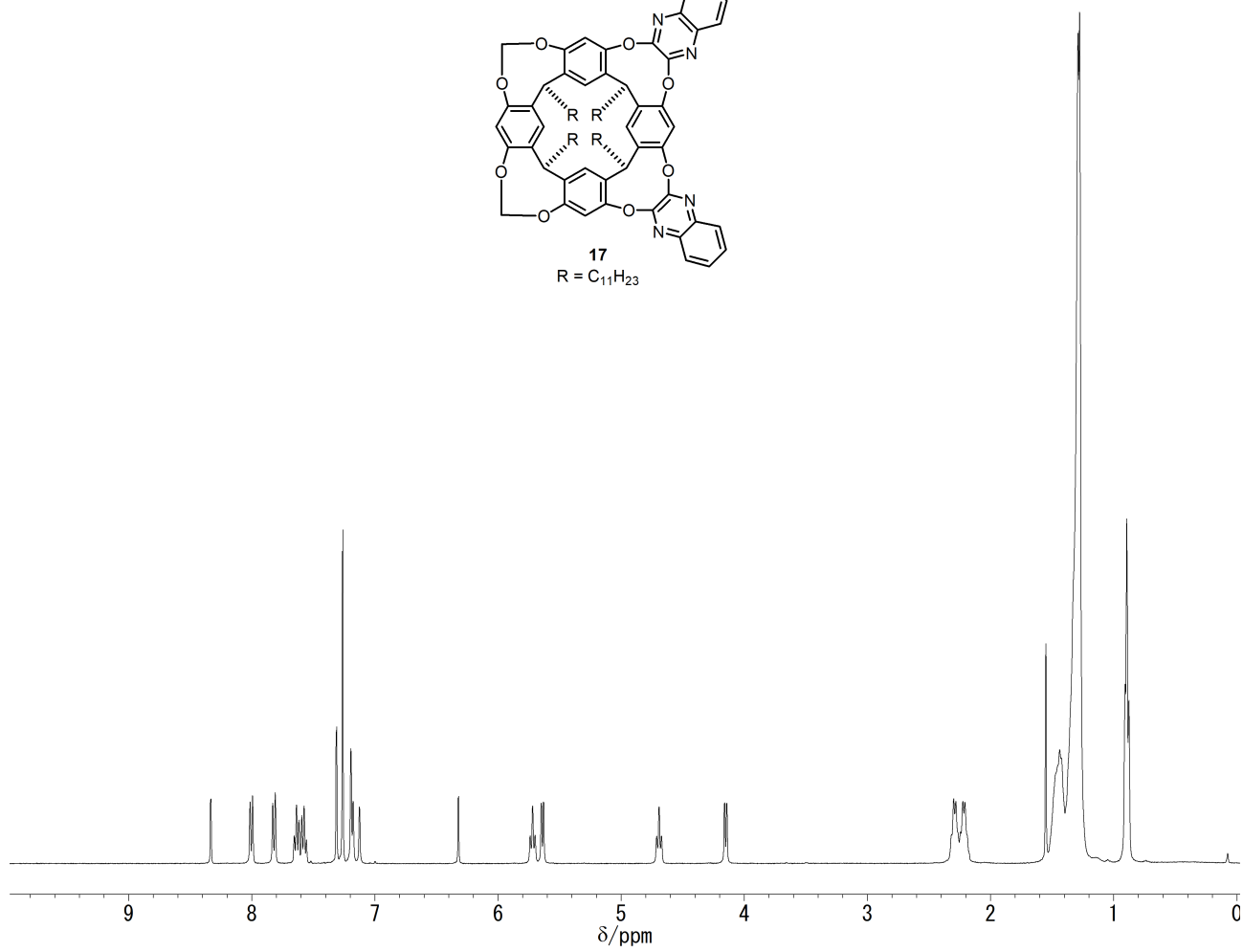
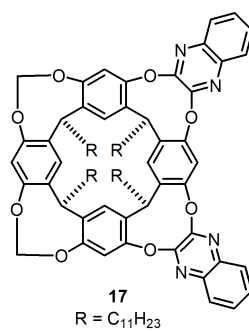
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**16**.



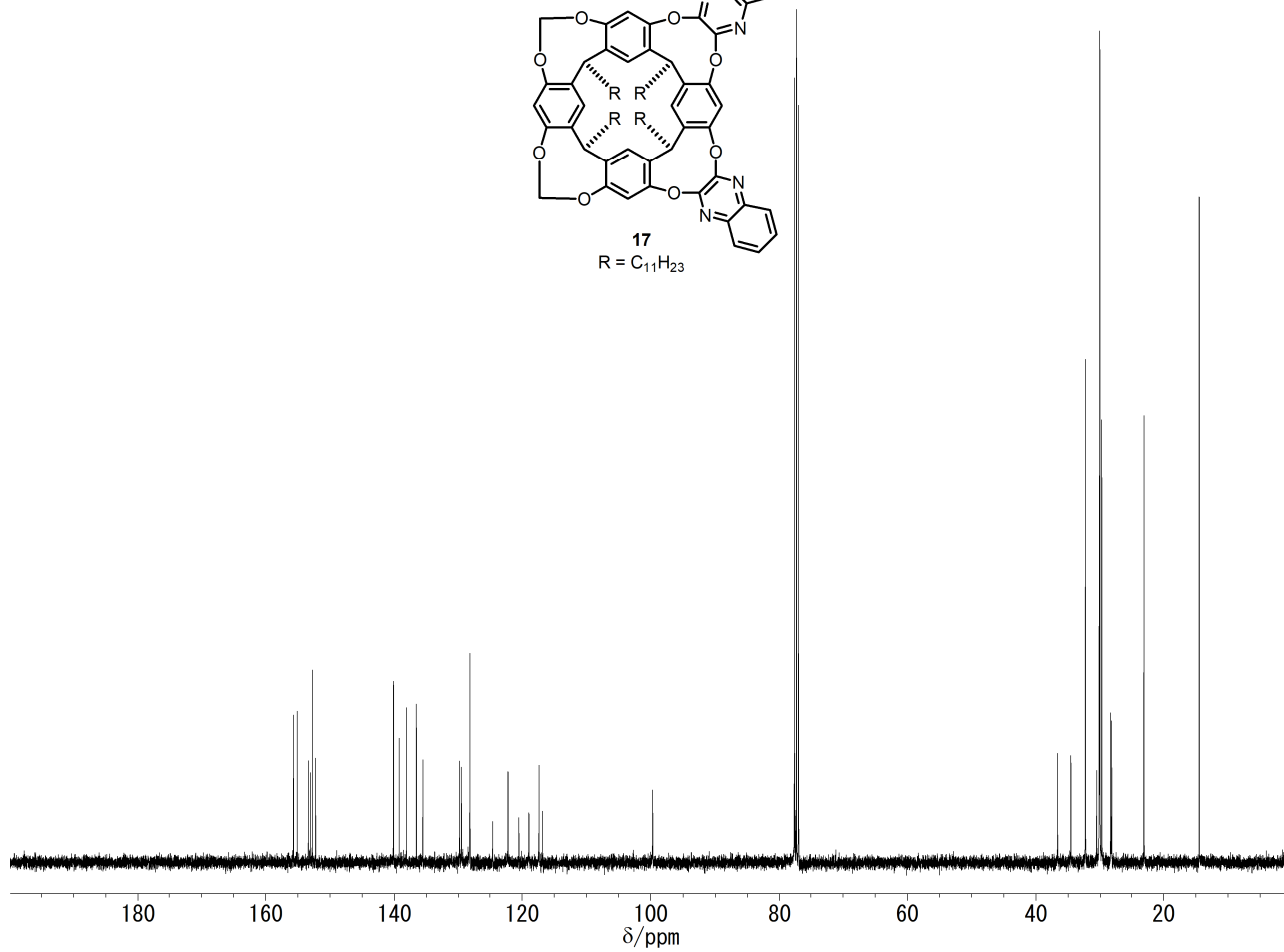
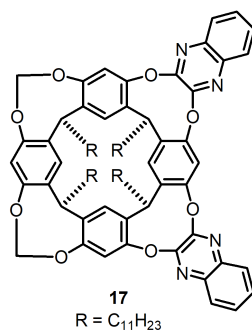
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**16**.



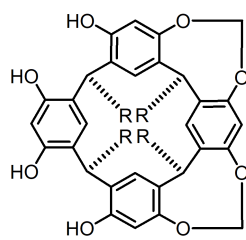
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for **17**.



^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for **17**.

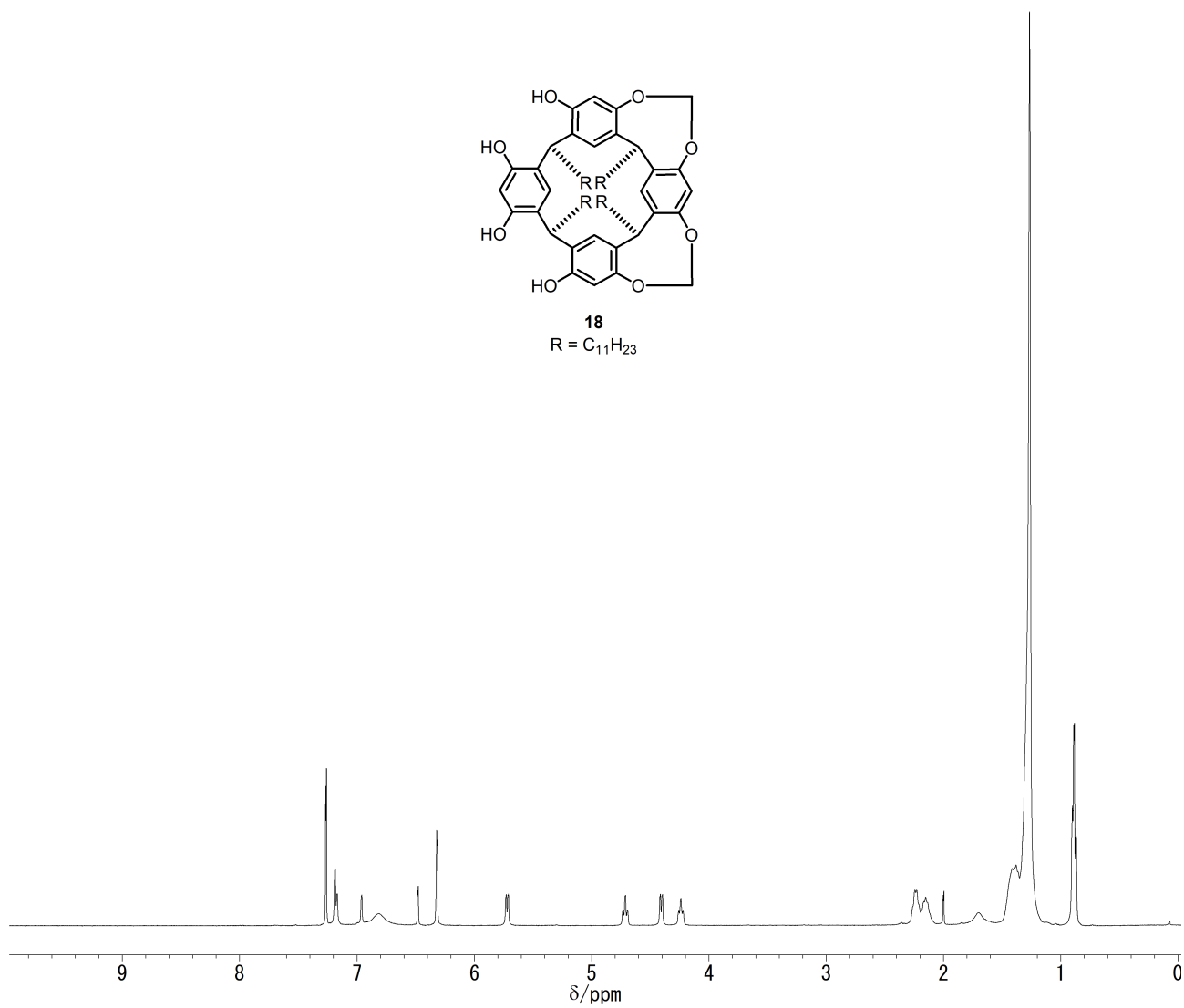


^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for **18**.

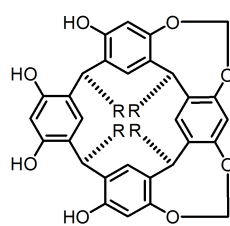


18

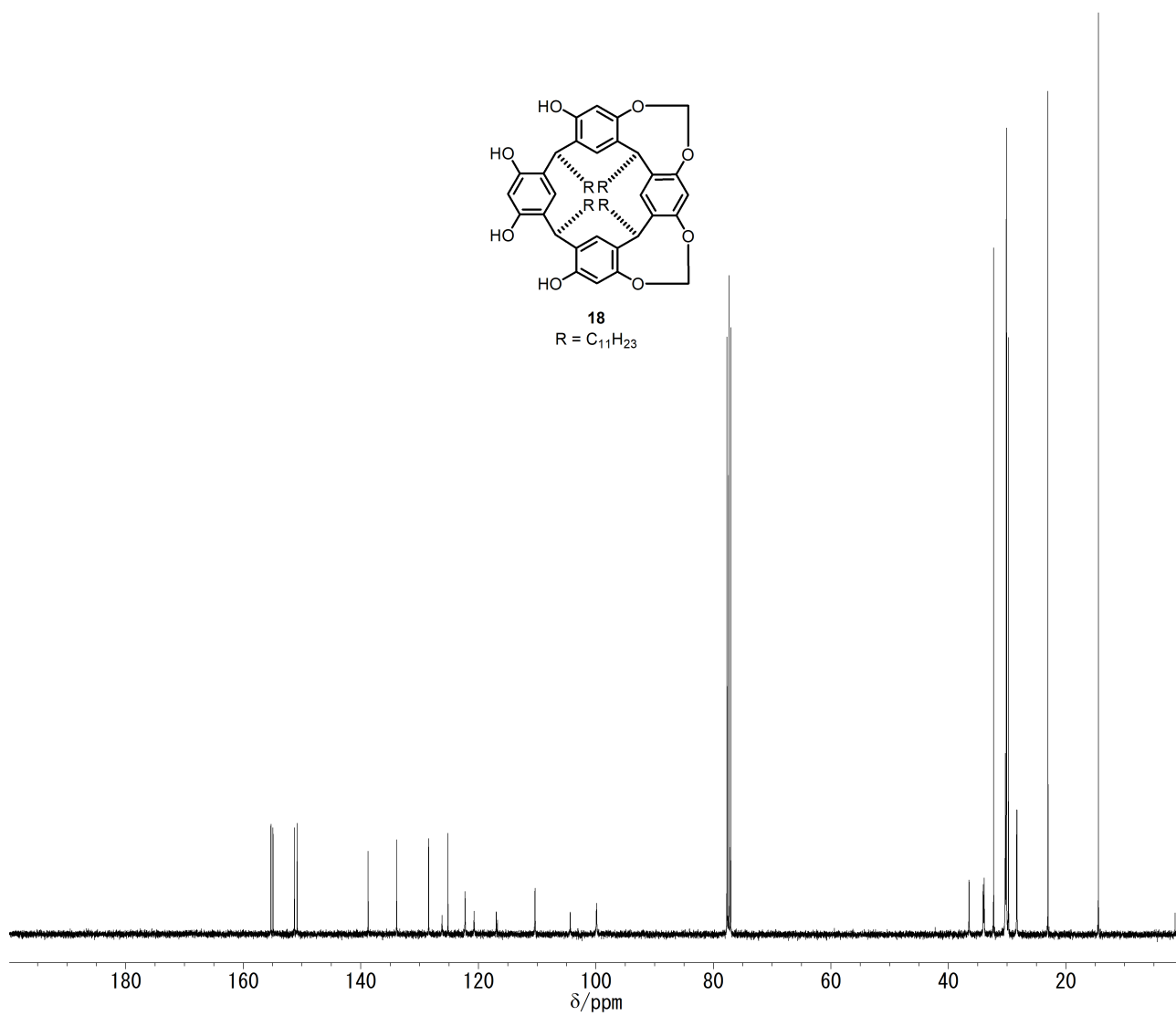
$\text{R} = \text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{23}$



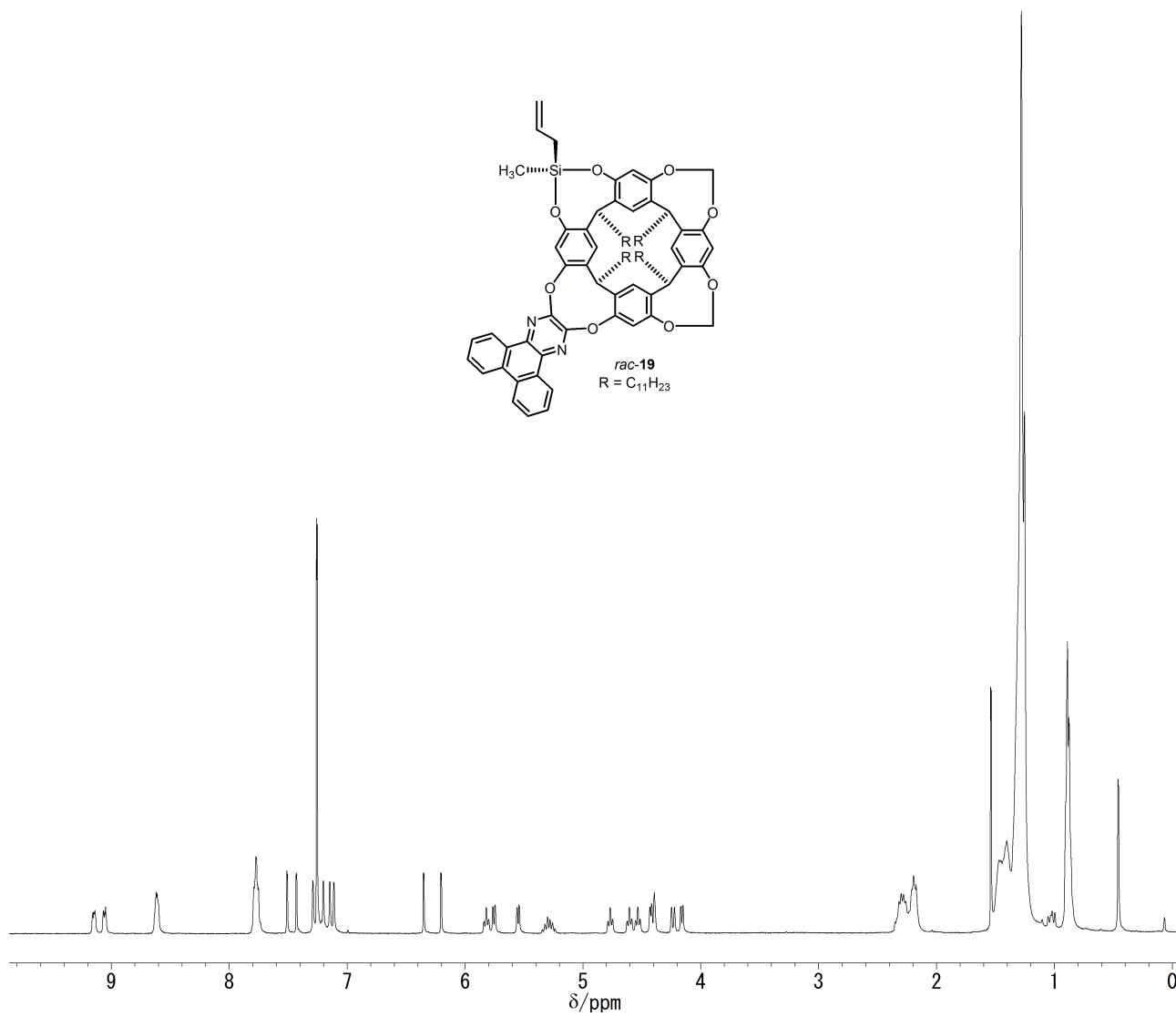
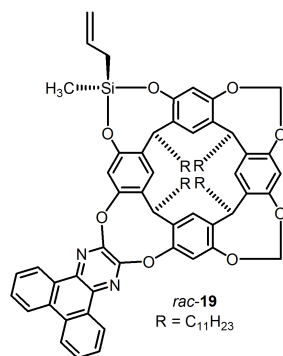
^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for **18**.



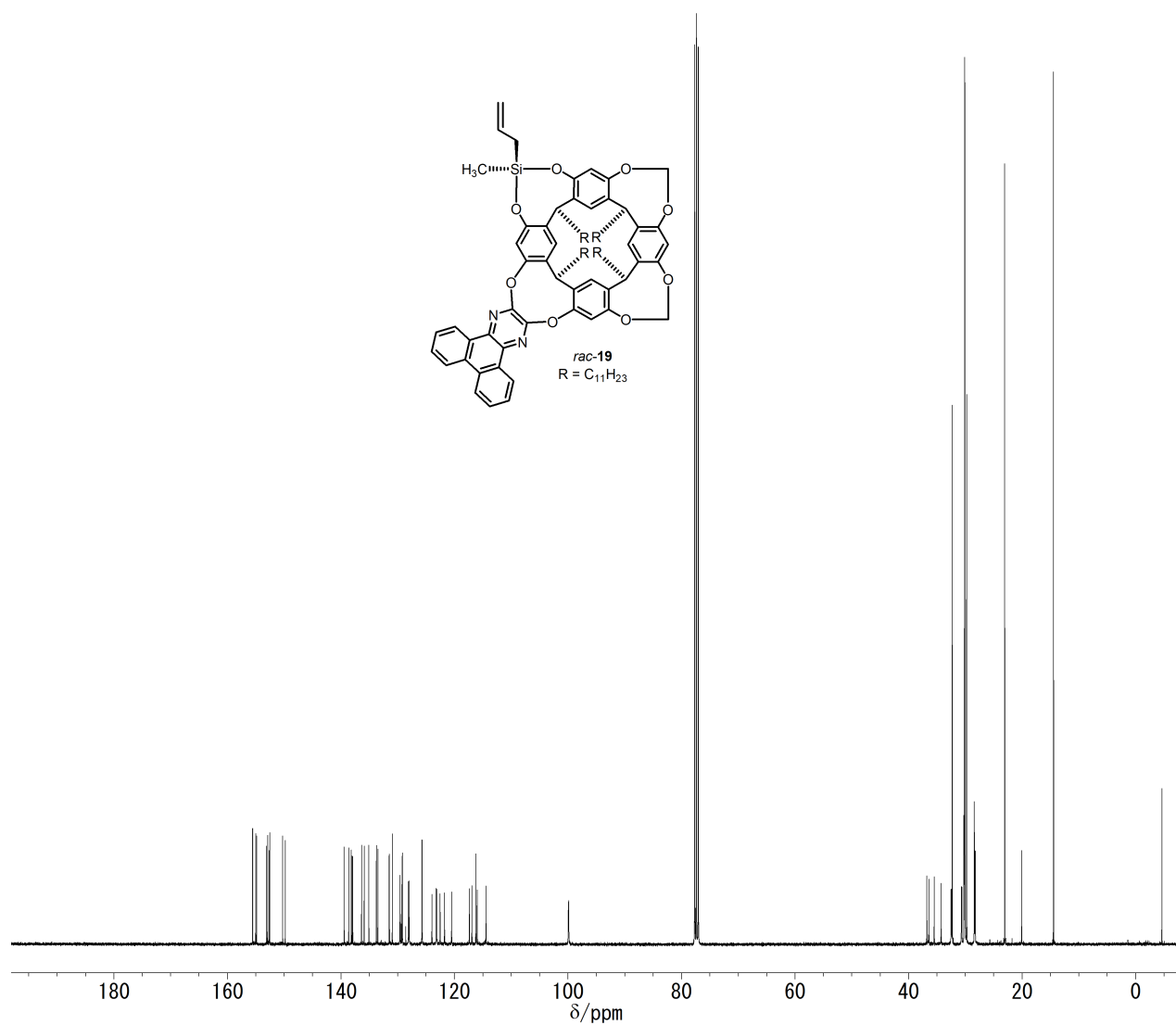
18
 $\text{R} = \text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{23}$



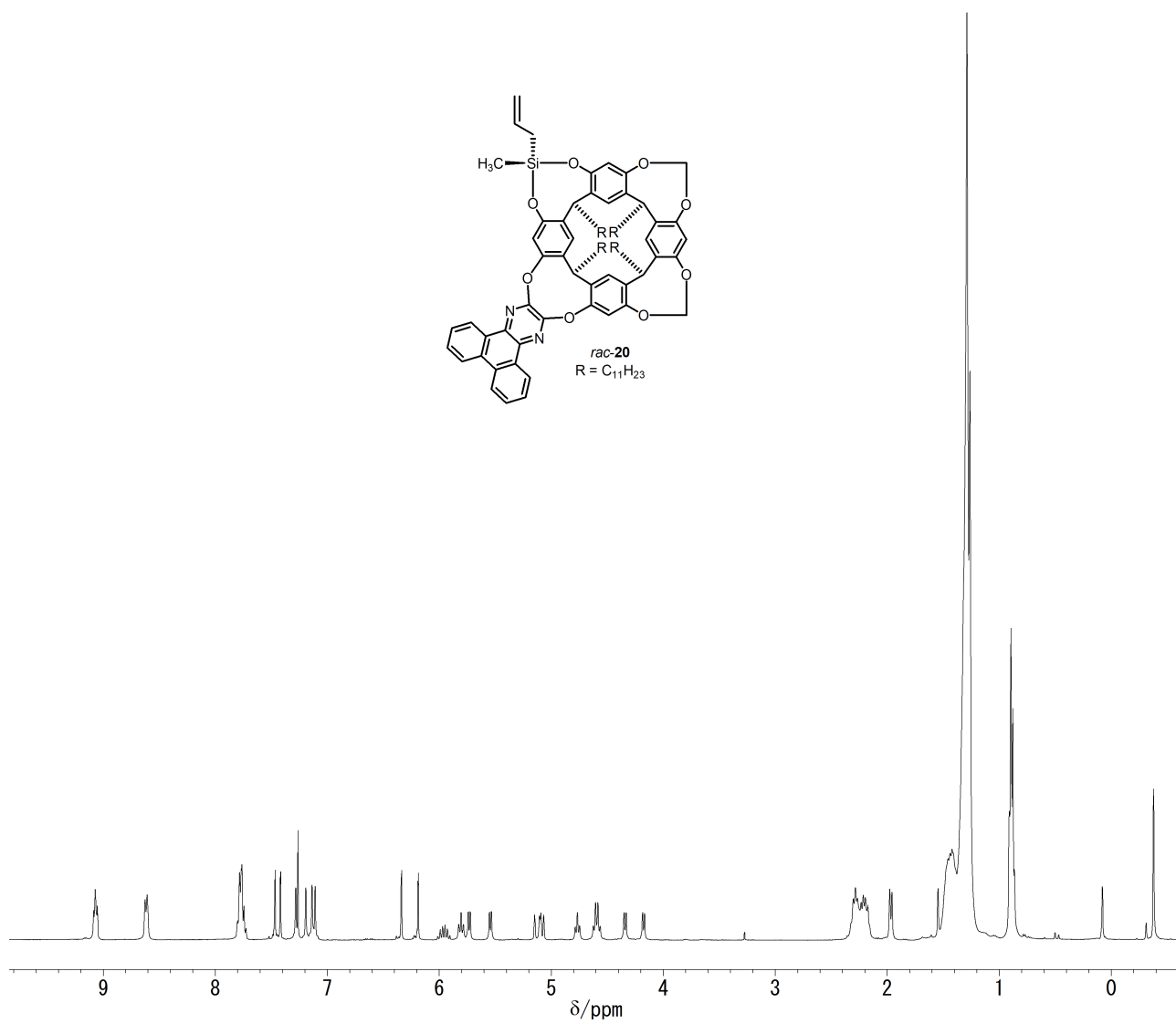
^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**19**.



^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**19**.



^1H NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**20**.



^{13}C NMR spectrum in CDCl_3 for *rac*-**20**.

